1877.

# BARR & SUGDEN'S

**AUTUMNAL** 

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE

OI

# BULBS AND PLANTS

FOR

WINTER, SPRING, AND SUMMER FLOWERING.



SEED BULB&PLANT WAREHOUSE

# BARR & SUGDEN,

12, KING STREET, COVENT GARDEN, LONDON, W.C.

"A useful guide for the amateur in the selection of bulbs for the adornment of the conservatory and sitting-room in winter, and the flower garden in spring."

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I. This season the Royal Horticultural Society awarded to us the following Medals:—

April. Large Gilt Silver Floral Medal for a large Collection of Daffodils, specifically named.

Silver Banksian Medal for Plant Cases furnished with Plants.

Silver Banksian Medal for Window Decorations.

Commemorative Medals of Her Majesty's opening the Exhibition at South Kensington—viz.: Gold Banksian Medal for a large Collection of Daffodils, including the "Leeds' Seedlings." Silver Banksian Medal for Plant Cases furnished with Plants. May.

. . Bronze Banksian Medal for Window Decorations.

Silver Banksian Medal for a large Collection of Iris. June. Silver Banksian Medal for a Collection of Lilies.

Bronze Banksian Medal for a Collection of Double Pyrethrums.

At the Royal Botanic Society's Flower Show in March, being the great Metropolitan Exhibition of Hyacinths, &c., for 1877, we carried off all the first prizes in the open classes for early-flowering

First Prize for the best 12 Hyacinths.

for the best 12 pots of Tulips.
for the best 12 pots of Polyanthus Narcissus. for the largest and finest Collection of Hyacinths.

11. The bulbs quoted by us have been procured from the most experienced and best bulb growers in Holland, and arc what they term "sclected." See p. 6 for report on the flowering prospects of the

- III. By means of the extensive comparative trials which are annually conducted at our Experimental Grounds, we have been enabled to correct the nomenclature of hardy bulbs generally, and to detect synonymes, which are so misleading to amateurs. Amongst the subjects dealt with we may name the Lily, the Narcissus, the Scilla, the Iris, the Colchicum, and the Funkia. We have also grouped the Gladioli into colours, and rejected many inferior varieties of Hyacinths, Tulips, Polyanthus Narcissus, Crocus, &c. The fruit of this labour will be found distributed throughout the body of the Catalogue. The present issue contains much valuable information touching Lilies, Narcissus, and the Bearded Iris, of which we have given classified descriptive lists to assist amateurs in making selections. Our list represents almost every known Lily, and consists of representatives from China. selections. Our list represents almost every known Lily, and consists of representatives from China, Japan, the Himalayas, the Neilgherrles, Cashmere, California, Canada, the United States, British Columbia, the Caucasus, Siberia, the Pyrenees, the Maritime Alps, European Turkey, the Levant, &c.
- IV. Our Floral Albums (four volumes super-royal) contain above 5000 coloured plates of Bulbous and Tuberous-rooted Plants, Annuals, Perennials, Stove and Greenhouse Plants, Ferns and Foliage Plants.
  - V. These Albums are kept at our warehouse as books of reference for any of our customers who wish to consult them when in London.
- VI. We feel it unnecessary to make the customary announcement that we execute our orders promptly and well, as it is only by such means we can hope to secure the confidence and support of borticulturists at home and abroad.
- VII. Carriage is allowed on orders amounting to 21s, and upwards, to any principal Railway Station in England and Wales, to Edinburgh and Glasgow, and to any principal Station on the North British, Caledonian and Scottish Central Lines, and to Dublin and Belfast. Also to Cork and Waterford, if by steamboat from London, but only as far as Bristol if by railway, en route for Ireland. We prefer sending by rail, as it is more expeditious, and, therefore, unless otherwise instructed, we shall forward via Bristol.
- VIII. Carriage to be deducted at settlement in accordance with conditions, Par. VII. Formerly our custom was to pay carriage in London; but we were compelled to relinquish this practice, in consequence of our "Carriage Paid" packages not being delivered with the same promptitude as those not prepaid; and, also, on account of continual complaints from our customers that they also had to pay carriage before they could get the goods. We mention this as the reason why we abandoned a practice followed by us for so many years.

IX. Orders which are paid in advance, if in accordance with Par. VII., can either be sent carriage paid, or a liberal equivalent in goods added. This latter course will be adopted unless we are otherwise instructed.
X. No charge is made for packing or package, except in the case of Plants, Seed Potatoes, Asparagus, Seakale, and Rhubarb. A small charge is made in these cases for the mat, bamper, etc., and, if

returned within a fortnight, half-price will be allowed.

XI. Fruit and Forest Trees, Shrubs, Plants in Pots, Soils, Watson's Lawn Sand, Wirework, Plant Cases and Stands, Barr's New Heated Frames, Portable Cut Flower and Transmission Cases, Garden Engines and Water Barrows, Flower Boxes, Jardinets, and Terra-Cotta, Rustic, China, and Glass goods—on these we do not allow carriage, and the packages are charged.

XII. Five per cent. allowed on payments made within one month from date of invoice, and this deduction

is to be made from the amount by the remitter; or it may be claimed afterwards.

XIII. Post Office Orders to be made payable at King-street Post Office, Covent Garden, W.C. All cheques to be crossed, adding the words "and Co." Small amounts may be paid in Postage Stamps; when convenient, however, it is safer to take out a Post Office Order, the charge for which, if under 10s., is a penny.

# NOTICES TO FOREIGN AND COLONIAL CORRESPONDENTS.

XIV. To insure attention, orders must be accompanied by a remittance, a draft, or an "order to pay," on a London agent. The remittance must be sufficient to cover the expense of eases, and also of carriage, if the freight is required to be paid in advance. XV. Cases of seeds and bulbs can now be despatched to all parts of India, at the rate of Is., per lb.,

tbrough the Indian Parcels Post.

XVI. In shipping plants to India, great care is exercised by us in selecting, preparing, and properly packing the same, and our consignments bave, on the whole, been very successful. Still, there are so many contingencies, that we cannot, in any way, bold ourselves responsible for the condition in which the plants reach their destination.

XVII. Our successful shipments of seeds to India have induced several of the Agricultural and Horticultural Societies there to entrust us with the execution of their orders for distribution amongst the members.

[Barr and Sugden,

# NOVELTIES AND SPECIALITIES FOR 1877.

	cach—s. d.		each-s.	d.
	Agapanthus Mooreanus. See p. 35 Allium Neapolitanum and acuminatum.		Lilies, for Rhododendron Beds. See Nos. 1705, 1710, 1725 to 1731, 1732, 1783, 1738, 1739	
	See p. 35	8	Lilium speciosum cruentum; this richly	
	Amorphophallus Rivieri. See p. 35		coloured beautiful species was the first Lily sent from Japan to Europe. It has become	
	Anemone, Autumn-flowering. See Nos. 1810, 1311, and 1312		very scarce, if not entirely lost to English gardens. It is one of the most beautiful of	
	Anemones; new double, fulgens, stellata, apennina, etc. See p. 25		the whole family, and we have great plea- sure in taking this opportunity to offer re-	
	Begonias, tuberous-rooted varieties. See		introduced bulbs from Japan, which we	
1	p. 36  Brodiæa congesta alba, white		have had in our possession three years, and have flowered them twice3s. 6d. & 5	6
	" grandiflora and coccinea. Scep.36	9	Littonia modesta, a very distinct climbing	
	Calochortus. See p. 36		plant from Africa, with pretty campanulate yellow flowers, a good pot plant 1	_
	Colchicum speciosum rubrum double white,	10	Lachenalia quadricolor (true), very beautiful 1	6
	ctc. See p. 15. Crocus, Autumn-flowering species. See p. 15	-	Leuoojum vernum. See p. 16	Ü
	Cyclobothra. See p. 37		Miniature Daffodils. See Nos. 415, 416, 433, 436, 455, 459, 464, 470	
	Cyclamen, Autumn, Winter, and Spring- flowering. See p. 25		Milla hyacintha lacta, a new pretty Cali-	
	Daffodils, the "Leeds' Seedlings," to which		fornian Bulb. See p. 38 Narcissus Poeticus, March-flowering. See p. 11	
	the Gold Banksian Medal of the Royal Horticultural Society was awarded to us	111	Narcissus triandrus albus (new), flowers	
	on the 2nd May, 1877		creamy white, petals reflexed like a Cycla.	
	12 in 12 varieties		0 1	6
J	25 in 25 ,,		Noble Daffodils. See Nos. 420, 421, 430, 432, 439, 453	
	See p. 17	1	Now American Lilies. Sce Nos. 1661, 1702,	
	Eremurus robustus. See p. 37		1707, 1708, 1709, 1710, 1716, 1717, 1727,	
	Freesia Leichtlini. See p. 37		1728, 1731, 1732, 1733	
5	large flowers 3 6		New Japanese Lilies. See Nos. 1673, 1674, 1675, 1691, 1692, 1694, 1704, 1715, 1718, 1747, 1755, 1758, 1772, 1773, 1774, 1775,	
	Funkias, ornamental in slower and foliage.		1776 New Indian Lilies. See Nos. 1698, 1699, 1700	
	See p. 27		New European Lilies. See Nos. 1640, 1703,	
6	Giant Snowdrops. See p. 16 Gladiolus Dracocephalus, metallic green		1711, 1712, 1724, 1735	
	tipped maroon, with a lustre of antique bronze 2 6 Helleborus, a fine collection of the Christmas		New Bedding Pansy, Cliveden Beauty, rich violet blue, extremely floriferous, with a	
	Rose. See p. 28		little attention it continues decorative the whole Summer. See p. 40	
	Hyacinthus candicans, one of the most beau- tiful of Summer flowering bulbous plants.		New double Pyrethrums, the finest of May- flowering plants. See p. 41	
•	See p. 37 Iris lusitanica sordida, brown-violet, with		New English Iris. Scc p. 17	
•	conspicuous dazzling orange blotches I 6		Puschkinia libanotica and compacta. See	
	Iris Kæmpferi, new free-flowering varieties, certificated by the Royal Horticultural		Scilla bifolia rubra and sibirica. See p. 16	
	Society. See p. 19		Sparaxis pulcherrima, the most graceful	
	Iris, new English varieties. See p. 17		and beautiful of plants. See p. 38	
	Iris susiana major. See p. 22	10	Triteleia laxa and Murrayana. See p. 17 Tulipa Greigii, dazzling orange-scarlet, leaves	
	Iris reticulata and Krelagei, for early flowering in pots. See p. 18	1 .	spotted like Orchis maculata 25. 6d. & 3	6
	Iris violacea, tectorum and sanguinea.		Tulips, with variegated foliage. See p. 14 The large Spanish Wood Hyacinth (Scilla	
	See p. 22  Iris, Winter-flowering. See Nos. 855, 857, 1089		campanulata maxima). See p. 26	
	Kniphofia Macowanii. Sce p. 37		Variegated foliaged Lily of the Valley. See p.	27

12, King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.

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COVENT GARDEN COLLECTIONS FOR THE CONSERVATORY, SITTING-ROOM, Etc., Consisting of Winter and Spring Blooming Bulbs.

In the Collections 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10, the varieties are more choice than in 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.

•		FINE (	COLLEG	CTIONS.		EXTRA FINE COLLECTIONS.				
* • •	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9	10.
	£4 45.	£3 35.	£2 25.	£I IS.	10s,6d.	£5 55.	£4 45.	£3 35.	£1 10s.	155.6d.
Hyacinths, in named varieties	50	40	30	15		50	40	30	15	
Polyanthus Narcissus ,, ,,	30	20	15	10	덩	30	24	18	10	Ó
Tulips, named varieties	100	70	50	24		100	70	50	24	0
Jonquils, sweet scented	30	24	18	12	٠ <u>٠</u>	30	24	18	12	٠ <u>٠</u>
Ixias, mixed varieties	24	12	9	6	> 4	24	18 "	12	* 6	200
Sparaxis ,, ',,	24	12	9	6	tity	24	18	12	6	-77 2
Tritonias ,, ,,	24	12	9	6	quan	24	18	12	6	quan
Babianas ,, ,,	24	12	9	6	라당	24	18	12	6	8.3
Seedling Crocus, named varieties	200	150	100	50	the	200	150	100	50	the
Snowdrops, large	200	150	100	50		200	150	100	50	
Scilla Sibirica, the richest blue	50	40	25	12	Half	50	40	30	15	Half
Cyclamen Persicum, charming	6	4	3	2	Ï	6	4	4	2	Ħ
Triteleia uniflora (Milla), fragrant	20	18	12	12		20	18	18	12	

POPULAR COLLECTIONS FOR THE CONSERVATORY. SITTING-ROOM, Etc., Arranged for those who prefer simply a few sorts of easily cultivated Winter and Spring flowering bulbs.

In the Collections 16, 17, 18, 19, and 20, the varieties are more choice than in 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15.

		FINE COLLECTIONS.					Extra fine Collections.					
	11. £4 4s.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19. £1 10s.	20.		
Hyacinths, in named varieties	75	60	40	20	10	75	60	40	20	10		
Polyanthus Narcissus ,, ,,	40	30	20	15	8	40	30	20	15	8		
Tulips ,, ,,	150	100	70	40	20	150	100	70	40	20		
Jonquils, sweet scented	50	30	20	12	6	50	30	20	12	6		
Scilla Sibirica	50	30	20	12	6	50	30	20	12	. 6		
Triteleia unifiora (Milla)	50	30	20	12	6	50	30	20	, 12	6		

#### PAXTONIAN COLLECTIONS FOR THE FLOWER GARDEN, Best adapted for out door decoration in Spring.

In the Collections 21, 22, 23, 24, and 25, the Hyacinthi, Polyanthus Narcinus, Tulips, Crocus, Animones, Ranunculus, and Croton Imperials—each will be sent in mixed colours. In the Collections 26, 27, 28, 29, and 30, these bulbs will be more select, and sent in separate colours.

		FINE COLLECTIONS.					EXTRA FINE COLLECTIONS.				
	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	80.	
	£4 45.	£3 35.	£2 25.	£I IS.	10s.6d.	£5 55.	£4 45.	€2 155.	£I IOS.	15s.6d.	
Hyacinths, in various colours	100	75	50	25	12	100	75	50	25	12	
Polyanthus Narcissus ,, ,,	30	20	12	6	3	30	20	12	6	3	
Narcissus Species ,,	100	75	50	30	12	100	75	50	30	12	
Tulips, various colours	300	200	150	100	50	300	200	150	100	50	
Crocus ,, ,,	500	400	200	100	50	500	400	200	100	50	
Anemones ,, ,,	200	100	75	50	25	200	100	75	50	25	
Ranunculus , , ,	200	150	100	50	25	200	150	100	50	25	
Snowdrops	300	200	150	100	50	300	200	150	100	50	
Crown Imperials, various colours	9	9	6			9	9	6	3	1	
Scilla Sibirica, the richest blue	30	20	15	6	3	30	25	20	12	6	
Triteleia uniflora (Milla), fragrant	30	20	12	12	3 6	30	20	20	12	6	

# CLIVEDEN COLLECTIONS FOR NATURALIZATION IN WOODLAND WALKS, AND SEMI-WILD SITUATIONS.

in the Collections 31, 32, 33, 34, and 35, the Nardissus, Gladiolus, Crocus, Stillas, Muscari, and Lilles, will each be sent in mixed colours; 36, 37, 38, 39, and 40, will be sent in separate colours:

		FINE (	Collec	TIONS.		Ex	Extra fine Collections.				
	31.	32.	33.	84.	35.	36.	87.	38.	89.	40.	
	f.4 45.	£3 35.	£2 25.	£1 15.	10s.6d.	£5 55.	£4 45.	£3 35.	£I IOS.	15s.6d.	
Narcissus, mixed varieties	300	200	150	70	30	300	200	150	70	30	
Bulbocodium vernum	30	20	15	10	6	30	20	15	10	6	
Winter Aconites, yellow	300	200	150	80	40	300	200	150	80	40	
Gladioli, mixed varieties	100	75	50	30	20	100	75	50	30	20	
Crocus ,, ,,	500	400	300	150	75	500	400	300	150	75	
Scillas ,, ,,	300	200	150	100	50	300	200	150	100	50	
Muscari, blue	100	75	50	20	10	100	75	50	20	10	
Dog's-Tooth Violets, purple	100	75	50	20	10	100	75	50	20	10	
Lilies, mixed varieties	30	20	15	10	6	30	20	15	10	6	
Triteleia	200	150	100	50	30	200	150	100	50	30	
Sternbergia & Zephyranthes candida	50	40	30	15	8	50	40	30	15	8	
Crown Imperials	20	16	12	6	3	20	16	12	6	3	

Any of our customers having a preference to relections of bulbs as offered by other London houses—whether advertised in catalogues, fails papers, or other periodicals—the same may be had from us at the prices and terms of the advertisers.

<sup>12,</sup> King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.]

In giving Orders, it will be sufficient to quote the Marginal Numbers, and as these are annually changed the date of the Catalogue should invariably be given, otherwise the order will be executed from the current year's Catalogue Numbers.

# HYACINTHS.

In April, our Mr. Barr paid his annual Easter visit to the Bulb farms in Holland to inspect the crops; and, notwithstanding the unusual Winter rainfall, the Hyacinths promised a good average yield; and had the weather continued favourable the quality would doubtless have been a good average. The severe frosts in May, however, made the growers very despondent; but since lifting the Hyacinths they find the bulbs superior to what they anticipated, and now take a very sanguine view of a good blooming season. We, however, feel it our duty to suggest that, as the prices of Hyacinths are this season very moderate, an extra quantity should be planted, lest failures be above an average.

# HYACINTHS FOR BEDDING, IN DISTINCT COLOURS.

These are the best varieties for lines, ribbons, beds, or groups of distinct colours; also for filling rustic baskets, flower boxes, and vases.

The varieties with a \* are single. Those with a + are double, or semi-double.

OUR OWN SELECTIONS.			
£ e, d.	£ 8.	d.	
175 100 in 12 distinct beautiful varieties 1 10 0   177 24 in 12 distinct beautiful varieties			
176 50 in 12 ditto 0 15 6 178 12 in 12 ditto	0 4	1 6	
RED.			
per doz,—s, d, per d	08	a. d.	
179 +Bright Red, very floriferous 4 0   181 *Bright Scarlet, fine truss		1 0	
180 +Salmon-Rose, fine truss 4 0 182 *Pink, compact truss		1 0	
		, ,	
BLUE.			
183 *Dark Porcelain, full truss 4 o 185 †Clear Blue, good truss	4	1 0	j
184 *Rich Purple, large truss		1 0	į
WHITE.			
187 +Pure White, large truss		4 0	
188 †White, tinged rose, large truss			
	***	, 0	
YELLOW. MAUVE.			
191 *Canary Yellow 4 o   192 *Mauve, an exceedingly effective colour	4	0	
HYACINTHS IN MIXED SHADES FOR FLOWER BEDS AND BORDERS.			
per 100. per doz. per 100.		doz.	
193 †Red, in various shades			
194 †Blue, ditto 22/6 3/ 197 *Blue, ditto 23/6		3/	1
195 †White, ditto 22/6 3/   198 *White, ditto 22/6		3/	
DOMDON OF MINIATURE UVACINTUS			

#### POMPON OR MINIATURE HYACINTHS.

These produce neat spikes of bloom, and may be grown in small glasses, small fancy pots, or in masses six to twelve in old china bowls, crystal dishes, jardinets, and other clegant contrivances suitable for the drawing-room, and they may be associated with Scilla sibirica, Crocus, Snowdrops, Tulips, Dwarf Narcissus, Iris Persica, and I. Reticulata, also with any other early flowering bulbs of dwarf growth. In these contrivances they will be found to succeed best planted in "our Prepared Cocoa Fibre and Charcoal" (seep. 46), the surface being covered with fresh green carpet moss.
In small flower beds, and children's gardens, these Hyacinths and the other classes of bulbs specified above

should be freely planted.

Should be freely planted.		
OUR OWN SELECTIONS.		
s, $d$ ,	8.	d.
199 6 each of 12 pretty varieties		6
200 3 ,, , ,	00 21	0
201 2 ,, ,,		0
RED.	50	_
		,
tach-s, G,	each-s.	a.
205 Achilles, soft scarlet o 5   207 Juno, brilliant red	0	4
206 Delos, rich carmine 0 5 208 Parnassus, rose, pink striped	0	5
BLUE.		•
209 Artemis, deep blue, white centre 0 4 211 Orpheus, purple-lilac	0	
210 Ida, dark porcelain o 5 212 Queen of Lilacs, beautiful lilac-blue	0	. 7
WHITE.		-
213 Adonis, white, rose shaded 0 4   215 Medusa, pure white	0	) 4
214 Hera, rose-white o 5 216 Vesta, snow white	0	5
YELLOW.		•
217 Apollo, pure yellow o 5   218 Minos, apricot colour	c	5
DIVINE VIVIER DAMEN WILLIAM FOR BURLY FORGING		

# DWARF WHITE ROMAN HYACINTHS FOR EARLY FORCING.

- 219 The Roman Hyacinth is valued for its pure white sweet-scented flowers and extreme earliness, flowering in October, November, and December. Plant in succession during August, September, and October, and when the bulbs are well rooted, force gently, and give water freely. 19/6 p. 100; 2/9 p. doz.; 3d. each.

  The beautiful Paper White Narcissus (No. 521), with its snow-white fragrant flowers, if treated as recommended for the White Roman Hyscinth, blooms at the same time, and is equally valuable as a cut

DWARF BLUE PARISIAN (ROMAN) HYACINTHS.

220 Th se do not flower quite so early as the White Roman. 10s. 6d. per 100; 1s. 6d. per dozen; 3d. each. [Barr and Sugden,

S. 0.

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# HYACINTHS.

FOR POT CULTURE, GLASSES AND JARDINETS,

The \* indicates the varieties for carly forcing and conscrvatory decoration, also the best for growing

in glasses, jardinets, and other elegant contrivances.

Immediately after potting the Hyacinth, which may be done from September to December, place the pots out of doors on a bed of ashes, and cover with six inches of the same material or of cocoa fibre; there let them remain till the pots are full of roots, which is usually six to eight weeks from the time of potting. To secure a succession of flowers, remove a portion of the Hyacinths from under the covering say once a fortnight, but if very early flowers are required force gently, giving abundance of water at the roots. If large fincly developed trusses and rieb colours are desired, in preference to very early flowers, the Hyacinth must not be forced, but the pots, when removed indoors, should be placed on the shelf of a greenhouse, in a sitting-room window, or in a cold frame, close to the glass, always in the most genial and sunniest situation at command, and the plants allowed there to develope their flowers gradually and naturally, giving water regularly and freely, as failures, for the most part, arise from allowing the soil to become dry, and the rootlets in consequence get injured. Abundance of air should be given, but a dry atmosphere and a draughty situation are to be carefully avoided.

If the Hyacinth is cultivated in glasses the base of the bulb should just touch the water, and a little chareonl placed in the glass to keep the water sweet. We, however, prefer filling the glasses with prepared Coeoa Fibre and Charcoal (see p. 46). The glasses, if possible, should be kept in a room without a fire, or better still in a greenbouse, and always in the sunniest situation at command till the flower spike is developed, when the

glasses may be placed where the flowers are desired.

When the Hyacinth is cultivated in jardinets, associated with other early-flowering bulbs, such as Seillas, Tulips, Snowdrops, Crocus, Narcissus, &c., our prepared "Cocoa Fibre and Charcoal" should invariably be

used (see p. 46), taking care that it is kept moist and the surface covered with green earpet moss.

The † denotes the double varieties. These, with very few exceptions, are unsuitable for growing in glasses, and jardinets, or for foreing. Those we offer are, however, the very best of the doubles, and we recommend them

for pot culture, but not to be forced.

The "ex" indicates the varieties which produce the finest flowers, and cultivators of the Hyacinth for

exhibition would do well to select from those.

The two Premier Prizes for Ilyacinths were awarded to us by the Royal Botanic Society at their Exhibition of last March.

The superiority of single over double Hyacinths may be best estimated by a visit to the Metropolitan and

Provincial Hyacinth Exhibitions, where the proportion shown of single to double flowers is about fifty to one.

If any of the under-mentioned "Selections" are chosen, and it is stated they are for glasses, jardinets, or exhibition, single kinds will be sent. If not specified, the selection will include a proportion of double varieties. OUR OWN SELECTIONS FROM THE FOLLOWING SPLENDID NAMED HYACINTHS. Which embrace only such as have proved to be the most worthy of cultivation; the bulbs are all care-

fully selected for us by the best and most experienced Dutch growers. - See Note on Hyacinth Crop, p. 6. s. d.

õ 25 extra fine varieties of Hyacinths 100 extra choice exhibition Hyacinths... 6 0 II 222 228 50 ,, 12 .. 10/6 & . . . . . . 3 ٥ 223 25 ., 25/ & 229 100 very fine, in 50 varieties I 15 0 o 224 ., 15/ & 230 12 50 ,, I 0 25 ,, 1 15 ,, 225 100 extra fine varieties of Hyacinths ... 231 25 ,, 25 0 17 ,, ,, 1) б 7/6 & 226 232 12 o 12 ..... 0 9 THE SOFTER AND MORE DELICATE SHADES OF RED, SUCH AS ROSE, ROSE-PINK, BLUSH, Etc. each-s. +Alida Catherina, rose, fine truss..... 246 \*Madame Goldschmidt, salmon-rose, striped 6 pink, large compact truss, ex.
\*Madame Ristori, delicate rose-pink, shaded +Bouquet Royal, blush rose, with pink eye, 3 long handsome truss, ex. ...... 8 235 carmine, handsome truss, ex. ..... 9 236 248 \*Mons. de Fæsch, delicate pink, fine truss, ex. o 249 +Noble par Merite, flesh, shaded pink, large compact handsome truss, ex. ..... 8 \*Emmeline, rose, splendid truss, ex.

\*Fabiola, pale pink, striped carmine, large bells and large spike, ex.

+Grootvorst, blush, large compact truss, ex. 8 bells, compact truss, ex. ..... 2 o 250 \*Norma, satin-rose, handsome, ex...... a 8 251 †Prince of Orange, light red, fine truss ... 252 \*Princess Charlotte, beautiful rose-pink, 3 240 Giganteus, blush, large compact truss, ex. large compact truss, ex. ..... 241 \*Lady Palmerston, rose, large truss, ex.... 253 \*Princess Helena, beautiful rose-pink, large o 242 †Lady Wellington, rose, with purple eye... 243 \*L'Ornement de la Nature, delicate rose, compact truss, ex. ..... 9 254 †Susanna Maria, bright rose-pink, fine striped pink, large truss, ex.....\*La Prophete, rose-pink, striped carmine, 0 pink, handsome truss, ex. ..... handsome truss, ex..... 3 o 256 \*Tubæflorus, blush, striped pink, immense 245 \*Lord Wellington, blush, striped light carmine, large bells, fine truss, ex. ..... O Q bells, handsome truss, ex. ..... Q

	THE RICHER AND DEEPER SHADES	OP'	RE	D, SUCH AS CARMINE, CRIMSON, SCARLET.	
	L	KE	, Pl	INK, Etc.	
257	*Amy, scarlet, handsome truss, ex	0	6	266 *Howard, rich scarlet, handsome, ex 2	6
258	*Appelius, light crimson, fine, ex	0	9	267 *Josephine, scarlet, changing to orange I	3
259	*Beauty of Waltham, carmine, white			268 +Koh.1-noor, bright salmon-pink, large	
	centre (new), ex	4	6	truss, model form, semi-double, ex 4	0
260	*Belle Quirine, blush, striped pink, fine	o	6	269 *L'Ami du Cœur, bright pink o	6
261	+Bouquet Tendre (Waterloo), pink, chang-		113	270 *La Dame du Lac, rose-pink, fine truss, ex. o	9
	ing to deep red, very floriferous		8	271 *L'Etincellant, very bright crimson-scarlet,	
262	*Duchess of Richmond, salmon, striped			large compact truss, cx	0
	pink, very fine truss, ex	0	9	272 *La Fiancée Royale, rose, large truss, ex. 1	
263	+Frederick the Great, semi-double, bright			273 *Lina, bright crimson, full truss, ex I	6
	42.1 £ £ £		_	ONA ST and Biogeniles	

pink, fine full truss, ex. 274 \*Lord Macaulay, carmine, changing to \*Garibaldi, bright scarlet, large splendid vivid crimson-scarlet, large truss, ex.... 275 \*Linnæus, bright orange-red, fine spike, ex. 0 3 276 \*Miss Nightingale, orange - red, large

handsome truss, ex. I truss, ex. ..... 12, King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.]

077	*Mr. Robert Steiger, rich carmine, large	<b>—</b> s.	d.	287 *Oueen o	Hyacinths, rich crimson, large	r. d	1.
	compact truss, ex	0	8	truss, e:	·	1 (	0
278	*Mrs. Beecher Stowe, rosy red, large splen- did truss, ex.	I	0		able, carmine-pink, large truss, ex. y Havelock, salmon-pink, striped	I	0
	*Mrs. Hodson, pink-carmine, fine truss, ex.	0	8	carmin 290 #Solfater	e, large fine truss, ex	I	0
281	*Pelissier, crimson-scarlet, large, ex *Prima Donna, carmine, fine bells, and	~		large co	mpact truss, ex	1	0
282	*Prince Albert Victor, beautiful crimson-	2	0		Spectabilis, beautiful rose, fine	0 1	0
	scarlet, large truss (new), ex	3	6	292 *Victor I	Immanuel, light carmine-scarlet, uss, ex.		0
283	*Princess Clothilde, pink, striped carmine, large handsome truss, ex.	I	3	293 *Victoria	Alexandrina, intense crimson,	•	
284	+Princess Royal, rose-pink, scarlet centre, large bells, compact truss, ex	0	8	large he 294 *Von Sch	indsome truss, ex iller, deep salmon-pink, large com-	0	8
285	*Prosper Alpinus, brilliant scarlet, compact			pact tri	rss, ex	I	3
286	*Queen Victoria, bright pink, large hand-	I	0	truss, n	ak, crimson-scarlet, large full ew and beautiful, ex	4	0
	some truss, ex.	I	6				
	HE MORE DELICATE AND SOFTER SHALL +Bloxberg, beautiful clear porcelain, large	ES	OF		B AZUKE, LIGHT PORCELAIN, E Alas, beautiful silvery lilac, large	to.	
	bells, good truss, ex.	0	9	compact	truss, ex.	0	8
297	*Blondin, silvery grey, outside of tube bluish purple, large truss (new), ex	2	0	306 *Grand \ large tr	Vainqueur, pretty porcelain-lilac,	I	0
298	*Canning, dark porcelain shaded, large		_	307 *Grand V	ledette, azure-blue, shaded lilac,	0	_
	*Colestina, clear transparent blue, ex	ī	0	308 *Leonida	lls, fine truss, ex	Ŭ	7
300	*Clio, sky-blue, white centre, large bells, fine truss, ex.	2	0	fine tru 309 *Lord De	ss, ex. rby, pearl-blue, very large truss, ex.	1 2	6
301	+Comte de St. Priest, celestial blue, large			310 *Lord No	elson, porcelain, large bells, fine	0	8
302	*Couronne de Celle, azure-blue, large bells,	I	0	311 *Orondat	x	•	·
303	*Czax Peter, pale lavender-blue, outside of	•	8		l large truss, ex	0	9
	petals grey, large bells, handsome truss, ex.		6	bells, fi	ne truss, ex	0	9
304	*De Candolle, lilac-blue, shading to mauve, handsome truss, ex.	1	6	919   ман вр	eyk, lilac, large truss, ex	•	Ŭ
T	HE DARKER AND RICHER SHADES OF B	LUI	E, S	CH AS DARK	PORCELAIN, PURPLE, BLACK, E	tc.	
	*Anna Bolena, rich purple, large truss	I	0		u Cœur, violet-blue	0	6
315	*Argus, dark violet-blue, clear white eye, large bells, large truss, ex.	0	8		, purple-black, fine truss, ex Koster, rich violet-blue, long	0	8
316	*Baron Von Humboldt, dark purple, out-			compac	truss, ex	I	3
317	*Baron Van Tuyll, rich purple, large com-	I	0	centre,	elville, indigo, prominent white fine truss (new), ex	I	6
	*Bleu Morsque, purple-lilac, large truss, ex.	0	9 6		Imerston, clear blue, white centre, ss, very distinct (new), ex	I	6
	*Charles Dickens, dark porcelain, shaded lilac, large truss, ex.		8	331 *Madam	e Koster, rich violet-blue, large	0	_
320	*Feruch Khan, glittering purple, large		٠	332 *Marie,	dark purple-blue, striped indigo,		7
321	truss, ex	I	0		se spike (new), ex, , glowing purple, large truss, ex	0	8
	pact handsome truss, ex	I	0	334 +Prince	of Saxe-Weimar, rich purple-lilac, e truss, semi-double, ex	0	0
	very large truss, ex	I	3	335 *Sir Joh	n Lawrence, rich dark blue, very		9
323	*General Lauriston, fine deep blue, white centre, fine truss, ex.	0	9	336 *Uncle T	russ, exom, rich purple-black, fine	0	8
324	*King of the Blues, rich dark blue, large bells, magnificent spike, ex.		0		the First, fine glowing purple, andsome truss, ex	^	۵
325	*King of Siam, black, neat truss	o	8	_		Ū	7
000	MAR 2 . 22 Th. 444		-	MAUVE.	Minamaga 2 days and a second	_	_
339	**Adelina Patti, red-lilac, close fine truss, ex. †Karel Kroonprince of Sweden, dark	I	6	344 *Preside	Theresa, deep mauve, ex ntLincoln, mauve-lilac, finetruss, ex.		0
340	lavender mauve, large truss, ex		0		in Landseer, dark red-lilac, close ss, ex.	I	6
	spike, ex	2	0	346 #Sir Hen	ry Havelock, purple-mauve, splen-		
342	l *Jeschko, beautiful rich lilac, large truss, ex. 2 *L'Unique, mauve, fine	0	6	ata iru	ss (new), ex	3	U
045	***************************************		RE	HITE.			
	#Albus maximus, splendid large truss, ex. #Albus superbissimus, large full truss, ex.		9		new) ex	4	c
349	<ul> <li>Baroness Van Tuyll, long handsometruss, et</li> <li>Bouquet Royal, long compact truss, ex</li> </ul>	х. і	ó	360 *La Puc	lle d'Orleans		8
351	*Crown Princess of the Netherlands,		0	handso	me truss, ex	0	8
352	large compact handsome truss, ex	0	9		ence, large bells, large splendid	3	c
353	3 *Grand Vainqueur, fine compact truss	0	9	363 *Luyken	, large compact truss, ex	I	C
355	*La Belle Blanchisseuse	0	6	ey'e	e de Stael, white, with purple	I	3
357	5 †La Deesse, moderate bells, fine truss *Lady Havelock, fine truss, ex	0	9		e Van der Hoop, large bells, large	I	c
358	3 *La Franchise, large handsome truss, ex	I	3		olina, large fine truss, ex	0	8

	,						
	each-	<b>−</b> 5.	a.		each-	-:.	d.
367 *Mont Blanc, larg				373	*Queen Victoria, handsome truss, ex	0	8
handsome truss, ex	G	I	0	374	*Queen of the Netherlands, large bells,		
368 *Nectar, neat bells,		I	6		very fine truss, ex	I	0
369 *Paix de l'Europe,	large truss, ex	I	0	375	†Sceptre d'Or, good truss	0	8
370 *Pavillon Blanc, la	rge truss, ex	0	9	376	*Snowball, fine truss, bells beautifully sym-		
371 †Prince of Waterle	00, neat bells, neat com-		•		metrical, and of great substance, ex	2	6
	ss, ex	1	0	377	*Vesta, large bells, large compact truss,		
372 *Princess Frederic			-		ех	I	6
		I	0			-	•
77 1100, 0111111111111111				n R	OSE, Etc.		
270 JAnna Warda Alus		DIL	LUL				0
378 +Anna Maria, blus		0	0	300	*Lord Grey, white, tinged rose, finetruss, ex.	0	9
		U	0	300	*Mammoth, white, tinged rose, very large bells, large truss		
379 *Anna Paulowna,	white, shaded rose, com-	_		200	oeus, targe truss	0	8
pact targe truss, e	X	0	8	301	*Orondates, white, tinged rose, large hand- some truss, ex		
380 *Cleopatra, waxy fine truss, ex	white, large vells, thick			200	some truss, ex	I	0
fine truss, ex		0	9	388	*Seraphine, white, shaded rose, large bells,		
381 *Dolly Varden, w	hite, shaded rose, large				very large truss, ex	0	8
bells, thick truss,	ex	I	0	389	*Torquato Tasso, white, shaded rose	0	9
382 *Elfrida, waxy white some truss, ex	e, large bells, bold hand-			390	Triumph Blandina, white, beautifully		
some truss, ex		0	8		tinged rose, pink centre, fine truss, ex	0	8
383 *Grandeur à Merve	eille, white, shaded rose,			391	*Voltaire, white, shaded rose, large bells	0	8
immeuse compact	truss, ex	0	8	392	*Witslus, blush   white, large compact		
384 +La Virginité, w/	lite, shaded, very large				truss, ex.	I	0
		0	6	393	*Werner, white, tinged rose, large	I	
		GE.	CI	rron	, PRIMROSE, Etc.		
394 *Alida Jacobæa, ri		0	6 1		*Ida, rich primrose, large truss, ex	I	6
395 *Anna Carolina, be		0	9	401	+Jaune Supreme, rich yellow, good truss	î	o
396 *Bird of Paradise		-	"	402	*John Stuart Mill, primrose, fine truss, ex.		ö
		3	0	403	*King of Holland, apricot colour, very dis-	•	-
297 *Duc de Malakoff	stram colour, striped	3	١ .	200	tinct, compact neat truss, ex.	_	_
	lour, large truss, ex	I	0	404	*La Citronnière, citron-yellow, very fine		9
398 *Grand Duc de Lu		-	_	405	*L'Or d'Australie, fine yellow, large truss, ex.	-	10
		т	6	406	*Rhinocaros Auf	I	3
	large truss, ex		9	407	*Rhinoceros, buff	0	8
333 Herome, princiose,		0	9 1		*Victory, fine yellow, large truss	2	6

# DAFFODIL OR NARCISSUS.

The Banksian Gold Medal was awarded to us for a Collection of Daffodils exhibited on the occasion of Her Majesty's opening the Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, 2nd May, 1877. On the 18th April preceding, the Society awarded to us their large Gilt Silver Floral Medal for a Collection of Daffodils.

The Daffodil is one of the earliest, the hardiest, and the most beautiful of Spring flowers. Its blossoms are uninjured by frost, snow, rain, and wind, and if planted where not too much exposed to the sun's rays, the flowers remain perfect for weeks, and the various species succeed each other from February to June, the Trumpet forms commencing in February, followed by the Mock Daffodil in March, the Tazetta in April, and the true Nareissus from March to May. The Daffodil is usually cultivated in the flower and shrubbery borders, or for naturalization in woodland walks and semi-wild situations, such as the margins of plantations, etc., where they are planted in the grass and left undisturbed. As a cut flower for furnishing vases, Daffodils are most elegant, yielding an abundant supply when flowers are scarce, and forming a pleasing associate to the flowers of the hot-house.

For about three months in Spring we exhibit out flowers of the various species of Daffodils at the meetings of the Royal Horticultural Society; and were our readers to see these, we feel sure they would join in the praise so freely bestowed upon them, and the expressions of surprise that there should be a garden in which the numerous forms of Daffodils were unrepresented. On the 18th April last, our exhibit was so grand that the Society awarded to us their large Gilt Silver Floral Medal, and on the 2nd May for our exhibit, which included the wonderful collection of seedlings raised by the late Mr. Leeds, we were awarded the Gold Banksian Medal to commemorate the Queen's visit on opening the Flower Show. Her Majesty was much pleased with the Daffodils; and, as an answer to numerous inquiries, we now state that a continual exhibition of Daffodils will be maintained throughout the Spring at our place of business as well as at the meetings of the Horticultural Society.

CULTURE AND ADAPTATION.—The Daffodil does well in almost any soil and situation, but thrives best planted in a fertile loam, the top of the bulb two inches below the surface. Cultivated in beds the effect is most charming. Grown in masses in the borders the Daffodil imparts variety and interest unequalled by any other class of Spring-flowering plants. All the varieties when planted in the grass are extremely beautiful.

# GROUP 1.-Magni-coronatæ, the Trumpet and Hoop Petticoat Narcissus.

CHARACTER.—Crown or trumpet as long or rather longer than the divisions of the perianth.

The species in this group consist of Haworth's Ajax and Corbularia. 444 is what Parkinson, nearly 3 centuries ago, called "Mr. Wilmer's Great Double Daffodil." In the Garden, vol. i., p. 455, two Daffodil Gardens of this variety are described as "surpassing apples of gold in baskets of silver." 427, Parkinson calls the "Prince of Daffodils." Besides these there are several other double forms described by Parkinson. One, the double Lent Lily, he says, is natural to our country, but in his time was scarce, and never appears to have been plentiful. To the present generation it was almost unknown till we searched out its liabitat through the information recorded in Parkinson's Paradisia, and can now offer bulbs to our customers. See No. 441. Of the beautiful Double White Trumpet Daffodil (cernuus plenus), illustrated by Sweet, we have a good supply; also of a curious form of this, with a double row of guard petals, No. 425; and of the rare White Bulbocodium (Corbularia monophylla), we can offer a few fine healthy roots, part of our importation of 1873, likewise seedling bulbs two years old, our own raising; also we can offer the scarce species, N. Gallicus Minor of Parkinson (the N. Capax of Haworth, and N. Eystettensis of Herbert, No. 422) supposed by Herbert to be the double of N. minor; also N. abscissus, Parkinson's "Daffodil with the clipt tube," No. 417.

12, King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.]

HOOP PETTICOAT, TRUMPET, AND MOCK DAFFODIL OR NARCISSUS. DAFFODILS-continued. In the succession of flowering, Obvallaris and Obvallaris maximus commence in February, and are closely followed by Telamonius, and the dwarf-growing species. These in succession are followed by the Pscudo-Narcissus, Nobilis, Lobularis, and the early-flowering forms of Bicolor, viz., Horsfieldi and Empress. These again are followed by Lorifolius and Emperor, Maximus and Major. Conspicuous in the group for their great size are Obvallaris maximus, Emperor and Empress, their immense flowers towering aloft. But in speaking of these sons of Anak, we must not forget, among the dwarf species, to name the little Nanus and the lesser Minimus, which expand their flowers while yet freeing themselves from their winter covering of soil. per 100, per doz. per 100, per doz. s. d. s. d. THE HOOP PETTICOAT, OR MEDUSA'S TRUMPET. 428 Lobularis plenus, rich yellow, very double and showy ...2 6 413 Corbularia conspicua, golden yellow, eharming in pots and as an edging 429 Lorifolius, golden trumpet, and primrose perianth, is. each ....... ...2 6 10 G 414 Corbularia alba, the beautiful white 430 Lorifolius maximus, var. Emperor, Hoop Petlicoat, very rare, 1s. 6d. each; 2 years' seedlings, 9d. each same as N. lorifolius in colour and ... form, but nearly twice as large; a 415 Corbularia alba, collected roots,
6d. cach ...... noble early variety, 5s. 6d. each ...
431 Major, trumpet and perianth fine 6 ...5 416 Corbularia tenuifolia, golden yelgolden yellow ..... .... IO б...т TO 6 low, the miniature Hoop Petticoat 432 Maximus, trumpel and perianth deep AJAX, THE TRUMPET NARCISSUS. golden yellow, very large ...... 6...2 - 6 433 Minimus, yellow trumpet, primrose perianth, very rare 417 Abscissus, trumpet ranging from yellow to sulphur, perianth white, ...5 434 Minor (of Linnæus), fine golden yel-...8 gd. each.. low, rare species, 9d. each...... 418 Bicolor of Haworth, golden yellow trumpel and white perianth, 1s. each ... 435 Moschatus, primrose trumpel and while perianth, very beautiful.....
436 Nanus, rich yellow trumpet, primrose perianth, a fine dwarf species 6 10 6 419 Bicolor of the Bot. Mag., golden ...4 vellow lrumpet and sulphur perianth ...5 6 420 Bicolor Horsfieldi, golden yellow ...3 6 trumpel and while perianth, early
15. 6d. each
421 Bicolor maximus, var. Empress,
same as N. bicolor in colour and 437 Nobilis, yellow trumpet, primrose
perianth
438 Obvallaris, trumpet and perianth 15 0 ...2 ...4 form, but nearly twice as large; a noble, early variety, 5s. 6d. cach ... 422 Capax (Queen Anne's Double Daffo-... dil), primrose, very double and very low trumpet, snlphur perianth......
441 Pseudo-Narcissus plenus, golden 5 б...г rare, is. 6d. each ..... 0 423 Cernuus, crown and perianth white, trumpel, sulphur perianth, 18. each
442 Rugilobus, fine yellow trumpet,
perianth pale sulphur, a beauliful very beautiful, 1s. cach ...... 10 424 Cernuus plenus, splendid double white, very rare, 2s. each..... 425 Cernuus plenus bicinctus, differing 6 ...3 443 Telamonius, yellow trumpet, perianth from 424 in having two rows of guard petals, very rare, 2s. 6d. each primrose, very large and early .... б 25 0 ...4 444 Telamonius plenus, the large double 426 Lobularis, yellow trumpet, primrose golden yellow daffodil ..... 7 б...1 6 perianth ...3 445 Tortuosus, primrose trumpet, white 427 Lobularis grandiplenus, flowers very perianth, very rare, 1s. 6d. each... large and very double, rich yellow ...3 6 GROUP II .- Medii-coronatæ, the Mock-Narcissus, or Queltia. CHARACTER.—Crown half as long as the divisions of the perianth, but in one or two cases three quarters as long.

The first in this galaxy of beauty is Incomparabilis, which stands preciminent. Parkinson ealls it the Great Nonsuch Daffodil, of which there are several varieties; the white one is Parkinson's Peerless Daffodil, and it has two double forms—one with a rich orange nectary, and the other with a sulphur nectary. If the planting of these double varieties of Incomparabilis is delayed till the beginning of January, they will flower in May, with blossoms as large and as perfect as a Rose. Next in importance is Odorus: Parkinson calls this the Lady Mattenesse, or Lesser Nonpareil Daffodil; its varieties, which resemble the graceful Jonquil, are exceedingly valuable for vascs and table bouquets. The double variety of Odorus minor is a plant of rare beauty. Macleai is a miniature Bicolor. Triandrus, Juncifolius, and Montanus, are distinct, very beautiful, beauty. Macleai is a miniature Bicolor. Triandrus, Jun and will be highly prized by those who are fond of rarities. 100. per doz. . d. s. d. ...4 6 4 ... 6...r 6 ...3 4 ...3 4!

ma	MIII D	c linglify prized by those who are remarks			
		per 100. per doz,		per 100. per do	
46	Incom	parabilis, primrose, yellow s. d. s. d.	455	Macleal, a fine dwarf species, with s. d. s.	
		crown, very beautiful 18 02 6	N.	golden crown and white perianth4	
47		aurantius, primrose, yellow		Montanus, white, distinct, 2s. 6d. each	
		crown, margined orange 6	457	Odorus, rich yellow, cup deeply lobed	
148	- 11	,, plenus, primrose, orange	4	and spreading 10 61	(
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	nectary, very double 7 6 1 0	458		
149		semi-partita, pale primrose,	1	No. 457 in being smaller	
		cup sulphur and deeply lobed,		and fragrant 3	(
		25. 6d. each	459		
50	,,,	albus (The Peerless Daffodil),		form of No. 457, a very	
		white, yellow crown 5 6	V.	pretty species 3	(
151	**	" plenus aurantius,	460		
		white, orange nectary,	1	Anne's double Jonquil),	
		large and very beautiful 12 62 0		rich golden yellow 5	(
152	,,	,, plenus sulphureus,	461		
		white, sulphur nectary,		wrinkled and nearly straight 10 61	-
		large and very beauliful 14 62 0	462	Schizanthes orientalis, primrose,	
£53	**	" var. Stella, white,		yellow crown, very beautiful	(
		yellowcrown, the earliest	463	Triandrus albus (new), heautiful	
		of this group by 14 days,		creamy white flowers, 2s. 6d. each	•
	_	1s. 6d. each	464	Triandrus pulchellus, primrose,	
Ł54	Junci	folius, yellow, a charming small		perianth reflexed like the Cyclamen,	
		species, 6d. each 5 6	1	a charming dwarf, late flowering	
			l.	species, 1s. 6d. cach	
				[Barr and Sugden,	

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6 ...7

GROUP III.—Parvi-coronatæ, the true Narcissus and Tazetta forms.

CHARACTER.—Crown less than half as long as the divisions of the perianth.

Parkinson called the Poeticus section the Purple-ringed and Saffron-ringed Daffodils. The March and Aprilflowering varieties of Poeticus are Angustifolius, Ornatus, Tripedalis, Poetarum and Grandiflorus. The May-flowering varieties of Poeticus are Angustifolius, Ornatus, Tripedalis, Poetarum and Grandiflorus. The May-flowering variety, Recurvus, and its double form, have large flowers, the Poet's Narcissus is the lesser flower, and Majalis, the latest in flowering. Besides these, Haworth and Herbert describe other varieties of Poeticus, several of which we possess and hope soon to have stock to offer. For vases and table bouquets the varieties of Poeticus, whether each to take flowering, are highly prized. Bildery, is a fine plant. Graellie is global to the contraction of the poeticus of the contraction of the Poeticus, whether early or late flowering, are highly prized. Biflorus, is a fine plant; Gracilis is slender and very graceful; Intermedius is a beautiful dwarf variety; and Tenuior, the Silver Jonquil, is charming.

The Tazetta, or Bunch-flowered, offered in this Group, are remarkably beautiful, and in planting them the

top of the bulb should be six inches under the surface of the soil.

	per 100. per doz.			per 100, per	doz.
	s. d. 's. d.	1		s. d. s	
460	Biflorus, white, yellow crown 6 6 I o	477	Poeticus	ornatus, larger in flower	
466	Gracilis, yellow, graceful and beau-			than Angustifolins 21 0	6
	tiful, 9d. each 6	478	***	Poetarum, white, crimson	, •
467	Intermedius, primrose, yellow crown,		"	crown, 2s. 6d. each	
	fine dwarf 15 62 6	479		tripedalis, the crown is	• • • •
468	bifrons, yellow, orange cup,		**		
	fine dwarf 15 62 6	i		more deeply marked	
469	Jonquila. See Jonquil, at bottom of page.	400	Togotto	than in Ornatus	5 6
470	Tenuior (Silver Jonquil), silvery	200	lazetta	compressa, white, yellow	
210		407			6
	white, very graceful 6	481	,,	lacticolor, delicate primrose,	
	MAY-FLOWERING POETICUS.			yellow crown	3 6
471	Poeticus recurvus, pure white, red	482	,,	orientalis, white, orange	
	crown, very fragrant 3 60 6	i		crown, large flower 15 62	2 6
472	,, large roots 7 6 1 0	483	,,	panzianus, white, citron cup	
473	" flore-pleno, purcwhite Gar-	484	,,	papyraceus. See Paper	, -
	denia-like flowers, exceed-	1		White Narcissus, No.	
	ingly fragrant 5 6 1 0			521.	
474	,, large roots 10 61 6	485	,,	plena quantilla, white,	
			,,	orange crown	
400	MARCH AND APRIL FLOWERING POETICUS.	486		præcox, white, primrose crown	, 6
470	Poeticus angustifolius, white, rose	487	"	nobilissimus Julia ad	, 0
	crown 15 02 6	201	"	nobilissimus, double, 9d.	_
476	" grandiflorus, white, crim-	400			6
	son crown, very large,	488	"	Romanus. See Roman	
	10s. 6d. each			Narcissus, No. <b>524</b> .	
	GROUP III -continued POLVANTHIE	NADC	TOOTTO TO	OP DEDG DIDDONG TAG	

GROUP III .- continued. POLYANTHUS NARCISSUS FOR BEDS, RIBBONS, Etc. This group of the Tazetta or bunch-flowered Daffodil, is better known as Polyanthus Narcissus. When cultivated in beds or masses they produce a grand effect, contrasting well with the Tulip and the Hyacinth. The varicties offered are distinct in colour, and may either be grouped together, or grown in separate colours. Where cut flowers are in demand, these should be freely planted. In planting, the top of the bulb should be six inches under the surface of the soil.

OUR OWN SELECTIONS.

OUR OWN SELECTIONS,										
489 100 in 6 splendid varieties       24 0   491 25 in 6 splendid varieties         490 50 in 6 ditto ditto       12 6   492 12 in 6 ditto ditto	6	d. 6 6								
493 Early Pure White, very beautiful.  2 6 497 Primrose Cup, pure white, primrose cup  494 Gold Cup, pure white, with gold cup	3	6 6 6								
POLYANTHUS NARCISSUS FOR POT CULTURE.										

The Polyanthus Narcissus, with its large heads of rich golden-yettow and snow-white flowers, make it specially suitable for winter and spring decoration in pots, glasses, and jardinets. The culture is the same as that of the Hyacinth. When three butbs are grown together in a 6 or 7-inch pot, the effect is greatly enhanced. Where flowers are in demand in November, December, and early in January, the Paper White and Double Roman Narcissi are invaluable. Pot them early in the autumn, and when well rooted commence forcing as required. Thus treated, they and the Roman Hyacinth, (see page 6), can be had in bloom from October.

Show last March. OUR OWN SELECTIONS.

501	36 in 18 splendid varieties	8.	d.	1 500	-0:0 enlandid variation	8.	d.
	30 in 18 spienard varieties	12	6		18 in 18 splendid varieties	7	0
502	24 in 12 ditto ditto	7	6	504	12 in 12 ditto ditto	4	0
505	Bathurst, primrose, orange cup	0	6	518	Lord Canning, primrose, yellow cup	0	6
506	Bazelman Major, white, yellow cub	I	0	519	Louis le Grand, white, primrose cup	0	6
507	Czar Alexander, primrose, orange cup	0	4	520	Perle d'Amour, primrose, yetlow cup	0	6
508	Florence Nightingale, white, orange cub	0	9	521	Paper White, pure white, the earliest, very		
509	General Wyndham, canary, yellow cub	0	9		pretty, 2s. per doz	0	3
510	Gloriosa, white, orange cub, ex.	0	4	522	Queen of Netherlands, white and yellow	0	6
511	Grand Monarque, white, citron cub	0	4	523	Queen Victoria, white, yetlow cup	0	6
512	" Primo white, citron cub	0	4	524	Roman, double white, orange nectary, very		
513	" Primo yellow (new), fine	0	8		early, 2s. per doz	0	3
514	solell d'Or, vellow, orange ent	0	3	525	Sir Isaac Newton, yellow, orange cup	0	8
515	Grootvorst, while, citron cub. fine	0	4	526	Staten General, white, yellow cup		3
516	Her majesty, white, orange cub	0	9	527	Sulphurine, sutphur, light yellow cup, fine	0	4
517	Jaune Suprème, yeltow	0	9	528	White Pearl, pure white, primrose cup	0	6
	Choup III	42.0	7	ION	OHIT MADGICCHE		

GROUP III.—continued. JONQUIL NARCISSUS. The double and single Jonquils are greatly prized for their graceful and fragrant flowers. When grown for indoors, plant three or more in a 5-inch pot, and cultivate as recommended for the Hyacinth.

per doz. $-n$ . $d$ .	3.	d.
529 Double, rich deep yellow, largest roots 4 6   531 Single, sweet scented, largest roots	I	6
oso second size roots 2 6   532 second size roots	Ľ	0
12, King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.]		

# THE TULIP.

The Tulip in Spring is the most effective flower of the Season; its colours are diversified and beautiful. It is extremely hardy, and of the easiest possible culture, succeeding in any ordinary soil, and flowering with the same freedom in the shade as in the sunshine, while it is as much at home in a confined town garden as in more favoured situations. In front of shrubs, rows of Tulips, mixed double and single, maintain a display for a long period, and in this respect they excel almost any other Spring flower. In beds of distinct colours, or the colours intermingled, Tulips are always objects of admiration. In gardens of limited extent, and where the flower beds must be kept gay from the first opening of Spring, the surface of the beds may be planted with Forget-me-not, Silene, Collinsia bicolor, etc., and so arranged, that the floral display is maintained till the Summer bedding plants are ready to take their place. An effective display preceding the Tulips can also be had by planting the beds with Scilla sibirica, Snowdrops, or Crocus.

From our Collection we have omitted several which we consider superseded, and have replaced them by others of greater meril, this being the result of the extensive trials continually going on at our Experimental Grounds.

EARLY SINGLE TULIPS.

No other section of the Tulip displays so great a diversity of delicate, striking, and attractive colours as these. Of selfs there are beautiful scarlets, crimsons, whites, and yellows. Of particolours, there are snow-white grounds, striped and feathered with purple, violet, crimson, rose, puce, and cerise; and yellow grounds, with erimson, scarlet, and red flakes and feathers; so that only those who have cultivated the varieties of Early Single Tulips systematically can form any just idea of their beauty, when massed in beds or groups in the flower border, and when grown three in a pot for indoor decoration. There is nothing gaudy about these flowers or objectionable to the most refined taste; the form, the colours, and the combinations are graceful and pleasing in the extreme.

The First Prize for Tulips was awarded to us by the Royal Botanic Society, at their Exhibition of March last.

533 Due Van Thol, searlet, edged yellow; this very early dwarf Tulip can be had in bloom from November. It is best grown three to twelve in a pot; and, where numerous jardinets have to be furnished, the practice of the growers for Covent Garden Market should be followed—that is, plant in shallow boxes as thickly as the bulbs can be placed together, force gently and give plenty of water, and as the bulbs come into bloom arrange them in the jardinets as required.

14s. 6d. per 10o, 2s. per dozen.

# EARLY SINGLE TULIPS FOR OUT-DOOR CULTURE OR FOR POTS.

THESE ARE SPLENDID IN BEDS, GROUPS, RIBBONS, RUSTIC BASKETS, VASES, FLOWER BOXES, ETC.

OUR OWN SELECTIONS.

1. d.

25 0

.535	5 " "			•••	13 6
536	3 "			• ; ;	
537	Fine mixed, 38s. per 1,000, 4s. per	100	, 9 <i>a</i> . p	cr ac	ozen.
.538	Choice mixed, 50s. ,, 5s. 6d.	,,	ıs.	11	
	po		o. per d		per 100, per doz.
		s.	d. s.	d.	s, d, s, d.
539	Ardemus, rich crimson, narrowly		_		560 Golden Prince, pure yellow
	margined yellow	10	61	6	561 ImperatorGrisdeline, white, feathered
540	Arms of Leyden, white, conspicu-				lake
	ously stained with rose	10		6	562 Keizerskroon, crimson-scarlet, deeply
541	Canary Bird, beautiful yellow	18	02	6	edged bright yellow, very handsome 17 62 6
542	Cardinal, carmine-red, very effective	10	6 <b>r</b>	6	563 La Belle Alliance, brilliant
543	Chrysolora, pure yellow, large and				crimson-scarlel
	handsome	14	02	0	564 Lac Van Rheim, rose-violet, deeply
544	Couleur Cardinal, crimson-scarlet	12	or	9	margined with pure white 5 0I 0
545	Couleur Ponceau, rich cerise	5	or	0	565 Moliere, purple-violet, showy 12 01 9
546	Couronne Pourpre, velvety crimson	7	6I	0	566 Paul Moreelze, deep carmine 12 01 9
547	Drapeau de France, rose lilac	15	62	6	567 Pottebakker Yellow 18 02 6
	Duc Major, red, edged yellow		61	0	568 White, pure white, bold
	Duc Van Thol, blush rose		62	6	nanasome flower 12 61 9
550	hrilliant scarlet	12	61	9	569 Queen Victoria, white, tinged rose 5 61 0
551	" bright yellow	18	02	6	570 Rose Grisdeline, rose, tinged white 5 61 0
552	carmine	12	62	0	571 Rose Luisante, beautiful rose, large 18 02 6
553	vermilion		2	6	572 Rose Tendre, white and crimson 12 62 0
554			5	0	573 Samson Crimson, crimson-scarlet 12 62 0
555	Duchesse de Parma, orange-crimson,				574 Silver Standard, scarlet, striped and
	edged vellow, showy	- 5	6 <b>r</b>	0	feathered pure white 10 01 6
556	Duke of York, rose-lilac, edged white	10	61	6	575 Thomas Moore, glossy apricot, very
557	Eleonore, violet-purple	10	b1	0	pretty, and quite distinct 5 OI O
5.58	Franciscus Primus, wh., shaded cerise	15	62	6	576 Yellow Prince, pure yellow, a fine
559	Golden Eagle, pure yellow	IÕ	61	6	bedding var 5 OI O
				T	DO NEWER WARIETIES

#### EARLY SINGLE TULIPS, NEWER VARIETIES.

The following newer kinds show considerable advances in shape, colour, and increased size of flower—points of great importance for in-door culture. Amateurs desirous of having a named collection of Early Single Tulips, or who may have some select bed where they would like to have as great a variety and as much beauty as possible combined, would do well to purchase one or more of each variety enumerated in the two collections.

577 One bulb each from Nos. 539 to 624, 18s. | 578 Three bulbs each from Nos. 539 to 624, 50s.

					OUI	K O	WIN 9		TONS.					
						В.	d.						8.	d.
579	roo in	50 S	plendid	varieties		21	0	582	50 in	25 splend	id varieties		10	6
580	100 in	33	٠,,	,,		17	6	583	25 in	25 ,,	**	5/6 to 3/0 to	7	6
581	50 in	50	,,	11	••••	12	6	D9 #	12 111	12 ,,	**		3	•
	585 Splendid mixed, from fine named varieties, 70s. per 1,000, 7s. 6d. per 100, 1s. 3d. per dozen.  [Barr and Sugde										den,			

TULIPS, EARLY SINGLE-continued. per doz	-8.		per doz.—s. d.
586 Alba Regalis, creamy white	2	6	606 Grootmeester Van Maltha, white, striped
587 Beauté Parfaite, carmine striped white	2	6	and feathered scarlet 2 6
588 Bride of Haarlem, scarlet, feathered white	3	6	607 Jan Luyken, crimson, with a cerise glow,
589 Brutus improved, golden yellow, feathered			tipped and flushed white 2 6
crimson	4	6	608 La Remarkable, purple, bordered white 5 6
590 Cardinal Gold, rich crimson, gold striped,			609 Lac d'Asturie, violet, edged white 2 6
very beautiful	2	6	610 Lac d'Or, violet, with broad white edge 5 6
591 Claremont, rose, flushed white, large flower	2	ō	611 Le Matelas, deep rose, edged white 8 o
	2	6	612 Louis d'Or, yellow, striped scarlet 2 6
592 ,, gold striped		6	613 Maria de Medicis, primrose, striped and
593 , pure white	3	•	C. Albard J. A. and J. Barrer J. Phys. 7
594 Comte de Vergennes, white, feathered		6	614 Monument, dark cerise 3 0
cerise-crimson	4		
595 Cottage Maid, rose-pink, shaded white	2	0	
596 Cramoisi Superbe, rose-crimson, very rich	2	6	616 Reine Victoria, white, striped scarlet 9 0
597 Donna Maria, white, flaked cerise-crimson	4	6	617 Rembrandt, rich scarlet 2 6
598 Dorothea Blanche, white, striped scarlet	3	6	618 Roi Pepin, white, striped red, large 10 6
599 Duchess of Austria, orange-crimson, fea-			619 Standard Gold, golden, much striped crim-
thered and blotched yellow	2	0	son, very beautiful 3 6
600 Eldorado, crimson, slightly feathered yellow	3	6	620 Superintendent, white, striped and fea-
601 Epaminondas, rich crimson, feathered			thered violet, very fine 7 6
white	3	6	621 Van der Neer, rich violet, very handsome 4 0
602 Fabiola, rose-violet, striped and feathered	-		622 Van Vondel, crimson-scarlet, flushed white,
white, splendid large flower	5	0	large and very handsome 4 0
603 Florida, purple-violet, fine	5	6	623 Vermilion Brilliant, dazzling vermilion
604 Globe de Rigaut, violet, striped and fea-	3	-	scarlet, splendid colour 4 0
thered white, handsome	3	0	624 Wouverman, dark purple, splendid 4 0
	-	6	ozz wowiezania www. Parket observe minimi d
605 Grand Blanche, pure white	4	9	

For additional varieties, see preceding Section, p. 12.

#### EARLY DOUBLE TULIPS.

The leading features in these are their massive flowers, brilliant, diversified, and beautiful colours, which

The leading features in these are their massive flowers, oriliant, diversined, and beautiful colours, which admirably adapt them for beds on the lawn, terrace, or flower garden, and for edgings to Rhododendrons, Azaleas, and Roses; also for planting in the flower and shrubbery borders in groups of three or more.

The \* indicates the varieties which may be grown in pots; amongst these, Tournesol, No. 655, is invaluable for making the sectional lines when the Early Single Tulip is planted in designs. For forcing, the Tournesol is most valuable, and in the early Spring months it is one of the leading Tulips brought into Covent Garden Market. Imperator Rubrorum is the best scarlet, and Tournesol Yellow is the best yellow, for pot culture. Most of the others are very effective in pots, but it is not desirable to force them, except very gently. In pots, the Tulir requirer the some cultural treatment as the Hyacinth. For beds or masses. Rex Rubrorum is the most the Tulip requires the same cultural treatment as the Hyacinth. For beds or masses, Rex Rubrorum is the most effective searlet, and La Candeur the most beautiful white. Indeed, these two Tulips stand unrivalled amongst Spring flowering plants.

We think it only right to state that our mixed double Tulips do not contain any of those nondescript colours which too frequently form part of the double Tulips sold in mixture.

		0	UR OV	VN S	ELEC'	TIONS.	
			8.	d.			
625	100 in 20 splendid varieties		12	6		Fine mixed4s. per 100, 9d. per doz.	
626	50 in 25 ,, ,,				630	Choice mixed5 $s$ . 6 $d$ . ,, is. ,,	
627	24 in 12 ,, ,,	. <b>.</b>	4	0	631	Splendid mixed, from named varieties, 7s. 6d.	,
628	12 in 12 ,,			6	l	per 100, 1s. 3d. per doz.	
632				Th	ie dwa	orf showy early-flowering Tulip is useful for edgings	
032	and broad marginal lines. 36s. pe	r 10	00:4	61	ner i	too od ner dozen.	
	and broad marginar mies. 30s. pe		00,4	. 011	· per i		
			o, perd			per Ioo, per doz,	
633	Blanc Bordé Pourpre, violet-purple,	8.	d. s.	d.	647	*Overwinnaar, white, striped rose- s. d. *. d.	
	bordered white					violet, handsome 6 OI O	1
634	Bleu Celeste, purple-violet	6	01	0	648	*Overwinnaar superfine, white,	
635	*Couronne de Roses, deep corise,					striped rose-violet, beautiful 2 6	
	very beautiful	18	02	6		*Pæony Gold, crimson, striped gold 7 OI O	
636	* Imperiale, violet-crim-				650	*Pæony Rose, rose-crimson 10 61 6	F
	son, striped white, handsome		3	0	651	*Purple Crown, rich velvety-crim-	
637	*Duke of York, crimson, edged		_			son, very fine 5 OI O	
	white, very pretty	6	OI	0	652	*Regina Rubrorum, crimson,	
638	*Extremité d'Or, bright crimson-					feathered with primrose 3 0	į.
	scarlet, edged yellow, fine		3	6	653	*Rex Rubrorum, brilliant crimson-	
639	Gloria Solis, scarlet, deeply edged					searlet, splendid 5 O I O	)
	with bright yellow, fine	5	01	0	654	*Rosine, rose-pink, very pretty 6 o I o	)
640			3	0		*Tournesol, scarlet, edged yellow,	
	*Hercules, white and scarlet				1	very beautiful 12 02 0	)
	*Imperator Rubrorum, rich crim-		5		656	*Tournesol Yellow, yellow, flushed	
0	sou-scarlet, beautiful	12	62	0		orange, very fine 18 02 6	,
643	*La Candeur, pure white			6	657	*Velvet Gem, crimson, golden edged,	
	*Le Blason, rose and white, fine			-		showy 4 0	)
	*Mariage de ma Fille, pure white,			-	658	*Yellow Rose, very beautiful pure	
010	striped cerise		2	0		yellow, fragrant flowers 5 0 I O	)
646	Murillo, rose and white, beautifut .					J	
040	pruring, rose and white, ceautifut.	-4	02	0	1		

# GESNERIANA TULIP OR TULIPA SINENSIS HORTENSIS.

The showiest of all Tulips, having large flowers of the richest and most intense scarlet early in May. grows taller than the ordinary Tulip; this combined with its dazzling colour and large flowers makes it valuable for distant effect, or for planting in isolated beds, or in lines, ribbons, or groups in front of shrubs.

659 Gesneriana, öright crimson-scarlet ...... per 100, 7s.; per doz., 1s. 12, King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.]

#### VARIEGATED FOLIAGED TULIPS.

These are all very interesting and highly decorative, the leaves being variegated from the time they appear	r
above ground in Spring, and for some time after the flower has faded.	

	per do:	z,—e:	ach,	per doz.—cach,
660 Duc Van Thol, leaves margined sil-	8. d	i. s.	d.	663 Purple Crown, leaves finely banded s. d. s. d.
very white				golden yellow 5 60 6
661 Feu de l'Empire, leaves golden				664 Rex Rubrorum, leaves variegated
variegated		60	6	white, lined with a reddish hue 5 60 6
6611 Greigii, leaves spotted like Orchis	_			665 Silver Standard, leaves variegated
maculata		2	6	
662 Lac Van Rheim, leaves broadly mar-				666 Yellow Rose, leaves gold striped 2 00 3
ained cilucry vellan	2 0	20	2	

#### MAY-FLOWERING SINGLE TULIPS.

In the general economy of the flower garden these May-flowering Tulips are most valuable for the grand display they produce in close succession to the Early Single Tulips.

				D	er Ic	00. pc	r doz.								per IC	o. per c	oz.
667	Mixed	Bizarres,	yellow	ground,	8,	d.	s. d.	.	670	Mixed	Roses,	white	ground	l, striped	8.	d. 8.	d.
	stripe	d erimson,	purple, o.	r white	10	6	16			erim.	son, pin	k, or sc	arlet		10	61	6
668	Mixed	Byblæmer	is. white	ground,				- 1	671	Fine M	iixed V	arietie	s		7	6I	0
	stribe	d black, lil	ac. or pu	rple	IO	6	x 6	i	672	Choice	Mixed	Variet	ies		IO	61	6
669	Mixed	White Gro	unds		IO	6	ı 6		673	Splend	id Mix	ed Eng	lish Va	crieties.	12	62	0

#### PARROT OR DRAGON TULIPS.

The large and curiously laciniated flowers of these picturesque Tulips before expanding, somewhat resemble a parrot's beak; the colours are brilliant and varied, forming curious and beautiful combinations. In flower and shrubbery borders they are strikingly effective. When cultivated in langing baskets the large flowers droop over and have quite an orchidaceous appearance.

per doz.—	-8.	đ.	per doz.—	-8.	d.					
674 Admiral de Constantinople, red, slightly			677 Monster Rouge, large crimson	I	6					
tipped orange	I	6	678 Markgraaf Van Baden, bright yellow,							
675 Coffee Colour, crimson-brown, striped			striped bright searlet and green							
yellow and green	I	0	679 Perfecta, yetlow, striped green, tipped searlet	I	0					
676 Large Yellow, pure yellow, slightly striped			680 Fine Mixedper 100, 6s.	I	0					
crimson and green	I	0	681 Splendid Mixed	I	6					
VARIOUS SPECIES OF TULIPS.										

Some of these are as beautiful as they are remarkable. Clusiana, with its Ixia-like flowers, is a gem; Cornuta, has long curious beautifully twisted petals resembling spiral horns; Oenlus Solis, has a conspicuous crimson-black centre; the green flower of Virialiflora is margined yellow; Sylvestris is the sweet-scented Wood-Tulip; Retroflexa and Elegans are remarkable for their graceful recurved petals; Persica, with its dwarf growth learners, fragrance, and extreme floriforms character is effective as an edging, and in small heds.

(a inches), fragrance, and extreme hornerous cha	tract	er,	is enective as an edging, and in sman beds.		
each-	-8.	d.	each—e	8. 1	d.
682 Clusiana, white, striped red, black centre,			687 Persica, yellow, fragrant, dwarf, and valu-		
beautifulper doz. 3/6	0	4	able for edging, per 100, 10/6; per doz. 1/6	0	2
683 Cornuta (horned), yellow and red, curious		-	688 Retroflexa, yeltowper doz. 3/6	0	4
per doz. 1/6		2	689 Sylvestris (sweet-scented Florentine), yeltow		
684 Elegans, rich earmine	0	3	per doz. 1/-		
685 Fulgens, red	0	4	690 Viridiflora, green, edged yellow, per doz. 3/6	0	4
686 Oculus Solis (Sun's Eye), crimson, black			691 ,, præcox, green	0	6
eentre, remarkable per doz. 2/-	0	3	692 Fine Mixed Speciesper doz. 2/6		

#### CROCUS.

The Crocus is charmingly beautiful, and among the first to unbosom its flowers in Spring. It possesses considerable diversity of colour, and deservedly occupies a prominent place wherever Spring flowers are prized. As an edging to beds, when planted in triple lines, in distinct or diverse colours, the display is remarkably striking. The effect is also grand in broad marginal lines in the flower border. We have seen long, wavy bands of golden yellow, of striped, of purple, and of pure white Crocus, also fancy devices, and groups of 10 to 1,000 bulbs expand, in February and March, with such brilliant effect as to clieft the most unbounded admiration. In lawns and pleasure parks, where the grass is not mown very early, the Crocus and Snowdrop, planted in groups, scrolls, or fancy designs, are very effective; while in wildernesses, woodland walks, rockeries, etc., they are universal favourities as associates of the sweet-scented violet, the primrose, and the oxlip.

The Autumn and Winter storewing Crocus cannot be too highly praised. Early in September they commence storewing, and continue in succession till the Spring varieties come into slower. Crocus speciosus is the only

really blue Crocus in cultivation, and is the most beautiful of Autumn flowers. (See 743.)

#### CHEAP DUTCH CROCUS.

These are offered by the thousand to induce extensive planting as edgings to flower-beds, or in shrubbery horders, woodland walks, wild gardens, lawns, pleasure parks, etc. To one customer we supplied about 50,000 Golden Yellow Crocus to edge off beds cut in the grass, and such was the effect that he has gone on edging beds and borders, as opportunity occurred, throughout his garden, and with such surpassing results that in February and March the skill of the artist would fail to portray the gorgeous beauty. Last year we sent to him 20,000 purple, white, and striped to plant in alternate lines with the Early Tulips, so that in February and March the Tulip beds were gay with Crocus.

693 1000 in 3 varietics	17 0	695 250 in 8 varietics 4	6
694 500 in 8	8 6	695 250 in 8 varietics	0
697 Mixed, all colours		per 100, 1s. 6d., per 1000, 12s. 6d.	
	o, per 100, per doz,	per 1000. per 100. per doz	
8,		s, d, s, d, s, d	a.
698 Blue and Purple, mixed 15	01 90 4	704 Cloth of Silver, white, striped	
699 Striped, mixed 15		purple or lilae 18 02 00	4
700 White, mixed 15		705 Cloth of Gold, golden yellow,	
701 Golden Yellow, very fine 13		striped brown 18 02 00	
702 Large Golden Yellow 18	02 00 4	706 Scotch, white, striped purple 25 03 00	
703 Extra large Golden Yellow., 25	03 00 6	707 Versicolor, white, striped purp. 18 02 00	4
	•	[Barrand Sugden,	

CHOICE NAMED DUTCH CROCUS.

The following varieties are recommended for their large flowers, rich, beautiful, varied, and distinct colours. They are admirably adapted for select beds, or carrying out specific designs. Amongst them are purples of various shades, whites pure as a snowflake, and yellows bright as burnished gold; while amongst variegates, Sir Walter Scott stands out prominently with flowers almost as large as the Tulip. For pot culture, the following varieties are the best; they should be planted thickly, and in the first stage treated as recommended for the cultivation of the Hyacinth, in pots. When removed from under the ashes, place them in an airy situation, and give water freely.

#### OUR OWN SELECTIONS.

	8.	d,	1 s. d.	
708 1000 in 10 splendid varieties	30	0	710 250 in 10 splendid varieties 8 6	,
709 500 in ro ,,	16	6	711 roo in 20 ,, 4 6	
			sper 100, 2s. 6d., per 1,000, 24s.	
			•	
per 100.			per 100, per doz.	
	. 8.	a	8. d. 8. d.	
713 Barr's New Golden Yellow, roots ex-			722 Mont Blanc, large pure white 3 00 6	
tremely large, and generally pro-			723 Ne Plus Ultra, fine litac-purple 3 00 6	•
ducing from 12 to 18 flowers each 4	5o	9	724 Othello, fine dark purple 3 oo 6	,
714 David Rizzlo, deep purple 3	00	6	725 Pride of Albion, white, striped violet,	
			large and fine 3 60 6	,
	50		726 Prince Albert, large purple-lilac 2 60 6	
	5r		727 Princess Alexandra, white, striped	
717 La Majestueuse, violet striped, on a		-	lilac, targe flower 3 00 6	5
	00	6	728 Queen Victoria, pure white 2 60 6	
	00		729 Sir J. Franklin, large dark purple 3 60 6	
	00	-	730 Sir Walter Scott, beautifully peu-	
	60		cilled tilac, very large 2 60 6	5
	0.,.0		731 Vulcan, rich purple-lilac 2 60 6	
The foregoing varieties embrace the large	est fle	nver	red and most diversified colours to be found amongst the	e
Dulch named Crocus, a collection of w	hich	70e	grew at our Experimental Grounds for the purpose of	f

CHOICE SPECIES OF CROCUS.

cataloguing the best representatives only.

Those enumerated under this heading are more or less rare. They are all beautiful, and we recommend them to cultivators of hardy flowers, as they form the connecting link between the bulbous plants of Summer and of Spring. In our Experimental Grounds we have one or other of these species of Crocus in bloom from September to April. The first to flower is Nudiflorus, with its large violet-purple blossoms, followed by Speciosus, the only really blue Crocus, which is a great beauty, and continues in flower a long time. These are followed by Serotinus, Sativus, and the beautiful soft lilae Odorus longiflorus, the white Hadriaticus, and Imperati, with its remarkable combination of colours; these, and a few other species which we hope to offer at some future time, continue the succession till the Dutch varieties commence blooming; (a) indicates the Autumn flowering Crocus, (w) the Winter, and (s) those which flower in Spring.

	per	doz. ca	ch			oz. eac	
	8.	d. s.	d.	8	3. 0	l. s.	d.
732 Aureus, rich golden yellow, very				740 Sativus, purple (a)	0 1	6	
rare (s)		r	0		2	60	3
733 Biflorus pusillus, a miniature form				742 Sieberi (nivatis), violet (w)	5 -1	60	6
of the Scotch crocus (s)				743 Speciosus, blue, very effective in			
734 Hadriaticus, white (a)		0	9	tines (a)per 100, 10/6			
735 Imperati, violet, fawn, and black (w)	5	60	6	744 Stellaris, yellow, black striped (s)	2	60	3
736 Lacteus, creamy-white (s)		1	0	745 Sulphureus concolor, sulphur (s)	2	6o	3
737 Nudiflorus, violet-purple (a)	2	6o	3	746 ,, striatus, yellow, striped			
738 Odorus longiflorus, soft lilac (a)	5	6o	6	black (s)			
739 Oliverii, orange yellow (w)		0	9	747 ,, pallidus, primrose (s)	5	60	6

# COLCHICUM OR AUTUMN MEADOW-SAFFRON.

Those who are unacquainted with the leading varieties of the Colchicum, can form no adequate idea how decorative are the great masses of the Crocus-like flowers which they produce in Autumn. They range in colour from pure white, through all the shades of rose, to the intense crimson-magenta of Speciosum rubrum. Some of them are beautifully chequered, while in size they vary from the most miniature, to the gigantic form figured in the "Garden" of 30th June, 1877. In September and October, and even in November, the Colchicums at our Experimental Grounds are a great attraction, carpeting the beds with a profusion of strikingly beautiful flowers. The foliage, which appears in spring, is almost as varied as the flowers; some of the varieties have large massive leaves, others have small frill-like foliage.

			per doz	<b>−</b> ₽.	a.
748	Autumnale,	rich rose-purplepo	er 100, 10s. 6d.	I	6
749		plenum, lilac, large and very doubte		3	
750	"	" striatum, lilac, striped white, large and very double			
751	,,	album, pure white		2	_
752	,,	" plenum, pure white, large, and very double	each rs. 6d.	15	6
753	**	atro-purpureum, flaked, intense crimson		5	6
754	**	longipetalum, rose, very distinct and beautiful			6
755	**	pallidum, pule delicate rose			6
756	**	roseum, rose-lilac	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4	-
757		striatum, rose-lilac, striped white		2	6
758	Bertoloni, p.	ale rose	each	1	6
759	Bivonæ		each	1	0
760	Byzantinum	, rose, flowers beautiful, perfect in form, and produced in great profusion	per 100, 215.	3	0
761	1)	fol. variegatis, foliage variegated	each is.	10	6
762	Lætum, pale	rose, very small flowers  Merendera Bulbocodium), rich rose-lilac	each	ľ	0
763	Montanum (	Merendera Bulbocodium), rich rose-likac		5	6
4,	King Street	I Covent Garden 1822]			

779

Colchigum—continued.	8.	d.
764 Parkinsonii, petals gracefully reflexed, and beautifully chequered rose-lilac and whiteeach	2	6
765 Soboliferum (Merendera Soboliferum)cach		
766 Speciosum, flowers larger and of the same beautiful rose-colour as Byzantinumeach	I	6
767 , rubrum, the most magnificent of the Colchicum family, intense crimson-magenta, petals		
of great substanceeach	5	6
768 Variegatum, syn. tesselatum and Agrippinum, chequered rose-purple and white, per 100, 15s. per doz.	2	6
769 pallidum, rose, chequered white	I	6
Besides the above, we have other species, but not sufficient stock to offer at present,		

# BULBOCODIUM OR SPRING MEADOW-SAFFRON.

A very early Spring flowering bulb, producing rich masses of rose-purple flowers, which like the Colchicum, precode its foliage. As a permanent edging, or for rockwork, it is charming.

770 Vernum, rose-purple, per 100, 12s. 6d.; per doz., 2s.
771 ,, fol. variegatis, rose-purple, foliage margined white, per doz., 7s. 6d., cach 9d.

# SNOWDROP (GALANTHUS NIVALIS).

Seldom, indeed, is an entire bed given up to the Snowdrop, and yet, if there be one pleasure greater than another to the lover of Spring flowers, it is the sheet of graceful snowy blossom produced by the Snowdrop when grown in a mass. The bulbs thus cultivated should almost touch each other; and to secure a succession of bloom from the same bed, plant Tulips, Hyacinths, or Narcissus at a depth of six inches, and the Snowdrops on the top of these at a depth of three inches. The Snowdrop will have passed out of bloom while the succession is coming forward, leaving an elegant green carpet of foliage to set off the more massive blossoms of the Tulip or the Hyacinth. A fine effect is also produced by intermingling Crocus and Snowdrops, while a bed of surpassing beauty is formed when a deep edging of Scilla sibirica is used to set off a centre of Snowdrops, and vice versa.

It is in permanent situations, however, that the Snowdrop is most generally used, such as edgings, lines, and masses, where the roots can remain undisturbed. In grass lawns and pleasure parks the Snowdrop looks charming in scrolls, fancy devices, or dotted about in masses. In planting, the turn should not be disturbed, but holes five inches deep should simply be made with a dibber, dropping in two inches of fresh soil, then three bulbs, and keeping the holes about three inches apart. The same thing may be done in banks and grass slopes with fine effect.

			₹.	a .		<i>a.</i>	<i>u</i> .		0-	и.
772	Double-flowering	per 1000	21	o p	oer 100	2	6 .	. per doz.	0	5
773	Single-flowering	,,	21	0	11	2	6 .	. ,,	0	5
774	Double-flowering, extra large roots	,,	28	o	1)	3	ο.	. ,,	0	-
775	Single-flowering ,,	,,	28	o	**	3	ο.	. ,,	0	6
THE GIANT SNOWDROP.										

These large flowered beautiful species of Snowdrop are from the remote parts of Western Europe; they are distinguished from Galanthus nivalis by their broad foliage, large flowers, and taller growth, and should occupy an important place in every collection of hardy bulbs. per doz., 10s. 6d. 1 0 778 Imperati, collected bulbs ... 

# LEUCOJUM.

These are the Spring and Summer Snow-flakes. Vernum is one of the carliest and loveliest of Spring flowers. Estivum and Pulchellum are remarkable in April and May for their large Snowdrop-like blossoms, 

# SCILLA.

The beautiful effect produced by the early flowering Scillas can scarcely be overestimated. The intense rich blue of Sibirica, and the ultramarine blue of Bifolia, are unique early in Spring. They flower with the Snowdrop and the Crocus, and form a contrast pleasing and beautiful. For permanent edgings and groups they are matchless, producing their flowers so freely as almost to hide the foliage. Cultivated in pots or jardinets, either matchess, producing their nowers so freety as annost to inde the longer. Cultivated in pots of particles, either alone, or associated with other bulbs, they are exceedingly valuable for indoor decoration. In flower beds, their blossoms carpet the ground. Bifolia comes first, succeeded by Sibirica, followed by Amena and Italica, thus forming a connecting link with the Wood Hyacinth on page 26. Italica is a charming plant; its clear porcelain blue flowers, and dwarf compact growth, make it valuable for edgings and masses.

784 Sibirica, intense rich blue, very dwarf........ per 100, 9s.; larger bulbs, 10s. 6d.; per doz., 1s. 6d. and 2s.
785 a few very large bulbs for pot culture... per 100, 2s.; per doz., 3s.
786 Bifolia, ultramarine blue, very dwarf........ per 100, 15s.; per doz., 2s. 6d.

789 amæna, bright blue .....per doz.

### PUSCHKINIA.

These are delicately beautiful fairy-like plants, the flowers rising from the midst of small concave leaves. The varieties of Libanotica are the most beautiful, and should be in every collection of bulbous plants. 3 d. 791 Scilloides (true), small lilac and white flowers, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft. each
792 Libanotica, white, shaded blue, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft. t 6
793 ... compacta, white, shaded blue, very rare, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft. 5 6 [Barr and Sugden,

# TRITELEIA (MILLA).

The two varieties of Uniflora are unique plants for edgings, beds, or masses, their beautiful porcels	ain
flowers expand early in Spring and continue decorative to the end of May. These in pots, with from six	
twelve roots, are very beautiful when in bloom. T. laxa and Murrayana flower throughout June and Ju	ily,
producing large umbels of the most lovely coloured blossoms.	
794 Uniflora conspicua, white, shaded porcelain, ½ ftper 100, 4s. 6d.; per doz., 6d	
795 , lilacina, porcelain, striped violet, \frac{1}{2} ft	4
796 Laxa, rich Tyrian purple, 1 tt	9
797 Murrayana fine larger day blue lined burble 1 ft	- 2

# DOG'S-TOOTH VIOLET.

The varieties of Dens-canis in old-fashioned Gardens were wont to be grown profusely, and no prettier sight eould meet the eye than their beautifully variegated foliage. Few of the much prized Anceetoehilus of India were equal to these in their variegations, and, when covered with their graceful Cyclamen-like flowers, ranging from the deepest purple to the purest white, the effect was matchless. Americanum is remarkable for its rich yellow blossoms, and Giganteum for its bunch of large flowers.

s. d.

798 Erythronium Dens-canis, purple, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft		
800 ,, major, whits, large flowered, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft. ,, purpureum major, purpte, large flowered, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft. ,, 802 ,, roseum, rose, large flowered, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft. ,	1	6
801 ,, purpureum major, purple, large flowered, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft. ,, 802 ,, roseum, rose, large flowered, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.	2	6
802 ,, roseum, rose, large flowered, 1 ft	4	6
	વં	6
000	4	6
803 ,, passiflorum, rose, shading to white, large flowered, \(\frac{1}{4}\) ft,,	3	6
804 ,, candidum, distinct, 4 ft.	5	6
805 ,, mixed, fine	I	6
806 ,, large flowered,	3	6
807 ,, Americanum, bright yellow, \{ ft	5	6
808 ,, giganteum (new), 1 fteach 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d.,	& 3	6

# WINTER ACONITE.

The golden blossom of the Winter Aconite richly contrasts with the pure white of the Snowdrop and the lovely blue of the Scilla sibirica, while the rich green carpet of leaves, which continues long after the flowers, makes this a valuable plant to cultivate in situations where it is difficult to clothe the ground, such as under trees, where few things will grow. It also succeeds in moist situations where few flowering plants thrive.

809 Winter Aconite, golden yellow, per doz., 6d.; per 100, 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.; per 1000, 21s. to 30s.

# IRIS.

🕼 The large Banksian Silver Medal of the Royal Horticultural Society was awarded to our collection of

Iris, exhibited on the 19th June.

The colours of the Iris are rich, diverse, and extremely beautiful, forming combinations only to be met with in the choice Orchids of the hothouse. Orchids however, can be enjoyed only by the very few, while the Iris may be grown by all. It is perfectly hardy and of easy culture. A judicious selection, including the most beautiful to the most quaint in form and combination of colour, would impart to the flower borders quite an orchidaceous effect from Christmas to July. Iris Alata and Histrio flower at Christmas, Longipetala in January; Reticulata soon follows, and continues flowering for a long time; its red-purple and intense violet-blue sweet-seented flowers may be seen fully expanded and remaining uninjured when the ground is covered with snow and the thermometer several degrees below freezing-point. In the succession comes the violet-scented Persica, with its delicate rich combination of colour. Then follows the beautiful Iberica, with its satiny-white, rich purple-brown, and black-mottled flowers. After that comes Pumila, the dwarf species so admirable for permanent edgings. Close upon these, *Nudicaulis*, with its large violet flowers; and the *Barbata* group, with its kindred species and varieties, and their endless variations of colour, ranging from white and the richest and their encless variations of colour, ranging from white and the reness variations of colour, ranging from white and the renest golden yellow, to rose, intense purple, and the most beautiful bronzes, carry us into June. Sibirica then continues the chain of succession with its pretty orchid-like blossoms; and then comes the splendid Kampferi, with its grand clematis-like flowers, and magnificent colours; while they are still effective, come the Spanish (the small bulbous Iris of Spain), with their flowers of snow-white, porcelain-blue, and clear yellow, and with combinations of succession with the still the still the specific property of the property of successions. of mottlings which are only to be compared with those of the rare and curious Orchids. Last in the list are the *English* (the large bulbous Iris of Spain), with flowers so sumptuous, representing almost every shade of colour, Queens of the Orchids, and these bring us to the end of July. We have not spoken however, of the pretty Peacock-Iris, nor of the wonderful Iris Susiana, nor of the Variegated foliaged Iris, which is so pretty in vases and so effective in the flower garden, nor of the charming little Iris Cristata for dry banks. These, and the others quoted in our Catalogue, form the unbroken chain from Christmas to August. To cut for filling vases and for table bouquets, the whole of the Iris are admirably adapted.

ENGLISH IRIS FOR BEDS OR MASSES.

These are the great bulbous Iris of Spain, and should be grown in a well-drained soil. Where the soil is heavy, the roots when planting, had better be surrounded with sand. The varieties we describe, are distinct, diversified, and strikingly beautiful, and should be planted during the Autumn for a July display. The flowers of these, which we annually exhibit at the Meetings of the Royal Horticultural Society, contrast

favourably with the Orchids on exhibition. In the descriptions, S, is used to signify the Standards or erect petals, F, the Falls or drooping petals.

	s, $d$ .			d.
/	810 3 each of 24 magnificent varieties	per doz	. т	0
-	811 1 each of 24 ditto 5 o 813 Choice mixed ,, 8/6	,,	I	3
	811 1 each of 24 ditto		2	0
	3 1 2	per do?	. ca	ca.
		s, d	. 8.	d.
	814 Adrian, S. lilac, mottled purple, F. white, stained rose-lilac	. 2 6	50	3
	815 Blanche fleur, S. and F. ivory-white, tinged soft rose	. 3 (	50	4
	816 Cleanthus, S. crimson, F. rich purple-crimson	. 2 6	5 0	2
				5
	12, King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.			
		C		

		loz.	
IRIS, ENGLISH—continued.		d.	
817 Constantia, S. purple, F. violet, flamed crimson	2	6	3
818 Damon, S. rich purple, F. violet.	. 2	66	
819 Gloriosa, S. mottled purple and white, F. lavender, slained purple	2	66	3
820 Grande Blanche, S. white, feathered purple, F. white, slightly blotched purple	2	66	3
821 Hypocrates, S. red purple, F. rose-lilac, shading to blue	2	66	3
822 Ismere S. violet-crimson, F. velvety burble	. 2	66	3
823 Keizerin, S. lavender-blue, F. white, conspicuously margined lavender	2	60	3
824 Lebanon, S. purple, mottled white, F. white, heavily mottled purple	2	60	3
825 Lilacina, S. lavender, feathered purple, F. lavender, shading to white	2	6	3
826 L'Etincellant, S. red-lavender, stained purple, F. rose-lilae and white	. 2	66	) 3
827 La Vierge, S. violet purple, F. violet-blue	2	60	3
828 L'Unique, S. rich claret, F. purple and white	2	60	3
829 Mathilda, S. mottled purple and white, F. lavender, stained purple	2	60	3
830 Melpomene, S. crimsou-purple, F. violet-purple and white	2	60	3
831 Orion, S. purple-violet, F. blue-violet, and white	2	60	) š
832 Peleus, S. claret, F. rich crimson and white.	2	66	) 3
833 Pharon, S. velvety crimson, F. rich crimson		60	o š
834 Second Viceroy, S. lilac, mottled purple, P. silvery-lilac, shading to white	. 2	60	3
835 Venus, S. white, feathered mauve, F. white, shaded lavender, and stained purple	2	60	
836 Vainqueur, S. lavender, feathered violet, F. delicate lavender	2	60	3
837 Valentine, S. red-lavender, F. lavender, shading to white		6	2 3
838 Victoria, S. white, flamed purple, P. white, stained purple			
			•

SPANISH IRIS.

These are the small bulbous Iris of Spain, differing from the English Iris in the smaller size of the roots and flowers, also in their more curious combinations of colours, and in blooming about a fortnight earlier. They require the same cultural treatment as the English Iris, and though the flowers are less sumptuous, they are no less beautiful and interesting. Those offered are the most distinct and charming.

The flowers of these, which we annually exhibit at the meetings of the Royal Horticultural Society, favourably compare with the rare and curious Orchids in beauty, variety, and combination of colours.

				8,	u.				σ.	
	839	3 each of 12 magnificent varieties .		5	6	1	841	Fine mixedper 100, 3s.; per doz.	0	6
<	840	reach of 12 ,,		2	6	ı	842	Choice mixed ,, 4s. 6d.; ,,	0	8
				doz. ca		•		per doz		
			8,	d, $s$ ,	d.			$\epsilon$ , $d$ .	8.	d.
	843	Bella donna, deep blue and yellow .	2	00	3	i	849	Leon d'Orange, fine large yellow 2 o	0	3
	844	Bella Esdre, white	2	00	3			Montrose, purple and yellow 2 0		
	845	Berengaria, yellow and brown	2	00	3	Ĺ	851	Perle d'Overveen, light bluc 2 o	0	3
	846	Uzar Peter, blue and yellow	2	00	3			Regulus, agath 2 c		
	847	Harold, fine yellow	2	00	3			Telemachus, violet and yellow 2 0		
	848	Lady Rowena, pearland yellow	2	00	3			Vespacianus, brown and yellow 2 o		
					J			- '		

#### SUNDRY BULBOUS IRIS.

#### THE FLAG OR EVERGREEN IRIS.

The Iris now following have rhizomatous roots and flag leaves. They are found more or less abundantly in all countries, and at almost every altitude, from the dell to the mountain top, and in almost every soil and situation; and are endless in their variations of colour, and diversity of growth; their height ranging from the miniature *I. Cristata* of the North American uplands to the tall Pseudo-Acorus of our British marshes. They commence blooming with our Spring flowers, and maintain a floral display till the end of July. The dwarf species make admirable edgings, and are very effective on rockwork; the taller growing kinds are magnificent objects in the flower border, amongst shrubs, in woodhand walks, and round the margins of lakes; even in town gardens they succeed where few other plants can exist. Their flowers range in size from the miniature to the most sumptuous. For effect and for decorative purposes they compete with the most beautiful Orchids. To cut for filling vases and for indoor decoration few flowers will compare with them.

#### IRIS PUMILA OR DWARF IRIS.

Charming varietics, growing from 6 to 12 inches high, and in flower during March, April, and May. For groups in small borders, and as edgings to Rhododendron beds, herbaccous borders, etc., they are invaluable, succeeding in almost any soil and situation. The permanency of the blossom is enhanced however, in places where they are slightly protected from cutting winds and hot sunshine.

In the descriptions S. is used to signify Standards, or the erect petals; F., Falls, or the drooping petals.

865 One each of the Pumila Section, 6s.

| 866 Pumila varieties in mixture, per 100, 18s.; per doz., 2s. 6d.

| Barr and Sugden,

867 868 869 870 871	,,	S. and F. rich purple minor, S. and F. claret-purple atro-corulea, S. violet-purple, F. crimson-purple albiensis alba, white ,, corulea, blue	0 I 0	6 6 0 6	875 876 877 878	,, ,,	cœrulescens, S. and F. clear blue furcata, S. and F. deep rich purple intermedia.  lutea, S. and F. clear yellow	0 0 0 1	6 6 0
871 872 873			0	6			F. sulphurversicolor, S. violet, F. purple	0	6

IRIS KÆMPFERI, JAPANESE FLAG IRIS.

These new Japanese Iris are truly magnificent, and are a perfectly distinct race. They have large flat Clematis-like flowers, 5 to 7 inches in diameter. The colours are rich and beautiful, and in many diversified shades, from pure white to rose, and from rose to the richest blues and purples, tinted, shaded, and blotched, and frequently elaborately veined, each petal having a distinct orange spot more or less conspicuous. The foliage of

the plant has a spreading fan-like-outline, which is very pleasing.

the plant has a spreading tan-like-outine, which is very pleasing.

On the 3rd of July, we exhibited a group of scedlings at the fortnightly meeting of the Royal Horticultural Society, and were awarded three First-elass Certificates, as follows:—Alba grandidissima, ivory white, spotted orange; Robert Parker, grey lilac, heavily flaked crimson-purple; Mrs. Barr, delicate lavender, beautifully netted lilac, and blotched orange. Many grand varieties had passed out of bloom before we had the opportunity of submitting them to the Floral Committee, and also since the exhibition. We, however, have great pleasure in offering these new scedlings, which we received from our friend Max Leichtlin, Esq., of Baden-Baden. They are an important addition to these popular garden favourites, and what is of great importance, these seedlings are an important addition to these popular garden favourites, and what is of great importance, these seedlings flower as freely as the other races of Iris.

CULTURE.—Remove the natural soil, and replace with sandy peat and leaf mould, encourage a free growth

during summer, and when the plants are fairly established they will flower profusely.

880 Our own selection, 6 in 6 varieties of Iris Kæmpferi ..........51., 125., 185., 245., and 305. 12 in 12 ,, ......21s., 30s., and 42s.

	each-s.	d.		ach—s.	d.
882 Kæmpferl, original species	0	6	892 Lemoinei	5	6
883 Alba Minor	I	6	893 Madame La Greele d'Hanis	. T	0
884 Alexander Von Humboldt	I	6	894 Marmora	т	6
885 Alexander Von Siebold	I	6	895 Miguelli	K	6
886 Blumei	2	6	898 Nippon	0	0
887 Defries	2	6	897 Oudemansi	ď	6
888 Duchess de Belcourt	I	0	898 Purpurea	I	6
889 Ernest Moritz Arndt	I	0	899 Minor	Y	6
890 Ida	2	6	900 Reinwardtii	7	6
891 Krelagci	7	6	901 Rutherford Alcock	I	6
TO DESIGNATE STATE	1 TDT~ *				

NEW VARIETIES OF IRIS KÆMPFERI, JAPANESE FLAG IRIS.

Raised by Max Leichtlin, Esq., Baden-Baden, flowered by us at our Experimental Grounds during the past summer. 902 1 each of these magnificent varieties ......... 42s. | 903 1 each of 12 magnificent varieties ...... 25s. & 30s. 

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cach—s.
                                                                                                               each-s. d.
3 6
                                                               915 Max Leichtlin, red-lilac, shaded blue, and
                                                                      marbled white .....
907 Amos Perry, purple-violet, mottled white ...
                                                               916 Mrs. Earr, lavender, netted lilac .....
                                                                                                                         6
908 David Syme, purple, shaded violet-blue ....
909 Doctor Hogg, rich claret-purple.....
                                                               917 Philip Frost, claret, yellow eye .....
                                                      3
                                                                                                                         6
                                                               918 Professor Dyer, claret-purple.....
910 General Grant, rich purple, shading to blue
911 John Fleming, purple, shading to blue
                                                               919 Purpurea marmorata, purple, mottled
                                                              912 John Standish, blue, shading to purple.....
913 Lord Beaconsfield, rich pur., shaded crim.
                                                          6
914 Marmorata, blue, shading to violet, marbled
                                                                                                                     2 6
       white...... 3 6
IRIS BARBATA, THE BEARDED IRIS, COMMONLY CALLED GERMAN OR FLAG IRIS.

Our collection of this Section of Iris has been pronounced the most complete in England, and in "THE GARDEN" of Aug. 29th, 1874, a lengthened, elassified, and descrip-
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tive list is given of the varieties we have flowered. Those we enumerate in this list are a selection from upwards of 200 varieties. The better to understand our descriptious, we furnish a woodcut, and it will be observed from it that three of the petals are erect—these are called *standards*; the other three droop—these are called *falls*. The small tongued parts of the flower are the *petaloid stigmas*, under which run the "beards." The flowers in this Section are all large and very handsome, more or less beautifully mottled in the standards, and reticulated in the falls; the beard's ranging from delicate primrose to orange, and the petaloid stigmas frequently enhancing the general effect by their contrast of colour. We furnish these important particulars that our descriptions may be the better understood, as we have not attempted to take in these individual points, but to deal with the colours which strike the eye on first looking at the flower, is no flower, however, that so improves by examination. There At first sight its beauty is equal to the Orchid, but, on closer examination, we have no liesitation in saying it possesses points of interest surpassing the finest Orchid. In colours there are the richest yellows, the intensest purples, the most delicate blues, the softest mauves, and the most beautiful claret-reds. There are whites, and primroses, and bronzes of every imaginable shade-indeed, language fails us in picturing the beauties of this flower; and, consequently our descriptions fall far short of the reality; and this will be readily understood when we state that there may be found in almost any one of the flowers from 10 to 20 different



shades harmonizing and blending in such a manner as to make one perfectly enthusiastic. Those who have not

12, King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.]

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IRIS BARBATA-continued.
used this Iris for surrounding artificial lakes and ponds, or grown it in the flower borders, shrubberies, and woodland walks, should do so. It is also most valuable wherever a large quantity of cut flowers is required from May to July, as plants when established, will, with good cultivation, increase in size annually till they attain
large proportions, each plant yielding 50 to 100 spikes of bloom.
In the descriptions S. is used to signify Standards, or the erect petals; F., Falls, or the drooping petals.
          50 in 50 most superb varieties of Iris ..... 42 0
                                                                                                             930 Choice mixed varieties..... per 100, 40s. to 50
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  6
                                                                                                                       Fine mixed varieties ...... per doz., 4s. 6d. to 5
925
          25 in 25
                                                                             ..... 21
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926
                                                                                                             932
           12 in 12
                                                                              ...... 12
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           50 in 50 very fine varieties
                                                                              ..... 30
                                                                                                             933
                                                                                                                                                                  ...... per doz, 3s. to 4
927
                                                                                                     0
                                                                      ,,
                                                                                                                       Mixed blue and white varieties .....per doz. 4
                                                                               ..... 15 0
                                                                                                             934
928
          25 in 25
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                                    ,,
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                                                             ...... 6s. and 9 o
                                                                                                             935
                                                                                                                       Mixed bronze varieties ......
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  6
929
          12 in 12
                                     ..
         We bave arranged the Iris Barbata in natural groups to facilitate amateurs in making selections. Each
group has a distinctive characteristic. Germanica flowers first, and is represented by the blue, purple, and white
Flag Iris of our gardens; they flower at the same time, and are extremely decorative in May. Aphylla embraces the species Plicata and Swertii; the Standards have a frill-like appearance arising from the marginal coloured transverse lines on a white ground. Amount has the standards white, or approaching to white. Neglecta has the standards purple, or approaching to purple. Pallida has the standards ranging from pale lavender to rose-lilac. Squalens embraces those with the standards bronzed; and Variegata has the standards
invariably yellow.
          Germanica, the Blue Flag Iris (Bot. Mag.), S. blue, F. purple ...... per 100, 10s. 6d.; per doz.
                                                                                                                                                                                                           2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  6
936
937
                                  6
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938
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        The following commence flowering as the Germanica group goes out of bloom, and continue the succes-
          sion till July.
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940
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942
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943
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944
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945
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946
                            Swertil (striata), S. white, margined lavender, F. white and lavender (Swect), S. white, tinged lavender, F. white, slightly margined lilac (Alvarez, S. white, mottled purple, F. crimson, reticulated white (Calypso, S. white, F. mottled purple and white (Comte de St. Clair, S. white, F. crimson-purple, reliculated white (Duchess of Nemours, S. white, F. purple, mottled white (Borletta, S. white, S. white, F. crimson-purple, mottled white (Glorletta, S. white, tinged lilac, F. white, stained crimson (Julette, S. white, tinged lavender, F. violet blue, stained white (Morpheus, S. white, tinged lavender, F. violet, heavily mottled white (Poteau, S. white, tinged lavender, F. violet, heavily mottled while (Sir Garnet Wolseley, S. purc white, flaked purple, F. velvety crimson, reticulated white
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          Amœna (
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                              Sir Garnet Wolseley, S. purc white, flaked purple, I. velvety crimson, reticulated white
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959
          Neglecta
                             (Bot. Mag.) S. decided lavender, F. purple mottled, with dark lines .....
960
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                               Agathe, S. white, margined and mottled lavender, F. white margined lavender .....
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961
                             Agathe, S. white, margined and mottled lavender, F. white margined lavender
Alice, S. pale lavender, F. rich purple, mottled white
Aspasia, S. while, striped purple, F. purple-erimson, mottled white
Atropos, S. lavender-blue, F. rich velvety crimson, upper part mollied white
atro-purpurea, S. deep purple, F. very deep purple
Chameleon, S. rich blue, F. light crimson
clarissima, S. purple, shading to blue, F. rich crimson, mottled white
De Bois de Milan, S. light lavender, F. rich crimson
Fairy Queen, S. while, flaked purple-blue, F. purple-blue, heavily reticulated white
Fantasie, S. lavender blue, F. purple mottled

Expressed Bart S. delicate lavender, F. lavender
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                             Fantasie, S. lavender blue, F. purple mottled
Florence Bart, S. delicate lavender, F. lavender
halophila, S. lavender blue, F. red purple
Harlequin Milanais, S. white, tinged lavender, F. rich crimson-purple
Irma, S. lavender, F. crimson-purple, heavily mottled white
Nationale, S. purple-blue, F. rich velvety crimson, reticulated white
neticulata, S. pale lavender, F. velvety crimson, reticulated white
nurpurea, S. pale lavender, F. rich velvety crimson, reticulated white
Rowlandiana, S. lavender-blue, F. light purple, upper part reticulated while
n purpurea, S. deep lavender, F. purple.
Sultan, S. lavender, F. rich velvety purple, reticulated white
Victorine, S. white, moltled blue, F. rich violet-blue, upper part mottled white
Virginie, S. lavender, F. rich velvely-crimson, lined with white
Wille Bart, S. lavender, F. white, reticulated purple
970
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 978
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 981
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 982
           Pallida (Reich), S. dark lavender, F. violet-purple

Astarte, S. purple-lilac, F. rich crimson-purple

azurea, S. azure blue, F. violet-purple
 983
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 984
 985
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 986
                              Cordella, S. azurt otae, F. velocte-purple
Cordella, S. violet, F. velocty crimson-black, very large
Cytheree, S. blue, F. violet.

Dalmatica, S. lavender-blue, F. lavender, tinged purple.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   6
 987
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 988
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 989
                               Garlbaldi, S. rosc-lilac, F. rosc-purple .....
 990
                              991
992
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                              Maerisart, S. mauve, F. purple-crimson.

Queen of May, S. and F. rosc-lilac
 993
 994
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You	Danpar	A—continued,		٠.	
995	Pallida.	Raphael, S. and F. deep lavender-blue  rubella, S. red-purple, F. deep red-purple ruberissima, S. red-purple, F. claret variabilis, S. light purple, F. deep purple, both changing to slate-lavender  Walner S. deep lavender blue, E. backte, while the blue blue blue blue blue blue blue blu	anah	g.	d.
996		rubella. S. red-purple. F. deep red-purple	cach	ò	6
997	"	ruberissima, S. red-burble, F. claret	,,	I	0
998		variabilis, S. light purple, F. deep purple, both changing to slate-lavender	"	ō	9
				0	9
1000	Squaler	8 (Keich), S. primrose-bronze, F. crimson-burble reticulated white		0	9
1001	**	ADQUI AZIZ, S. bronze-burble, F. rich crimson-burble, reticulated white		I	0
1002	9.9	Arnols, S. bronze-purple, F. rich velvety crimson  Certere, S. lavender-bronze, F. crimson-purple, reticulated white	**	r	0
1003	31	Dester Person S. lavender-bronze, F. crimson-purple, reticulated white	**	I	0
1001	10	Doctor Bernice, S. coppery bronze, F. very rich velvety crimson	11	0	9
1005	13	Folgerie, S. yellow-bronze, F. crimson-brown, reticulated white  Hericaut de Thury, S. bronze-primrose, F. red-brown, reticulated white	"	0	
1007	"	Hugh Block, S. primrose-bronze, F. reticulated purple, white and brown	"	I	0
1008	,,	Icarus, S. primrose-bronze, F. purple-crimson, reticulated white		ī	0
1009	.,	Jacquiniana, S. red-bronze, F. velvety crimson	,,	ī	o
2010	,,	Judith, S. bronze-primrose, F. crimson-purble, reticulated white		r	6
1011	**	Julius Cæsar, S. sulphur-bronze, F. rich velvety crimson		I	6
1012	11	Lauv Jane. S. brown-bronze. F. crimson-bronze		I	0
1013	19	Lady Seymour, S. lavender, F. while and purple mottled	**	0	9 6
1014	**	La Frestiose, S. glittering bronze, F. rich velvely crimson, reticulated white	,,	0	
1015	19	latifolia, S. primrose-bronze, F. purple, mottled white	**	0	9
1016	***	lavandulacsa, S. lavender, tinged primrose, F. decided lavender	**	0	
1017 1018	**	La Vesuve, S. blue, mottled bronze, F. rich purple-crimson	**	I	0
1019	***	Lord Grey, S. coppery rose, F. deeper coppery rose  Marmora, S. bronze-purple, F. purple-crimson, reticulated white	"	0	6
1020	"	Monsieur Cherion, S. sulphur-bronze, F. crimson-velvet, mottled white	**	I	0
1021	,,	M. Defries, S. primrose-bronze, F. light purple.	**	ō	9
1022	,,	Mozart, S. brown-bronze, F. purple-bronze, mottled white	"	r	ő
1023	0	Mrs. Meston, S. rich bronze purble, F. rich purble		r	6
1024	**	Pancratius, S. primrose-bronze, F. pale purple	,,	0	6
1025	11	Fuluias, S. orown-oronze, P. rich deep crimson		r	0
1026	**	Racine, S. light bronze purple, F. rich purple Rabacca, S. primrosc-bronze, F. intense crimson	,,	I	6
1027	,,,	RS DSCCa, S. primrosc-bronze, F. intense crimson	,,	0	9
1028		Sir Walter Scott, S. bronze-yellow, F. rich crimson-brown	- 11	r	0
1029		Van Geertii, S. purple-bronze, F. rich crimson, reticulated white		0	9
1031		wenusta, S. bronze-primrose, F. rich crimson, reticulated white	"	0	9
1032	Variega	tta (Bot. Mag.), S. rich yellow, F. rich crimson-brown	,,	r	0
1033	,,	Apon Hassan, S. fine clear rich vellow, F. vellow, mottled crimson-brown		ī	ŏ
2034		Adonis, S. chrome-yellow, F. crimson-brown, reticulated white	,,	I	0
1035	,,,	Alcibiades, S. vellow, F. velvety crimson		r	0
1036	,,	Angustissima S rich golden vellorn E stelstetu crimson-brown		I	0
1037	**	Apollon, S. sulphur, F. crimson-brown	**	I	0
1038		De Bergin, S. yellow, F. crimson, reticulated yellow	**	Ι	0
1039		Doctor Bersine, S. chrome-yellow, F. white, and crimson mottled	"	I	0
1040 1041		Enchantress, S. bright yellow, F. coppery red, reticulated yellow  Humboldti, S. yellow, F. velvety crimson-brown	"	r	6
1012		Louis de Cerise S. Light wellow R. crimson burble reticulated wellow and white	"	ī	0
1043		Louis de Cerisé, S. light yellow, F. crimson purple, reticulated yellow and white major, S. rich yellow, F. brown, reticulated white	"	I	6
1044		Malvina, S. yellow, tinged with bronze, P. mottled brown and white	.,	I	6
1045		Matthioli, S. deep rich vellow, F. crimson-brown, reticulated white	.,	r	0
1016	**	Mexicana, S. fine chrome-yellow, F. crimson, reticulated white	,,	I	0
1047		Minnie, S. orange yellow, F. crimson-brown, reticulated white	***	I	0
1048		Rigoletts, S. chrome-yellow, F. velvety crimson, reticulated white	- 11	I	6
1049		spsctabilis lutea, S. rich yellow, F. crimson, edged yellow	**	0	9
1000	Aurea (	Rob Reyel), S. and F. rich yellow	"	1	6
1052	LIAVESC	Munite, S. primrose, F. light primrose.  Munite, S. primrose, F. primrose, reticulated lavender	"	0	9
1052	Florent	ing (Peich) S. gratite F. guitte I. Companies albo	••	ō	6
1054	Ganyme	ina (Reich), S. white, F. white, (I. Germanica alba) edes, S. yellow, mottled purple, F. velvety crimson, beautiful	"	r	6
1055	Innocer	122a, S. pure white, F. pure white, slightly reticulated, beautiful	. ",	2	6
1056	Lurida	(Reich), S. bronze-purple, F. rich purple-crimson, scented elder	. ,,	0	9
1057	Nepaler	1818. S. blue. F. purple. a magnificent species, resembling Germanica but larger		2	
1058	Nudica	ulis, S. purple, F. crimson-purple	**	0	6
1059	Sub-biff	ora (Bot. Mag.), S. and F. very rich deep purple	• •	r	0
<b>T</b> 000	sambu	Ina major, S. bronze-primrose, F. purple-crimson, scented elder	,	I	0

#### SUNDRY SPECIES OF BEARDLESS IRIS.

Under this heading we enumerate a few species of Iris more or less rare and beautiful. Amongst the most noteworthy, I. Iberica, ranks foremost, it is of dwarf growth, with large and beautiful flowers, in which are curious combinations of colour. Our illustration, page 19, represents the flower of this plant. Cristata, with its amethystine flowers and close dwarf growth, succeeds best in well-drained borders, or on rockwork. Suitana, has large flowers of rare beauty. Sibirica is distinguished by its long narrow leaves and small orchid-like flowers, Stylosa by its winter blooming, Sanguinea by its lovely coloured flowers, Ruthenica by its dwarf fan-like flowers, and Tuberosa by its fantastic flowers in March; while Versicolor and Virginica are remarkable for their dwarfer growth, and neat, beautiful flowers, which are admirably adapted for small bouquets, finger glasses, etc.
Thus we might describe each of those enumerated.

2. d.
1061 Acuta, blue, reticulated white, 13 ft. each I o

1061 Acuta, blue, reticulated white, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.

1062 Attica, S. and F. sulphur, shaded purple, dwarf, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.

1063 Columnaris, S. and F. violet-purple, reticulated white, 3 \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.

1064 Cristata, rich amethyst-blue, spotted deep blue, striped orange, 3 in.

1065 Cuprea, S. and F. orange, 2 \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.

<sup>12,</sup> King Street, Covent Gardon, 1877.]

RIS, BEARDLESS—continued.  1066 Erratica, S. white, F. white, yellow centre, x½ ft				
1068 (n. Carlegatis, an effective variegated winter foliage plant, 1½ ft. per doz. 5s. 6d, o 6 1069 Goldenstadtil, white and golden yellow, 3 ft			8.	
1068 foldenstadtii, white and golden yellow, 3 ft	1066 Erratica, S. white, F. white, yellow centre, 13 ft	each	I	6
1069 Goldenstadtil, white and golden yellow, 3 ft			0	9
1070 Graminea, blue and purple, 1 ft.  1071 Hexagona, S. deep violet, F. violet, mottled white, 1 ft.  1072 Iberica, a dwarf species of great beauty, with large pure satiny-white flowers, lower petals rich brown-purple, spotted black, 1 ft.  1073 Longipetala, S. lavender, F. white, reticulated blue, 3 ft.  1074 Ochroleuca, S. pure white, F. white and yellow, 3 ft.  1075 Prismatica, S. and F. rich light blue, spolted orange  1076 Pseudo-Acorus, yellow, 3 ft.  1077   1078   1079 Ruthenica, blue, a pretty miniature species, with a distinctive fun-like foliage, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ft.  1080 Sanguinea (orientalis), S. and F. velvety blue, very beautiful, 3 ft.  1081 Sibirica, S. bright blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft.  1082   1083   1084   1085   1086   1087   1088   1088   1089   1089   1080   1081   1081   1082   1083   1084   1085   1086   1087   1088   1088   1089   1089   1080   1081   1081   1082   1083   1084   1085   1086   1087   1088   1088   1089   1089   1089   1080   1081   1081   1082   1083   1084   1084   1085   1086   1087   1088   1089   1089   1089   1080   1080   1081   1081   1082   1083   1084   1085   1086   1087   1087   1088   1089   1089   1090   1091   1091   1091   1092   1092   1094   1095   1096   1096   1097   1096   1097   1096   1097   1096   1097   1098   1099   1099   1099   1099   1099   1099   1099   1099   1099   1099   1099	1068 ,, fol. variegatis, an effective variegated winter foliage plant, 1 ft. per doz. 5.	6d. ,,	0	6
1071 Hexagona, St. deep violet, F. violet, motitled white, 1 ft	1069 Goldenstadtii, white and golden vellow, 3 ft.		I	6
1072 Hexagona, S. deep violet, F. violet, mottled white, 1 it.  1072 Iberica, a dwarf species of great beauty, with large pure satiny-white flowers, lower petals rich brown-purple, spotted black, 1 ft.  1073 Longipetala, S. lavender, F. white, reticulated blue, 3 ft.  1074 Ochroleuca, S. pure white, F. white, reticulated blue, 3 ft.  1075 Prismatica, S. and F. rich light blue, spotted orange  1076 Pseudo-Acorus, yellow, 3 ft.  1077  1078 pallida, delicate primrose, 3 ft.  1079 Ruthenica, blue, a pretty miniature species, with a distinctive fan-like foliage, \( \frac{1}{2} \) ft.  1080 Sauguinea (orientalis), S. and F. velvety blue, very beautiful, 3 ft.  1081 Sibirica, S. bright blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft.  1082 pracilepsis, S. purple, F. purple, reticulated white, very beautiful, 1\frac{1}{2} ft.  1084 pracilepsis, S. purple, F. blue-purple, reticulated white, 3 ft.  1085 pracilepsis, S. purple, F. blue, reticulated white, 2 ft.  1086 printifiora, S. violet purple, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft.  1087 plena, 3 ft  1088 Spurla major, 2 ft.  1098 Stylosa, S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter flowering, 1 ft.  1099 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1\frac{1}{2} ft.  1091 prosea (Snakeshead), violet and green, \( \frac{3}{4} ft.  1095 prosea perfecta, S. and F. rose-purple, 1\frac{1}{2} ft.  1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft.  1098 prosea perfecta, S. and F. beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft.  1099 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful  1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful  1098 prich are for the control of the contro	1070 Graminea, blue and purple, I ft.		I	0
1072 Iberica, a dwarf species of great beauty, with large pure satiny-white flowers, lower petals rich brown-purple, spotted black, I ft. 25.6d, and 36.1073 Longipetala, S. lavender, F. white, reticulated blue, 3 ft. 36.1074 Ochroleuca, S. pure white, F. white and yellow, 3 ft. 37.1074 Ochroleuca, S. pure white, F. white and yellow, 3 ft. 37.1075 Prismatica, S. and R. rich light blue, spotted orange 37.1076 Pseudo-Acorus, yellow, 3 ft. 37.1078 38.1077 39.107	1071 Hexagona, S. deep violet, F. violet, mottled white, T ft.		I	0
rich brown-purple, spotted black, I ft	1072 Iberica, a dwarf species of great beauty, with large pure satisty-white flowers lower be	tals		
1073 Longipetala, S. lavender, F. white, reticulated blue, 3 ft.  1074 Ochroleuca, S. pure white, F. white and yellow, 3 ft.  1075 Prismatica, S. and F. rich light blue, spolted orange  1076 Pseudo.Acorus, yellow, 3 ft.  1077 , japonicus fol. variegatls, a beautifully variegated foliage plant, 3 ft.  1078 , pallida, delicate primrose, 3 ft.  1079 Ruthenica, blue, a pretty miniature species, with a distinctive fan-like foliage, \(\frac{3}{4}\) ft.  1080 Sanguinea (orientalis), S. and F. velvety blue, very beautiful, 3 ft.  1081 Sibirica, S. bright blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft.  1082 , alba, S. white, F. mottled purple, 3 ft.  1083 , gracilepsis, S. purple, F. purple, reticulated white, very beautiful, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1084 , grandiflora præcox, S. purple, F. blue-purple, reticulated white, 3 ft.  1085 , minor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 2 ft.  1086 , minutiflora, S. violet purple, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft.  1091 on plena, 3 ft  1092 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1093 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, \(\frac{3}{4}\) ft.  1094 Versicolor, S. red-lilae, F. rose-purple, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1095 , major, S. red-lilae, F. rose-purple, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful  1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful  1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful	rich brown-burble, shotted black, I ft.	and	2	6
1075 Prismatica, S. and F. rich light blue, spotted orange	1073 Longinetala S. Invender F. white reliculated blue of	illia ))	_	
1076 Prismatica, S. and R. rich light blue, spotted orange 1077	1074 Ochroleuca S. tour unite E unite and vellen at	,,		-
1077 ", japonicus fol. variegatis, a beautifully variegated foliage plant, 3 ft. ", 1 o 1078 ", pallida, delicate primrose, 3 ft. ", 1 ft. 1079 Ruthenica, blue, a pretty miniature species, with a distinctive fan-like foliage, \( \frac{3}{2} \) ft. ", 0 9 1080 Sanguinea (orientalis), S. and F. velvety blue, very beautiful, 3 ft. per doz. 4s. 6d. o 6 1082 ", alba, S. white, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft. per doz. 5s. 6d. o 6 1082 ", gracilepsis, S. purple, F. purple, reticulated white, very beautiful, 1\frac{1}{2} ft. 1 f	1075 Prismatica S and R wish light blue shalled organize	,,		-
pallida, deteate primrose, 3 ft.  1078 Ruthenica, blue, a pretty miniature species, with a distinctive fan-like foliage, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1080 Sanguinea (orientalis), S. and F. velvety blue, very beautiful, 3 ft.  1081 Sibirica, S. bright blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft.  1082 "alba, S. white, F. mottled purple, 3 ft.  1083 "gracilepsis, S. purple, F. purple, reticulated white, very beautiful, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1084 "grandifiora præcox, S. purple, F. blue-purple, reticulated white, 3 ft.  1085 "minor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 2 ft.  1086 "minutifiora, S. violet purple, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft.  1087 "plena, 3 ft.  1088 Spuria major, 2 ft.  1089 Stylosa, S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter flowering, 1 ft.  1090 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1091 "major, larger and more beautiful than 1090  1092 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1094 Versicolor, S. red-lilae, F. rose-purple, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1095 "najor, S. red-lilae, F. rose-purple, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1096 "rosea perfecta, S. and F. beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft.  1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful  1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful	1076 Psaudo Agome vallon of	,,		_
pallida, deteate primrose, 3 ft.  1078 Ruthenica, blue, a pretty miniature species, with a distinctive fan-like foliage, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1080 Sanguinea (orientalis), S. and F. velvety blue, very beautiful, 3 ft.  1081 Sibirica, S. bright blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft.  1082 "alba, S. white, F. mottled purple, 3 ft.  1083 "gracilepsis, S. purple, F. purple, reticulated white, very beautiful, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1084 "grandifiora præcox, S. purple, F. blue-purple, reticulated white, 3 ft.  1085 "minor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 2 ft.  1086 "minutifiora, S. violet purple, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft.  1087 "plena, 3 ft.  1088 Spuria major, 2 ft.  1089 Stylosa, S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter flowering, 1 ft.  1090 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1091 "major, larger and more beautiful than 1090  1092 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1094 Versicolor, S. red-lilae, F. rose-purple, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1095 "najor, S. red-lilae, F. rose-purple, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1096 "rosea perfecta, S. and F. beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft.  1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful  1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful	1079 Isolato-Acoltas, jettovoj, 3 fan	,,		-
1080 Sanguinea (orientalis), S. and F. velvely blue, very beautiful, 3 ft. per doz. 4s. 6d. of 1081 Sibirica, S. bright blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft. per doz. 4s. 6d. of 1082 alba, S. white, F. mottled purple, 3 ft. per doz. 5s. 6d. of 1083 per doz. 5s. 6d. of 1083 per doz. 5s. 6d. of 1084 per doz. 6s. 6s. per fer blue-purple, reticulated white, 3 ft. of 1085 per innor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 2 ft. of 1086 per innor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft. of 1086 per innor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft. of 1087 per innor, 2 ft. of 1088 per innor, 2 ft. per innor, 2 ft. per innor, 2 ft. of 1089 per innor, 2 ft. per innor, 2 f	1077 ,, japonicus ioi. variegatis, a veautifutty variegatea joitage piant, 3 it	,,		
1080 Sanguinea (orientalis), S. and F. velvely blue, very beautiful, 3 ft. per doz. 4s. 6d. of 1081 Sibirica, S. bright blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft. per doz. 4s. 6d. of 1082 alba, S. white, F. mottled purple, 3 ft. per doz. 5s. 6d. of 1083 per doz. 5s. 6d. of 1083 per doz. 5s. 6d. of 1084 per doz. 6s. 6s. per fer blue-purple, reticulated white, 3 ft. of 1085 per innor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 2 ft. of 1086 per innor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft. of 1086 per innor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft. of 1087 per innor, 2 ft. of 1088 per innor, 2 ft. per innor, 2 ft. per innor, 2 ft. of 1089 per innor, 2 ft. per innor, 2 f	1070 Publicate primarose, 3 tt.	,,	_	-
1081 Sibirica, S. bright blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft. per doz. 4s. 6d. 61082    " alba, S. white, F. mottled purple, 3 ft. per doz. 4s. 6d. 61083    " gracilepsis, S. purple, F. purple, reticulated white, very beautiful, 1½ ft. 161084    " grandifiora præcox, S. purple, F. blue-purple, reticulated white, 3 ft. 161085    " minor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 2 ft. 161085    " minutifiora, S. violet purple, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft. 161086    " plena, 3 ft. 161088 Spuria major, 2 ft. 161089 Stylosa, S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter flowering, 1 ft. 161089 Stylosa, S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter flowering, 1 ft. 161090 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1½ ft. 161091    " major, larger and more beautiful than 1090    " major, larger and more beautiful than 1090    " major, sakeshead), violet and green, ½ ft. 161091    " major, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1½ ft. 161095    " rosea perfecta, S. and F. beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft. 161096    " rosea perfecta, S. and F. beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft. 161097    1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft. 161097    1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft. 161097    1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft. 16109    1098    1099 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft. 16109    1099 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft. 16109    1099 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft. 16109    1090    1091    1092    1093    1094    1095    1095    1096    1097    1098    1099    1099    1099    1099    1099    1099    1099    1090    1091    1092    1093    1094    1095    1095    1096    1097    1098    1099    1099    1099    1099    1090	1009 Ruliemica, biue, a pretty miniature species, with a distinctive fan-like foliage, \$11	,,		
alba, S. while, F. mottled purple, 3 ft. per doz. 55. 6d. 66. 66. 67. 68. 68. 68. 68. 68. 68. 69. 68. 69. 69. 69. 69. 69. 69. 69. 69. 69. 69	1000 Sanguinea (orientalis), S. and F. velvely blue, very beautiful, 3 it	,,		
1083 , gracilepsis, S. purple, F. purple, reticulated while, very beautiful, 1\frac{1}{2} ft. , 1 6 1084 , grandifiora præcox, S. purple, F. blue-purple, reticulated white, 3 ft. , 0 9 1085 , minor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 2 ft. , 0 9 1086 , minutifiora, S. violet purple, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft. , 1 0 1088 Spuria major, 2 ft. , 1 0 1088 Spuria major, 2 ft. , 1 0 1089 Stylosa, S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter flowering, 1 ft. , 1 0 1090 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1\frac{1}{2} ft. , 1 0 1091 , major, larger and more beautiful than 1090 , 5 0 1092 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1\frac{1}{2} ft. , 1 6 1093 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, \(\frac{3}{4} ft. \) , 6 1094 Versicolor, S. red-lilae, F. rose-purple, 1\frac{1}{2} ft. \) , 7 1095 , major, S. red-lilae, F. rose-purple, 1\frac{1}{2} ft. \) , 7 1096 , rosea perfecta, S. and F. beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft. \) 0 9 1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful	1081 Sibirica, S. bright blue, P. blue, reticulated while, 3 itper doz. 4s.	6d. ,,	_	_
1084 , grandifora præcox, S. purple, F. blue-purple, reticulated white, 3 ft. , o 9 1085 , minor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 2 ft. , o 9 1086 , minutifiora, S. violet purple, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft. , o 9 1087 , plena, 3 ft . , o 9 1088 Spuria major, 2 ft. , 2 6 1089 Stylosa, S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter flowering, x ft. , i 0 1090 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1½ ft. , i 0 1091 , major, larger and more beautiful than 1090 , 5 0 1092 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1½ ft. , i 6 1093 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, ½ ft. , o 6 1094 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1½ ft. , o 9 1095 , major, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1½ ft. , o 9 1096 , rosea perfecta, S. and F. beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft. , o 9 1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful	, alba, S. white, F. mottled purple, 3 itper doz. 5s.	6d. ,,	0	
1086 ,, minor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 2 ft. , o 9 1087 , minutiflora, S. violet purple, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft. , o 9 1088 Spuria major, 2 ft. , o 9 1089 Stylosa, S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter flowering, 1 ft. , o 9 1090 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1½ ft. , i 0 1091 , major, larger and more beautiful than 1090 , 5 0 1092 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1½ ft. , i 6 1093 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, ¾ ft. , o 6 1094 Versicolor, S. red-lilae, F. rose-purple, I ft. , o 9 1095 , major, S. red-lilae, F. rose-purple, 1½ ft. , o 9 1096 , rosea perfecta, S. and F. beautiful rose-purple, I ft. , o 9 1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful	1083 , gracilepsis, S. purple, F. purple, reticulated white, very beautiful, 14 ft.		I	6
1086 ,, minor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 2 ft. , o 9 1087 , minutiflora, S. violet purple, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft. , o 9 1088 Spuria major, 2 ft. , o 9 1089 Stylosa, S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter flowering, 1 ft. , o 9 1090 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1½ ft. , i 0 1091 , major, larger and more beautiful than 1090 , 5 0 1092 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1½ ft. , i 6 1093 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, ¾ ft. , o 6 1094 Versicolor, S. red-lilae, F. rose-purple, I ft. , o 9 1095 , major, S. red-lilae, F. rose-purple, 1½ ft. , o 9 1096 , rosea perfecta, S. and F. beautiful rose-purple, I ft. , o 9 1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful	1084 ,, grandiflora præcox, S. purple, F. blue-purple, reticulated white, 3 ft		0	9
1086 , minutifiora, S. violet purple, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1085 minor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 2 ft.		0	9
1088 Spurla major, 2 ft	1086 , minutiflora, S. violet purple, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft.	,,	0	9
1088 Spuria major, 2 tt. , 2 6 1089 Stylosa, S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter flowering, x ft. , 1 0 1090 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1½ ft. , 1 0 1091 , major, larger and more beautiful than 1090 , 5 0 1092 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1½ ft. , 1 6 1093 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, ¾ ft. , 0 6 1094 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1 ft. , 0 9 1095 , major, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1½ ft. , 1 0 1096 , rosea perfecta, S. and F. beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft. , 0 9 1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful	1087 ,, plena, 3 ft		I	Ó
1089 Stylosa, S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter flowering, 1 ft	1088 Spuria major, 2 it.		2	6
1090 Sustana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1\frac{1}{2} ft. , 1 o 1091 , major, larger and more beautiful than 1090 , 5 o 1092 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1\frac{1}{2} ft. , 1 6 1093 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, \frac{3}{4} ft. , 0 6 1094 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1 ft. , 0 9 1095 , major, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1\frac{1}{2} ft. , 1 0 9 1096 , rosea perfecta, S. and F. beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft. , 0 9 1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful	1089 Stylosa, S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter flowering, x ft.		1	0
1092 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1½ ft. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1090 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 12 ft		1	0
1092 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1½ ft. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1091 major larger and more beautiful than 1090			0
1094 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1 ft. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1092 Tectorum syn, tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully stotted vt ft	,,		6
1095 Yersicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1 ft. , , o 9 1095 , major, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1\frac{1}{2} ft. , , 1 o 1096 , rosea perfecta, S. and F. beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft. , , o 9 1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful	1093 Tuberosa (Snabethead) violet and green & ft	,,		-
1095 , major, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) ft , , 1 0 1096 ,, rosea perfecta, S. and F. beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft. , 0 1097 Violacea, rich deep violet, beautiful . , 3 6	1094 Versicolor S red-lilac E rese-purple 7 ft	,,		0
1096 ,, rosea perfecta, S. and F. beautiful rose-purple, 1 ft	1095 major S red lilar E rose-durble 1) ft	,,		-
1097 Violacea, rich deeb violet, beautiful	1096 roses norfacts C and E hautiful was August a fi	,,	_	_
1098 Virginica, S. velvety purple, F. rich purple, 13 ft. , 0 9	1097 Violacon with dash mindet heart field	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
1000 Viiginica, S. velvely purple, P. rich purple, 13 11	1000 Visionan C all the total E aid Anall al fa	,,		_
	1000 Tiginica, S. ververy purpos, P. reen purpos, 13 It.	,,	0	9

# IXIAS, MORPHIXIAS, SPARAXIS, TRITONIAS, AND BABIANAS.

These, when grown under glass, bloom in March and April. When cultivated out-of-doors they yield a succession of flowers from May to July. They are allied to each other, and require the same cultural treatment. They differ considerably in their habit of growth, the Ixia by its graceful habit, the Sparaxis by its dazzling brilliant flowers, the Tritonia by its soft vivid transparent colours, and the Babiana by its characteristic foliage, and its flowers ranging in colour from blue to the richest crimson.

and its flowers ranging in colour from blue to the richest crimson.

FOR IN-DOORS.—Plant from September to December five or six bulbs in a five-inch pot, using a compost of turfy loam, leaf soil, and a little silver sand. Make the soil firm about the bulbs, then place the pots in a cold pit or frame, plunging them in ashes, and withhold water till the plants appear, then give sparingly at first. The lights should be left off except during wet or frosty weather. Early in February if the plants have made some growth, they may be removed to the greenhouse, or where there is a very gentle warmth, and the pots placed on a shelf close to the glass, and the plants attended to with water till in bloom.

FOR OUT-DOORS.—Choose, if possible, a light loamy soil, thoroughly drained, and with a due south aspect; if backed by a wall or greenhouse all the better. Plant the bulbs from September to February, at a depth of

For Out-Doors.—Choose, if possible, a light loamy soil, thoroughly drained, and with a due south aspect; if backed by a wall or greenhouse all the better. Plant the bulbs from September to February, at a depth of from four to six inches, and one to three inches apart. As the early plantings make foliage during the autumn, it is necessary to give protection during severe frost, and this may be best accomplished by hooping the beds over and covering when necessary with mats; or if Tiffany is used it may be allowed to remain till the danger of severe frosts has eeased. The plantings made from December to February require no protection, but as they flower more into the summer—the aspect is not quite so important; indeed, with a little protection from the sum's rays, they will keep longer in bloom.

At our Experimental Grounds we have annual displays of these charming flowers, sometimes by making up a temporary pit with about a foot of good soil in it, and during wet and frosty weather covering with shutters, and it is surprising the quantity of flowers we secure in May from these plantings; thus with a trifling amount of trouble a large quantity of valuable cut flowers is had for in-door decoration. In January, we plant in the open ground our surplus roots, and from June to August we have a constant succession of these

lovely flowers.

#### IXIAS.

The colours of these are rich, and strikingly diversified, not only in the different varieties, but in the individual flowers. The Ixia is of a slender and graceful growth, with long loose spikes of bloom which expand in the sun, and present a picture of such gorgeous beauty, as may have been dreamt of in the gardens of the Hesperides.

The descriptions refer to the flowers when open: when closed, most of the yellows and the whites have the outside of the petals red or purple. Thus, when the sun's rays are absent there is one effect, but the brilliancy of the display is when the flowers are fully expanded. s. d. 1102 12 in 12 splendid varieties ..... 1103 Choice mixed..... per 100, 10/6; per doz. 1101 25 in 25 ditto 1104 Fine mixed...... per 100, 5/-; ..... 4 per doz. 1105 Aurantiaca major, yellow, black centre ... 2 1113 Duchess of Edinburgh, pure white, striped 1106 Bucephalus, magenta-purple, beautiful ... 2 rose ..... 1114 Gem, creamy white, purple centre ...... 1115 Glant, light favon, changing to purple ......
1116 Golden Drop, golden yellow, and purple-1109 Conqueror, yellow, shaded red
1110 Crateroides, beautiful rich cerise 6 maroon centre T 1111 Cyrus, delicate primrose, crimson centre ... 1117 Grand Duke, straw colour, red centre ..... 1113 Hector, rose-purple, black centre ...... 4 1112 Diana, white, rose-purple centre ......

Barr and Sugden,

	_			
IXIAS—continued. per doz		1.	per doz.—s. d	
1119 Hemisphere, primrose, tinged red 1120 Hypatia, white, tinged lilac, black centre	~	6 0	1130 Pearl, white, black centre	5
1121 Imperatrice Eugenie, white, tinged rose-	-	.	white, crimson-velvet centre 10 6	5
purple, dark crimson centre		6	1132 Princess Alexandra, pale lemon passing to white, tinged rose-purple, crimson centre. 4	6
1123 Lady Slade, rich pink, carmine centre		6		6
1124 Magnifica, rich deep yellow, black centre	•	6	1134 Smiling Mary, magenta, white centre 4	6
1125 Magnum bonum, white, blue centre, large 1126 Model, straw colour, purple centre		6	1135 Snowdrop, white, violet-blue centre (new) 4 6 1136 The Bride, white, blue centre 5	6 6
1127 Morning Star, white, magenta centre		6	1137 Virgilius, bright yellow, black centre 4 6	6
1128 Nora, pure white, rose centre, lovely		6	1138 Viridiflora, sea green, black centre 3	
1129 Pallas, pale primrose, crimson centre		0   ЗРН	1139 Vulcan, crimson, shaded orange	6
These are sometimes ranged under the head	of In	cia,	and sometimes under Tritonia. They are very distinct	
however, being remarkable for their profusion of b			nd flowering somewhat later than the Ixia and Tritonia	
1140 Paniculata, buff	2 (	6	1142 Paniculata rosea, rosy apricot	
1141 ,, alba; white, black centre	2 (	6	1143 ,, mixed 2 (	6
Mr. Complete of Comment multiple comment			AXIS.	
			go with reference to these, remarked that enthusiasti	
			bloom scarcely knew which to admire most. So great ours and the gorgeousness of the hues, that he had see	
			g at liberty to condomn the performers. The Sparaxis i	
dwarf and compact in growth, imparting a very	prett	y efi	fieet in decoration, and in colour and formation of flowe	r
totally distinct from the Ixia. For pot culture th	ey ar 8. c			,
1144 100 in 10 splendid varieties			1147 12 in 12 splendid varieties 2	6
1145 50 in 10 ditto	6	6	1148 Choice mixed, per 100, 10s. 6d per doz. 1	6
1146 30 in 10 ditto per doz.		6	1149 Fine mixed, per 100, 7s. 6d., ,, per doz.	0
1150 Angelique, white, yellow centre		0 !		6
1151 Bulbifera, yellow, tinged orange	I	6	1159 Nain, white and crimson, primrose centre. 2	6
1152 Delicata, light yellow, centre spotted brown	•	6		0
1153 Garibaldi, rich crimson, yellow centre 1154 Grandiflora striata, rich crimson, marblea		6		6
light crimson		0		6
1155 Josephine, white, with yellow centre	. 2	0	1164 ,, grandiflora, rich crimson 2	Ó
1156 Lady Carey, French white, blotched purple		6	1165 Victor Emmanuel, red and yellow	0
1157 Leopard, primrose, yellow centre		O זידו	ONIAS.	
These in growth resemble the Sparaxis, but			together different in colour, ranging from buff to th	ıe
richest orange, with a beautiful transparency in t	the c	olou	urs peculiar to this flower. They are of a high order of	of
beauty and cannot be too strongly recommended	d to a	asso	ociate with the Sparaxis in all matters of decoration. A	i.t
Cliveden, Mr. Fleming grows T. erocata extensi	vely		furnishing jardinets during the London Season.	d.
1166 6 each 8 splendid varieties7/6, 10/6, &		0	1169 1 each in 12 splendid varieties2/6 & 3	6
1167 3 ,, 8 ditto4/6, 5/6, &	•	6		6
1168 2 ,, 8 ditto 3/6 &	4	6		0
per doz. 1172 Amæna, orange, centre spotted yellow	5	6 1	1179 Eximia, orange-scarlet 3	0
1173 Bella, blush, shading down to rose	2	6	1180 Fenestrata, soft rose-salmon 2	0
1174 Brilliant, rich luminous orange-scarlet	2	6		6
1175 Crocata, bright orangeper 100, 10/6		6		6
1176 Eclair, bright scarlet (new)	3	6	1184 Squalida, white, suffused rose	6
1178 Eleonore, buff, very fine (new)		6		
•	BA		ANAS.	
The Babiana, like the Sparaxis and Trito	nia,	15 0	of dwarf growth and is a very characteristic plant; the	10
Babiana forms a striking contrast both in flower	and	, an foli:	nd these are set off by a dark green hirsute foliage. The	16
	8.	d.	8.	d.
1185 6 each of 8 splendid varieties7/6 to		6		6
1186 3 ,, 8 ,, ,,4/6 to 1187 2 ,, 8 ,, ,,3/6 to		6	1300 Eine	0
1187 2 ,, 8 ,, ,,3/0 to	4	- 1	11190 Fine ,, ,, 73. 60.; ,, 1	
1191 Atrocyanea, purple blue, marked white	2	6	1197 Lady Carey, rose, marked white 3	6
1192 Celia, rose, marked white	2	6	1198 Pallida, pale blue	6
1193 General Froome, violet, spotted white 1194 General Scott, lavender, suffused white	3	6	1199 Rosea grandis, rose-purple, marked white 3 1200 ,, major, magenta, marked white 3	6
1195 General Slade, magenta	4	6	1201 Speciosa, mauve, suffused blue 3	6
1196 Kermesina, rich crimson-magenta		0	1202 Villosa, blue	G
		A RY	HINOHI HO	
THE	KI	NP	IUNCULUS.	

The Ranunculus is a truly beautiful flower, combining the most diversified shades and colours with an

The Ranunculus is a truly beautiful flower, combining the most diversited shades and colours with an exquisite symmetry and compactness. It is a valuable plant in spring, for beds, ribbons, massing and edging, either in mixed or separate colours, and as a cut flower it is as useful as the Rose.

CULTURE.—For successional blooming, plant the Turban varieties from October to January, and the Persian from January to March. The Ranunculus succeeds best in somewhat moist ground, but any soil, properly prepared, will grow it to perfection. Plant on a dry day, when the soil works kindly; draw drills two inches deep and five or six inches apart, sprinkling a little sand at the bottom of the drill, then press the tubers firmly into the soil, with the claws downwards, cover with sand, and then with soil, always keeping the crown two

<sup>12,</sup> King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.]

RANUNCULUS-continued.

inches under the surface. During severe weather, cover the bed with dry litter, leaves, or old tan; but the covering must be removed before the plants appear. In April and May, should the weather be dry, water the beds freely two or three times a week, and when the flower-buds appear water daily if necessary, and continue doing so while the plants are blooming; but be careful to wet the foliage as little as possible.

# DOUBLE PERSIAN RANUNCULUS FOR BEDS, RIBBONS, AND MASSES. These consist of varieties selected for their large handsome flowers and brilliant colours.

These consist of varieties selected for their arge manasonic nowers and primatic colours.
OUR OWN SELECTIONS.
£ s. d. s. d. s. d. s. d. s. d. s. d. 8 6
1204 250 ditto ditto 1 1 0 1206 60 in 20 ditto 5 6
1204 250 ditto ditto I I o   1206 60 in 20 ditto
1208 Fine ditto 215.: ditto, 25. 6d.: ditto, 6d.
per 100. per doz.
1209 Belladonna, white, spotted
1210 Californian Gold, golden yellow 3 6 6 1219 Mount Vesuvius, red spotted 3 6 6
1211 Capucin, glowing orange 3 6 6 1220 Mr. Glenny, primrose, edged rose 5 6 1 0
1212 Commodore Napler, primrose, tipped 1221 Œil Noir, jet black, beautiful
with purple
1213 Count Orloff, yellow, spotted rose 3 6 6 1223 Prince de Galitzin, yellow 4 6 9
1214 Fireball, bright red
1215 Grand Vainqueur, white, spotted 3 6 0 1225 Scarlet Star, brilliant scarlet 5 6 1 0
1216 Grandistora, rose-lake, motiled 3 6 6 1226 Utopia, rose, margined crimson 5 6 1
1217 Leon d'Orange, orange
1228 Mixed from the above named varieties, per 100, 5s.; per doz., 1s.
SPLENDID NEW DOUBLE PERSIAN RANUNCULUS, DUTCH AND SCOTCH VARIETIES.
s. d. s. d.
1229 A collection of 100 in 100 splendid varieties 14 6   1231 A collection of 25 in 25 splendid varieties 4 0
1930 Fo in Fo
7 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
DOUBLE TURBAN OR TURKISH RANUNCULUS.
These differ considerably from the Persian in the flowers being larger and mostly of one colour. They are
exceedingly effective in Spring, and admirably adapted for beds, ribbons, and masses in the Flower Garden,
where their rich yellow, bright orange, brilliant scarlet, and pure white flowers are unsurpassed

here their rich yellow, bright orange, brilliant scarlet, and pure white flowers are unsurpassed. OUR OWN SELECTIONS.

			s. a.					ಾ≟ ಕ	
1233 IOOO	n 10 splendid varieties	2	2 0	123	250 in 10 Sp	olendid varietie:	s	0 1	2 6
1234 500	n 10 ,,								
	1237 Splendid mixed,	per 10	oco, s	os : po	er 100, 3s, 6d.	; per dozen, 6	id.	•	
1238 Splei	did mixed varieties of Grandi	ilora ;	thes	e are	robust plants	from 12 to 18	inches high, v	vith l	arge
	flowers of rich and varied colour	s, and	l fine	constit	ition, per roc	, 15s.; per do	zen, 2s. 6d.		•
	per i	00. pc	rdoz.				per 10	oo, per	doz.
		d. i					s.	d. s	d.
1239 Brig)	nt Yellow	. 0	06	1 1244	Orange		2	0 (	6

	8	d.	8.	d.				s.	d. $s.$	d.
1239 Bright Yellow	2	Ο.	0	6	1	1244 Or	range	3	00	6
1240 Carmine	7	6	.I	- 6	- 1	1245 Sc	carlet. splendid	2	00	-6
1241 Crimson Grandiflora	4	6	.0	Q	П	1246 St	potted (Souci d'Or)	7	6ı	0
1242 Crimson-brown or black	2	0	۰.	6	1	1247 Va	ariegated, mottled red and vellow	5	6r	0
1243 Golden Yellow	5	6	ı.	0	ı	1248 W	/hite	7	6r	0

# THE ANEMONE.

Amongst the diversified forms of floral beauty which enrich the flower garden, from the first opening blossoms of Spring to the last rose of Summer, the Anemone should occupy a conspicuous place. Its blossoms are of the most dazzling hues of scarlet, purple, and blue, self-coloured and striped. The foliage is elegantly

laciniated, and the growth is neat and compact, so that in beds, groups, ribbons, or as an edging to Tulip or Hyacinth beds, arranged citber in distinct colours or mixed, they produce a unique effect.

Culture.—The Ancmone delights in a light rich loamy soil, but succeeds in any soil which is well drained. Sea-sand, or a little salt mixed with the soil, is a good preventive of mildew; in other respects, the culture and after-management should be precisely the same as that of the Ranunculus.

NEW DOUBLE ANEMONES, FOR BEDS AND MASSES.

The flowers of the Double Ancmone are extremely handsome, and resemble a semi-double Hollyhock. If planted from October to December, they will bloom in succession during the early Spring months, while those planted in February or March will flower from April to June.

The following large flowered varieties are admirably adapted for planting in beds, masses, or ribbons as

and the state of t	2011	as						
a contrast to each other.	8.	d.						
1249 300 in 15 splendid varieties	7	6						
1250 200 in 15 ,	4	6						
1251 roo in ro ,,	2	6						
1255 Fine mixed double, all colours 2s. 6d. per 100; 6d. per doz.								
1256 Splendid mixed double, all colours								
1257 Splendid double scarlets in shades 6s. 6d. per 100; 1s. per doz.								
1258 Splendid mixed double blues and purples								
per doz # d	. 8.	d.						
1259 Cedo Nulli, purple, carmine, and scarlet 1 6   1269 Prince Alfred, rose, spotted, and scarlet	2	6						
1260 Fanny, rose and scarlet	r	6						
1261 Feu de Parade, 10sy scarlet								
1262 Garibaldi, rose and scarlet 5 6 1272 Rembrandt, carmine								
1263 Hamlet, light blue 2 6 1273 Scarlet Star crimson and scarlet								
1264 King of Scarlets, rich brilliant scarlet I 6 1274 Sir Robert Peel, blue and purple	2	6						
1265 Leverrier, beautiful red	1	6						

1266 L'Ornement de la Nature, rich bluc 2 0 1267 Miss Nightingale, rose and green 2 0 1276 Thalia, light rose and green ..... т 6 1277 Wilberforce, dark blue ..... [Barr and Sugden,

#### NEW VARIETIES OF SPLENDID DOUBLE ANEMONES. d. 1279 A collection of 100 in 100 splendid varieties 15 0 | 1281 A collection of 25 in 25 splendid varieties 1280 ,, 50 in 50 ,, 9 0 | 1282 ,, 12 in 12 ,, 6 SINGLE POPPY ANEMONES. The Single Anemone has large beautiful poppy-like blossoms, and may be had in flower throughout the Spring and early Summer months; and, in sheltered nooks and mild seasons, even in December and January. 1283 Fine mixed, 2/6 per 100; 0/6 per doz. 1284 Choice Mixed, 4/0 per 100; 0/9 per doz. 1287 Blue ......per doz. 6 1288 Purple ..... Y 1285 Scarlet, 3/o per 100; 0/6 per doz. 1286 Brilliant Scarlet, 5/o per 100; 1/o per doz. 1289 Red ..... I 6 1290 White ...... ANEMONE PAVONINA, Stellata or Horteusis (THE PEACOCK OR STARRY WIND FLOWER). The Single Peacock or Star Anemone is remarkable for its brilliant colours and elegant flowers. The selection we have made represents the two characteristic features of this species, viz., self-colour, and with a conspicuous white centre. They flower very early, and may be used for pot culture. The foliage is very graceful. The double Anemone Pavonina, No. 1307, is remarkable for its fiery-scarlet feathery petals. s. d. 1293 Fine mixed, per 100, 12/6; per doz., 2/0 1294 Mixed from the collection, per 100, 15/; per doz.2/6 1295 Admiral, crimson-purple, white centre ... 2 1302 Josephus, rich orange-scarlet ...... 2 6 1303 La Fidele, orange-rose 2 1304 Lord Peel, rich scarlet, white centre 2 1305 Leander, orange-scarlet, white centre 2 1306 Triton, rich purple, white centre 2 1296 Allegaricus, scarlet..... 1297 Archimedes, deep lilac 2 1298 Cæsar, crimson-purple 2 1299 Favourite, scarlet, white centre 2 1307 Double red Peacock Anemone, per 100, 7/6, 1300 Gladstone, rose ...... 2 per doz. 1 o 1301 Homerus, crimson-scarlet, white centre ... 2 ANEMONE SPECIES. Under this heading are ranged Spring, Summer, and Autumn flowering Anemones. A. Apennina is one of the most lovely of early Spring flowers; its rich blue blossoms and elegant foliage are unsurpassed. Intermingled with the delicate porcelain shaded white flowers of Triteleia, the effect is charming. A. fulgens is the most dazzling searlet flower of Spring. A. japonica elegans, rubra, and alba, amongst herbaeeous plants, are unsurpassed for their profusion of beautiful flowers and ample foliage; the flowers continue till destroyed by frost. cach—s. d. cach—s. d. 1312 Japonica rubra, rose purple, per doz. 75.6d. o 9 1308 Apennina, rich blue, \( \frac{1}{2} \) ft., per 100, 15s.; per doz., 2s. 1309 Fulgens, dazzling scarlel, ½ ft. ... 10s.6d. 1310 Japonica alba, pure while ...per doz., 5s. 1313 Nemorosa bracteata fl. pl., white, 2 ft., per doz., 5s. Λ 6 ı ö ...... 0 1311 elegans, rose ..... 55.

# CYCLAMEN.

In a finger-glass, a bouquet, or a button-hole, no flower elicits so much marked attention and admiration as the Cyclamen. Many of the varieties are as remarkable for the beautiful variegation of their foliage as for the charming neatness, chasteness, beauty, and grace of their flowers. They all succeed in a sitting-room or cool greenhouse. The varieties of Atkinsi, Coum, Hederæfolium, Repandum, Vernum, and Europæum, are perfectly bardy, simply requiring a little shelter from the cutting winds of Spring and the hot sunshine of Summer. If planted in the open border, remove the soil and replace it with rubble to the depth of eighteen inches, on this place an inch or two of good soil. So planted and left to establish themselves they will grow freely, yielding abundance of flowers. Planted on rockwork they are ornamental in the highest degree. When cultivated in pots, the drainage should be well looked to, and the only protection necessary is when in bloom for the preservation of the flowers. The Cyclamen we have named, for many years have been flowering in our Experimental Grounds under an old the flowers. Hederæfolium and its varieties, Africanum, Europæum, and Macrophyllum flower in Autumn; Atkinsi, Coum, Ibericum, and Vernum of Sweet, flower in Winter and Spring. Repandum, which Mr. Atkins considers the true Vernum, has beautiful foliage, and flowers in April.

Cyclanien Europæum we import from the Alps. It is a delightfully fragrant species, and we strongly

recommend its culture on rockwork, at the bottom of old walls and in wild gardens. 25s. per 100.

Cyclamen Hederæfolium and its variety Græcum have beautiful Anœctochilus-like variegated foliage, which is decorative throughout the Autumn and Spring months, and is uninjured by the most unfavourable weather. Often in the dead of Winter have we gazed upon masses of these, and felt surprised that they have not been adopted as Winter bedding plants, for if associated with Seilla bifolia, Seilla sibirica, and Snowdrops, the effect would be perfect.

In Autumn, from amidst the foliage, rises a profusion of magenta-coloured flowers, which, followed by the Scillas and Snowdrops yield a succession and variety of flowers so charming that we must leave the effect to the imagination of our readers.

Cyclamen Persicum and its varieties are greenhouse plants, but succeed at a very low temperature, such as a cool greenhouse or even a cold frame with a little protection. They also thrive and make vigorous plants in a stove or orchid house, and in London they form one of the principal decorative plants in Winter and Spring.

All Cyclamen are sent out established in pots, except the roots of Europæum, which we sell at 25s. per 100. 1316 Seed saved from the Large Flowered Prize Varieties of C. Persieum grandiflorum, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. per packet. Seedling plants, when properly handled, make fine specimens within 12 months.

1317 Cyclamen Persicum, large flowered Prize varieties in mixture, 125., 185., 245., and 305. per doz.; 15. 6d., 25., 25. 6d., and 35. 6d. each, according to size. Larger specimen plants for Exhibition, 5s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 15s., and 21s. each. Plants in bloom can be supplied from December.

1318 Hardy Cyclamen, Autumn, Winter, and Spring flowering, assorted varieties, per doz., 15s. and 21s.

			eacn—	5.	a.		-16 4-	-	e
3910	A+Irinal	auhita crimena cautra x/6	i to		6	1322	2 Atkinsi rubrum	2	O
1313	wormer!	, white, crimison centre	,	•	-		7/6 10	^	6
1200		carnellm T/6	to t	,	6	1323	Coum. pright red	-	0
1320	"	Carricular		-	٠,		11.0	- 2	- 6
1321		roseum r/6	ito '	2	6	1324	, album	~	•
1021	"	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		•	-				

<sup>12,</sup> King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.]

CYCLAMEN—continued.  1326 Coum carneum.  1327 Europæum, red, sweet-scented, autumn- flowering	2 0 1 2	6 6 6	1334 Persicum	6
1330 ", album, pure white 1/6 to 1331 ", Græcum, reds of shades, Mowers large and beautiful 1/6 & 1332 Iberleum, purple	2	6	1340 album white	6 6 6

# CROWN IMPERIALS.

Stately border plants, producing in spring effective clusters of pendent bell-shaped flowers, which are surmounted by characteristic tufts of fresh green leaves. These are especially adapted for shrubbery borders and outlying situations, where early-flowering plants of stately growth are required. They succeed in almost any soil and situation, but thrive best in loam.

	per doz.				рега	oz, e	acn.
	s. d. s	, d.			8.	d., 8	. d.
1342 Crown upon Crown	7 60	Q	1350 Marquene		~	6 0	
1343 Gold-striped foliage	r	6	1351 Maxima red.	large bronge red	TO	6 4	
1344 Urange Crown, orange red	5 60	6	1352 Maxima vell	W. large bure velloru			6
1345 Suver-Striped foliage	I	6	1353 Minor, red		5	6.0	6
1346 Single Ked	5 60	0	1354 Slagzward		ď	6 0	6
1347 Double Red	3	6	1355 Wm. Rex. bro	nze red	7	6. 0	0
1348 Single Yellow, bure vettory	12 O.T	2	1356 Mixed, variou	s shades	Α.	6 0	, ,
1349 Double Yellow, pure yellow	9	. ŏ	,		-1	٠٠	3

# FRITILLARIAS.

The varieties of F. Mcleagris have singularly marbled pendent bell-shaped flowers. They are effective in flower borders and shrubberies, and are valuable for naturalization in ornamental parks and woodland walks. Persica is almost as stately as the Crown Imperial; its bluish-green foliage, and small, dusky, pendent, bell-shaped flowers impart to it a very distinctive character, which is greatly prized in flower borders. Pyrenaica, like Meleagris, is dwarf, with smaller flowers and less chequered. Kamschatkensis is the Sarana Kamschatkense, the Lilium Kamschatkense and the Black Lily; it is a dwarf plant, and the flowers are very remarkable. All the Fritillarias grow freely in any ordinary garden soil.

per doz.	<del>-</del> 8.	d.				pcr doz	-8.	d.
1357 Kamschatkensis, the Black Lily, each 3/6			ī	1362 N	Ieleagris.	dark chequered	2	6
1358 Persica, brown and purple	4	c		1363	"	pure white	4	6
1359 Pyrenaica, purple	2	6	ı	1364	11	plena, chequered	7	6
1360 ,, major	4	6	1	1365	"	mixedper 100, 10/6	ī	6
1361 Meleagris, rose-chequered	4	6	1	1366 IV	Aixed, brod	id leaved	2	6

# SCILLA.

The "Wood Hyacinth," Scilla nutans, Cernua, and the Spanish forms, Patula and Campanulata, eommence flowering in April and continue throughout May. They delight to exhibit their beauties in somewhat shady situations, such as Rhododendron beds, shrubbery borders, woodland walks, and positions where they can remain undisturbed. All the varieties of Campanulata are deserving of cultivation for eonservatory decoration, and as cut flowers for furnishing vases, they should be largely grown. Campanulata maxima has flowers almost as large as a Duteh hyacinth.

Those who are desirous of naturalizing in their woods and woodland walks the better class of the "Wood Hyacinth," can have special offers of Scitta Campanulata by the 1000.

# LATE SPRING-FLOWERING SCILLAS OR WOOD HYACINTHS.

		per 100, per doz.		per 100, per doz.
1367	Campanulata,	hyacinth blue7/61/0 [	1378	Cernua, red lilac
1368	1)	porcelain	1379	Nutans, dark blue 5/61/0
1369	11	alba, white	1380	" alba, white10/61/6
1370	**	minor, hyacinth blue, dwarf 2/6	1381	,, Belgicus, dark blue10/61/6
1371	,,	major, porcelain-lilac 3/6	1382	
1372	11	,, alba, white 3/6	1383	,, rosea, rose
1373	**	,, rosea, rose 3/6	1384	,, carnea, flesh colour2/6
1374	,,	maxima, light-porcelain 5/6	1385	Patula, fine blue
1375	91			Fine mixed ? For naturali- ( per 1000, 30/: 4/60/0
1376	"			Fine mixed For naturali- Choice ,,   For naturali- zation in wood- land walks, etc.  per 1000, 50/; 6/61/0
1377	29	aperta, fine blue10/61/6	1001	Jandwalks, etc. ( per 1000, 507, 0701/0

Peruviana and Ciliaris flower in Summer, and plants when established produce immense heads of bloom. Japonica and Autumnalis flower in August, and established masses of these at that season make one feel as if they were at the Alpha, instead of approaching the Omega of the flower period.

		ach—s.	d	each—s	. d.
1388	Autumnalis, purple-blue per doz. 4s. 6	d. o	6	1392 Peruviana, dark blueper doz. 5s.	0 6
1389	Ciliaris (Algeriensis), light blue	Υ	6	1393 alba, white , 6s.	- 6
1200	Innanias autumn flourening		U	1005 ,, aiva, white ,, os,	0
1030	vaponica, autumn nowering	0	Q	1394 Umpellata. lilac-blue	ი 6
1391	,, rosea, autumn flowering	I	O	1395 Verna, lilac-blucper doz. 3s. 6d.	0 4

MUSCARI.

M. botryoides is the Grape Hyacinth, remarkable for its dwarf growth and neat compact flower spikes; the dark blue, clear pearl blue, and pure white varieties, strikingly contrast with each other. M. racemosum is the Starch Hyacinth; it flowers at the same time and much resembles M. botryoides, but the individual flowers are larger, and more numerous on the spike, while the foliage is recumbent and more ample; Pallens is less dense in colour, a trifle dwarfer, and forms a fine contrast to the darker species. Both Botryoides, Racemosum and their varieties

[Barr and Sugden,

Muscari—continued.

are charming, cultivated in pots. M. moschatum is the Musk Hyacinth; the flowers are delightfully fragrant, but ineffective; and on account of their pleasant fragrance, we strongly recommend them for pot culture indoors. M. plumosum monstrosum, is the Feathered Hyacinth; it flowers last in this section, and its handsome, plume-like appearance entitles it to a prominent place in every flower border. The Muscari, cultivated in somewhat shady situations, continue a long time in bloom, and established masses or edgings are very effective.

	· ·	-	F	er re	oo, per d	oz.						per :	
			·	3.	d, $s$ .	d.					, d	. 8.	d.
1397	Botryoides	cœruleum,	dark blue	7	бт	0	ı	1402	Racemosum, very dark blue, dwarf				
1398			te				1		and effective in beds	7			
1399	.,	pallidum,	bearl blue	18	02	6	L	1403	" pallens, rich blue			3	6
1400								1404	Fine mixed, for woodland walks and				
			m, purple						wild gardensper 1000, 50/; per	10	0, 6	5/.	

# LILY OF THE VALLEY.

For pot culture, to force for Winter and Spring decoration, the specially prepared clumps cannot be too strongly recommended; or, when grown simply for the flowers and foliage, several clumps may be planted together in a box. In potting the clumps of Lily of the Valley, some growers shake away the old soil, and pot in a good compost; while others prefer the clumps as they have been grown, taking care, however, to pot tightly so as to ensure the moisture penetrating the mass of soil and fibre of the clump. It has now become customary with many to force single crowns, and, when this is done skilfully, fine pots are the result, if from 20 to 30 strong crowns are put into a sinch pot. The growers for Covent Garden Market use both the clumps and the crowns.

with many to force single crowns, and, when this is done skilfully, fine pots are the result, if from 20 to 30 strong crowns are put into a 5-inch pot. The growers for Covent Garden Market use both the clumps and the crowns. CULTURE.—In forcing the Lily of the Valley moisture is indispensable, or the crowns, technically speaking, "go blind." To encourage the development of flower and foliage simultaneously, many growers place them in a partially shaded part of the house, such as under the stage or by inverting a flower pot over the plants till the flower and the foliage have made some progress, when they may be removed to a less shady situation. During the whole period of growth abundance of water must be given at the roots.

cach—s, d.					
1405 Fine clumps for forcingper doz. 12s. 1 3 1409 Crowns, rose coloured, 1406 Extra strong selected clumps ,, 15s. 2 0 1407 Crowns, strong, for forcing or for planting 1410 Crowns, double (fl. pl.)	z., 3s. 6	6d.	)	4	
in beds, per 100, 8s.; per doz., 1s. 3d.  1408 Crowns, second size, for planting only, per 100, 3s. 6d. to 5s. 6d.; per 1000,25s. to 4os.  1411 Variegated foliage, crowns , 1412 Variegated foliage, in pots, each	5s. 6	5d.	0	6	

# CONVALLARIA (SOLOMON'S SEAL).

Those who have not forced this graceful plant, can form no idea how decorative it is in the eonservatory and how attractive on the dinner-table, or how useful it is for table bouquets,

each—s. d.

each—s. d.

1413 Multiflora ......per dozen, 3s. 6d. 0 4 | 1414 Clumps for forcing .... 1s., 1s. 6d., & 2 6

# DIELYTRA.

This is the most graceful of flowering plants for early forcing, prized for conservatory and table decoration, on account of its long elegant sprays of lovely heart-shaped flowers. In sheltered situations, it is a most valuable border plant.

cach—s. d.

cach—s. d.

1415 Spectabilis, 2 ft., per doz., 6s. to 9s.; 9d. to r o | 1416 Spectabilis alba, white, 2 ft. ...2s. 6d. & 3 6

1417 Spectabilis fol. aureo-variegatis, 2 ft. ...... each 9d.

# SPIRÆA.

The elegant leaves and the profusion of graceful pure white fragrant flowers make Japonica one of the most valuable plants for indoor decoration, and as a cut flower for all classes of bouquets. The bright red graceful flowers of Palmata make it one of the most beautiful plants for outdoor decoration, and one of the most charming in the eonservatory. Both of these species of Spiræa are largely forced for Covent Garden Market.

# FUNKIA.

These are fine hardy ornamental border plants, pushing their leaves early in Spring, and in Summer throwing up a profusion of beautiful Lily-like spikes of bell-shaped flowers. The species Sieboldiana and Subcordata grandiflora are remarkable for their exceedingly handsome foliage, and are largely used in beds as fine foliage plants and as edgings to sub-tropical beds. Sieboldiana has large glaucous green leaves; Subcordata grandiflora has ornamental, large, light fresh green foliage, and in autumn throws up grand spikes of pure white flowers, rivalling the Stephanotis. For edgings to beds, Ovata aurea maculata elegantissima, argentea marginata, lanceolata, plantanifolia, and viridis, should be freely used; while for beds of smaller dimensions, edgings of Ovata spathulata, aurea undulata variegata, and aurea will be found most suitable. In mixed flower borders all the Funkias are valuable plants, while in semi-wild places, the large foliaged varieties are highly ornamental, planted in the grass. As a conservatory plant, the Funkias are all desirable, being equally ornamental in flower each—s. d.

							77		
1421	Ovata.	leaves dark green, flowers purple	I	0	1428	Ovata	lanceolata, small green foliage,		_
1422 1423	1,	fol. variegatisargentea marginata, silver edged	2	6	1429		and purple flowers, per doz., 5/6 plantanifolia, rich purple,	0	0
	"			-		,,	per doz., os.	I	0
1424	11	aurea, foliage golden yellow	0	9				_	-
1425		,, maculata, foliage gold and			1430		sinensis, large green foliage,		
		variegated per doz., os.	1	0			per doz., 7s. 6d.	0	9
1426		,, maculata elegantissima,			1431	,,	,, marmorata	2	6
		foliage variegated gold			1432		spathulata, small green foliage	0	9
		and green	1	6	1433		,, albo-marginata, foliage narrowly margined		
1427	1.1	,, undulata variegata, foli-					narrowly marginea		
		age variegated, gold and					white, per doz., 7s. 6d.	U	9
		greenper (loz., 7s. 6d,	0	9					

12, King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.]

28 HEPATICA, D.	AY LILY, CHRISTMAS ROS	E, TROPÆOLUM, AND TUBEROSES.
FUNKIA—continued, 1434 Ovata undulata: age varia 1435 ,, viridis, fol 1436 ,, ,, un	cach—s. d. argentea vittata, foli- gated green and white 2 6 lage green, flowers purple 1 0 14 lvittata, foliage green,	438 Sieboldiana, large glaucous green foliage, per doz., 10s. 6d. 1 0 439 Subcordata, large light green foliage, and large pure white flowers 2 6 grandiflora, differs from No. 1439 in shape of foliage, per doz., 10s. 6d. 1 0
to plants.  1441 Single blue, plant  1442 ,, clump  1443 Double blue, plant  1444 Double red, plants	s, per doz., 6s. to 7/6 o 9   14 ss. 6d., 2s. 6d., to 3 6   14 ss. 6d., 2s. 6d. to 2 6   14	ICA.  ucceed best in a shady situation or a northern aspect.  recommend clumps to be purchased in preference  cach—s. d.  446 Single red, plantsper doz., 7s. 6d. 0 9  447 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
forms of Fulva and Ku Pandanus. 1450 Disticha, fl. pl., ora 1451 Flava, bright yello 1452 Fulva, bronze or 1453 ,, fol. variega	nanso lifted and potted in Spring for cach—s. d.  nge, shaded crimson, 2 ft. 1 6 14  nge, shaded crimson, 3 ft.  per doz., 5s. 0 6  tts, leaves white and  rev effective, 2 ft.	
protected when the floy Maximus is remarkable to ther varieties are interestive to the remarkable to other varieties are interestively together, from many together, from many together, from the remarkable together toget	problem of the control of the control of the largeness of its flower, robusting. Some are exceedingly beau gany sources, a fine collection, including been proven as to the correctness cach—s. d. oz., 9s., 12s., 18s., 25s., 18s., 25s., 18s., 18s., 18s., 16s.,	AISTMAS ROSE).  prized than the Christmas Rose, and few plants are of ter and its varieties (maximus and minor), if slightly ms will expand with a purity as spotless as the snow. It is that green foliage, and early flowering. All the atiful, others highly ornamental or curious. We have atiful, and these soft highly ornamental or curious. We have atiful, and these soft highly ornamental or curious. We have atiful, others highly ornamental or curious.
hardy, the former success Polyphyllum is also har	stand and the most chairing place of the day, and in a sunny situation, and the dy, and in a sunny situation is one of the day of th	um, are slender, graceful, and of rapid growth: for neat ints in cultivation. Pentaphyllum and Speciosum are le latter requiring a moist soil and a sunless aspect; of the most decorative trellis plants in cultivation, large rich golder. yellow flowers.  **cach** s. d.**  **282 Speciosum, **searlet* (established pots, ready to plant out)
The flowers recombli	TUBERO	SES.

The flowers resemble the much-prized Stephanotis, but are more fragrant, and being perfectly double are more generally useful. If planted in succession, from the 1st of January till July, a constant supply of cut blooms may be had from May to December, while the conservatory will be constantly perfumed with the most delicious fragrance. The roots are not sufficiently matured till late in autumn, and therefore cannot be supplied till December. Cultural Treatment as adopted by the growers for Covent Garden.—Pot singly in 5 or 6-inch pots, and plunge the pots in a gentle bottom heat, withhold water till the foliage appears, then give it freely, and when the flower buds are developed, the plants may be removed to a cool house; or grown on in a house with a high temperature and a moist atmosphere. Success depends upon a uniform temperature, and uniformity of moisture in the house. The bulbs intended for early flowering should be potted and plunged in bottom heat as soon as they are procured, and care must be taken that the temperature of the house never falls below 60 deg. The dry bulbs for successional plantings must be kept in a place where the temperature does not fall below 50 degrees. dry bulbs for successional plantings must be kept in a place where the temperature does not fall below 50 degrees.

each-s. d. 1485 Double Italian .....per doz., 3s. 6d. o 4 1487 Double American ...... per doz. 5s. 6d. o 6 1486 extra strong roots, 1488 extra strong roots, per doz., 5s. 6d. o 6 per doz., 7s. 6d. o

The American Tuberoses are now much sought after by the growers for Covent Garden Market. Barr and Sugden,

# TIGRIDIA.

It may fairly be questioned if there is an orchid with such brilliant and gorgeous colours as the Tigridias. Their beautiful tiger-spotted flowers keep expanding daily for months. Plant in March, April and May, and from July a succession of flowers may be gathered daily for months.

1490	Congregate willow - + H. d C.	cach-3,	u,
7.403	Canariensis, yellow, spotted scarlet, 1 ftper doz., 3s.	6d A	
1490	Conchiflora, yellow, spotted scarlet, I ft. per doz., 33.	ou. o	4
X 400	Donominota, yettoto, sported scarter, 1 it	36. 0	- 4
1491	Cœlestis (Phalocallis plumbca), blue, a distinct species, I ftper doz., 5s.	3	7
	Transcams plantical, vine, a alstenet species, I II per doz., 5s.	6d. a	6
1492	Pavonia, scarlet and orange, 1 ft		-
	per doz.,	35. 0	4
1493	Speciosa, dark scarlet and orange T ft	61	
	Speciosa, dark scarlet and orange, I ftper doz., 3s.	oa. o	4

# AMARYLLIS.

Under this heading are ranged plants of the most diverse character, and requiring to be dealt with separately or in groups, as follows :-

# THE FAR-FAMED GUERNSEY AND BELLADONNA LILIES.

The beautiful flowers of the Guernsey Lily are brilliant scarlet, and in the sun's rays appear as if spangled The large handsome flowers of the Belladonna Lily are white, flushed rose-purple, and prowith gold-dust. duced in clusters.

the Guernsey and Belladonna Lilies arrive generally early in September, and always showing the flower-bud. Orders therefore, should be given for them immediately after the 1st and not later than the 15th September, that being their usual blooming period. When executing orders for these bulbs, we examine the flower-bud of each, and send out only such as give promise of good flowers. Notwithstanding this precaution on our part, delay in transit, neglecting to plant immediately they are received, or, it may be, an undeveloped defect in the flower-scape, may lead to partial failure, but for these contingencies we cannot hold ourselves responsible. Therefore, as they are moderate in price those who would ensure the enjoyment of their charming flowering. Therefore, as they are moderate in price, those who would ensure the enjoyment of their charming flowers,

are recommended to purchase an extra quantity.

CULTURE.—Immediately the Guernsey and Belladonna Lilies are received, plant them in light soil, prepared cocoa-fibre or moss, and give water liberally. Bulbs which are purchased after their flowering period, should be potted and treated the same as recommended for Vallota purpurea.

1494 Belladonna Lily (Amaryllis Belladonna) ......per doz. 6 o 1495 Guernsey Lily (Nerine Sarniensis).....

#### HARDY AMARYLLIS.

The Amaryllis, under this heading, are all valuable plants. The varieties of Belladonna yield in Autumn large umbels of beautiful rich, fresh coloured flowers, and are very effective in the conservatory. When grown large umbels of deathful rich, fresh coloured flowers, and are very effective in the conservatory. When grown out of doors, they succeed best close under a south wall, or immediately in front of a greenhouse; and if left undisturbed, will annually produce gorgeous nmbels of lovely flowers. The varieties of Longifolia, are grand border plants, producing large umbels of beautiful funnel-shaped sweet-scented blossoms. Candida (Zephyranthes candida) "The Flower of the West Wind," is valuable as an edging, and decorative in groups, throwing up in autumn a profusion of white Crocus-like flowers. Lutea (Sternbergia lutea), "The Lily of the Field," is charming as an edging, and beautiful in groups, when in Antumn its large rich yellow Crocus-like flowers are expanded, these, combined with the bright fresh green foliage, form a very pleasing combination. Both Amaryllis candida, and lutea, are valuable rock plants. and lutea, are valuable rock plants. per doz. each.

1406 Polladonna gulita ducked mon touth		d. 8.	
1496 Belladonna, white, flushed rosy purple	$p_{alla}$ ) 7	60	9
	Detta-	2	Ó
1498 , Minor, donna Lily, differ from	i caen	I	
1499 blanda other in the size of the bi	10330111		
		I	
j)		2	6
2002 jj 20000 portocom	1 66001167	2	
1502 ,, spectabilis bicolor mend them with cony	MULTICE		
1503 , speciosa purpurea either for pot culture or to	plant "	3	
Thousand bear bear on the state of the state	1	3	0
		I	6
1505 Longifolia alba (Crinum Capense album), white		T	0
1506 ,, pallida ( ,, ,, pallidum), pale rose			
1507 rosea roseum roseum) rose		1	0
		I	0
1508 Candida (Zephyranthes candida), white \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	2	60	3
1909 ,, Inajor (Zephyranthes candida major), white West Wind" (	_	60	
1510 Lutea (Sternbergia lutea), yellow, "The Lily of the Field"	3		
The Billy of the Field	2	60	3

VALLOTA PURPUREA AND THE JACOBŒAN LILY.

Amaryllis purpurea, or as it is better known, Vallota purpurea or Searborough Lily, is one of our most beautiful Autumn-flowering plants. Its rich scarlet blossoms are highly appreciated in the conservatory or sitting-room Window, and to cut for filling vases. Amaryllis formosissima, or the Jacobean Lily, is a quaint-looking beautiful flower; it forces well, and if managed properly will flower several times in the season. When kept dry during the winter, it may be bedded out or planted in the flower borders in May.

APIS TV-Wales were all the second sec	8	ì.	d.
1511 Vallota purpurea, bright scarlet	2	2	6
1512 ,, eximia, bright scarlet, very distinct		2	6
1513 ,, major, bright scarlet, white centre	7	2	6
1514 Amaryllis formosissima (Sprekelia formosissima), rich crimsonper doz., 5s. 6d		5	6

# CHOICE GREENHOUSE AMARYLLIS.

The Amaryllis in large establishments is an indispensable plant; it is decorative in the conservatory, valuable for table decoration, and beautiful for furnishing vases and jardinets, or to cut for table bouquets. With management the varieties of this section of Amaryllis may be had in bloom throughout the year.

1515 Unbloomed Seedling Amaryllis, hybrids from fine varieties. 36s. and 42s. per doz.; 3s. 6d. and 4s. each.

	each-	-8. d	٠.		each	<b>-8.</b>	d.
1516 Ackert	termanni7/6 to	10 6	5 1	1521	Bieri, fine striped	5	6
TOT! MICKAII	xanuer	ς (	) I	1522	Cleonatra 5/6 to	7	6
1518 Aulica	ica3/6 to	5 6	5	1523	Crocea 2/6 to	1	6
1519 ,,	, superba	5 6	5 1	1524	grandiflora3/6 to	-	6
1520 ,,	" major	5 6	5	1525	Diadem	10	6
1518 Aunca 1519 ,,	1ca3/6 to ,, superba	5 6	5	1523 1524	Cleopatra 5/6 to Crocea 3/6 to , grandifiora 3/6 to Diadem	4 5	6

12, King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.

1530 Pyrochroma, orange-scarlet, a new dwar	5 5 5 5 5	6 6 6	1532 Reticulata, variegated foliage species   1533 Species from Bolavia   1534 Venusta tubæflora   1535 Vittata alba   1536 , Harrisoni   1537 , rubra   4/6 to 1538 Fine mixed varieties per doz., 28s.;	5 5 5 3 7 5	666666
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# NERINE.

These are all hardy, but like the Vallota purpurea they require the protection of a frame or greenhouse during winter to encourage the development of the foliage. The beautiful Guernsey Lily (Nerine Sarniensis), so well-known and so highly prized, is the typical plant of this group. The varieties, however, of Fothergilli and Corusea far surpass it in beauty. The flowers have all the beautiful appearance of being spangled with gold dust.

$\frac{1}{1}$ surpass it in beauty. The novels have at each $= s$ , $d$ .					
1539 Corusca major, glittering scarlet	2	6	1543 Japonica	I	0
1540 Curvifolia, scarlet	2	6	1544 Reflexa	2	6
1541 Flexuosa, pink, very distinct	3	6	1545 Undulata, flowers dark rose, and prettily	_	_
1542 Fothergilli, deep vermilion-scarlet, 2/6 &	3	6	crisped. In pots with 3 to 6 bulbs, 1/&	I	0

# ZEPHYRANTHES.

These are all pretty bulbous plants. Candida, the "Flower of the West Wind," throws up its beautiful silvery Croeus-like blossoms in August and September, and makes a charming edging, also beautiful on rockwork and in flower borders. All the varieties make nice pot plants.

each	-s.	d.	each-		
1546 Candida, silvery white, for edgings,	٠,		1550 Mesochloa, green, white, and red		
per 100, 10s. 6d., per doz., 2s.	0	3	1551 Ochroleuca, yellow, crimson centre	I	0
1547 , major, white, tinged rose, per doz., 5/6			1552 Sulphurea, pale yellow		0
1548 Atomasco (true), white, tinged rose			1553 Tubispatha; white, figured in The Garden		
1549 Carinata, rose, figured in The Garden of			of 28th July, 1877	I	0
28th July, 1877		6	_		

# THE GLADIOLUS.

RAMOSUS, AND OTHER EARLY-FLOWERING GLADIOLI.

These are beautiful though not so stately as the varieties of Gandavensis; they bloom earlier, and on this account their value is enhanced in the general succession of flowers A correspondent in the North of England informs us that he has beds of these early flowering Gladioli, which have not been disturbed for 10 or 15 years, and that bulbs, which have been newly planted, convey but a meagre idea of the magnificent effect which is produced from established masses. These should be extensively cultivated where cut flowers are in demand for filling vases.

CULTURE.—Trench the ground, and work abundance of rotten manure in the underspit; plant the bulbs from the beginning of December till the end of March, at a depth of six inches. If the summer is dry and the weather hot, a good soaking of water or liquid manure twice a week will greatly benefit the plants.

CULTURE FOR CONSERVATORY DECORATION.—Plant three in a five or six-ineh pot, and place in a cold frame or pit, plunging the pots in ashes, and withholding water till the bulbs have started into growth; or, the parame or pit, punging the pots in asies, and withinoiding water the first started into grown, of, the pots may be buried in ashes out of doors, as recommended for the Hyacinth, and there allowed to remain undisturbed till ready to remove in-doors. It is customary with many to plant several bulbs close together in the open border, and, when the flower-spike shows the first tint, to lift them without breaking the ball, pot them and place them in-doors. Thus treated, the flowers expand as perfectly as if they had not been disturbed, and the bulbs are in no way injured.

OUR OWN SELECTIONS OF THE FOLLOWING GLADIOLUS, &C., READY END OF OCTOBER.

£	8.	a.			
1554 6 each, of 15 varieties	I	0	1557 Splendid varieties, per 100, 21/; per doz. 0	3	0
		6	1558 Fine mixed per 100, 12/6; per doz. 0	2	6
	4	0	1559 Guernsey Seedlings, per 100, 21/; per doz. 0	3	ç
per doz	-8.	d.	per doz		u.
1560 Cardinalis, bright scarlet, flaked white		6		4	
1561 ,, roseus, rose, flaked white	2	6	1569 Lord Clarendon, red, feathered white	3	6
1562 Colvilli, purplish lilac 10/6 per 100		6			
1563 , albus, pure white, fine	I	6	TOTAL THE LINE OF THE PARTY TOTAL	2	-
1564 Elegantissimus, fine rose, spotted	2	6		2	
1565 Emicans, orange-scarlet, feathered	2	6	1578 Queen Victoria, bright scarlet, flaked white	2	6
1566 Formosissimus, scarlet, flaked white	2	6		2	
1567 Floribundus, white and blush, streaked			1575 Trimaculatus, rose, spotted white	3	6
purple-crimson, 12/6 per 100	2	0	1576 Washington, bright rose-lilac	4	6

GLADIOLI FOR SHRUBBERIES AND SEMI-WILD PLACES.

These extremely cheap early flowering Gladioli should be planted in situations where they may be left undisturbed. They flower during the months of May and June, and are extremely decorative at that period in the borders. Where cut flowers are in demand for vases, the white varieties are extremely useful.

		r	ier to	xo, per d	oz.				P		ιο. het α	
				d. s.						8.	d. s.	d.
1577	Byzantinus	rosy hurble	ς.	6I	0	t	1581	Colvilli, pt	irple lilac	10	6 <b>t</b>	6
1578	Communis	albus, white	10	6I	6	Ţ	1582	a	lbus, while	10	01	U
1579		TORRING PACE	IΩ	6 т	6	1	1593	m	nixed	7	6I	0
1580	"	ruber. rcd	10	6I	6	1	1584	Mixed Con	amunis and Byzantinus	7	61	0
_500	,,	2 4304, 704										

GANDAVENSIS, THE AUTUMN FLOWERING GLADIOLUS. Notice. - In August it cannot be determined how the Gladiolus crop will turn out. Consequently, till October, growers' prices are not known. We have therefore deferred quoting specific varieties till we issue our Seed Catalogue, which will contain a complete collection. Orders may, however, be given from the Spring Catalogue of the present year, as these quotations hold good till the 1st January, 1878. The varieties of Gaudavensis should not be planted till after the middle of March, but in our Experimental Grounds we have found early in May the best time to plant, this depends however on soil and locality.

Barr and Sugden,

GLADIOLUS—continued.	
VARIETIES OF GANDAVEN	SIS.—Our own Selections. Ready in December.
	£ s, d, £ s, d,
1585 500 in 25 fine varieties	5 5 0 1591 roo in roo splendid varieties63/ to ro ro
1586 250 in 25 ,, ,,	2 15 0   1592 50 in 50
1587 roo in 25 ,, ,,	1 5 0 1 1093 25 ln 25 10/6 to 2 to 0
1588 50 in 25 ,, ,,	0 14 0   1594 12 in 12 , 5/6 to 1 10 0
1009 25 in 25 ,, ,,	0 7 6 1595 Fine mixed, 15/ per 100, 2/ per dozen.
1590 r2 in r2 ,, ,,	
	Gandavensis in Special Mixtures.
per to	oo, per doz. per too, per doz.
1597 Fine mixed scarlets, crimsons, etc., 25/	3/6   1601 Splendid mixed whites, purples,
1598 Splendid mixed ,, ,, 30/	and mottles 30/ 4/6
1599 Fine mixed roses, etc 25/	3/6 1602 Fine mixed, from all colours 25/ 3/6
1600 Spleudid mixed ,, ,, 30/	4/6   1603 Splendid mixed, from all colours 30/ 4/6
	A NITHOL WILL
	ANTHOLYZA.

These are closely allied to the Gladiolus and form a nice variation, their long flower-spikes being very The cultural treatment is the same as for the Gladiolus. each.-s. d. 1608 Cunonia, bright scarlet, very beautiful .... 1609 Fulgens, coppery rose, 2 ft., per doz. 2s. 6d. 6 0 6

1610 Lord Cochrane, red purple, 2 ft. .... 1606 Cardinalis, scarlet, 2 ft. ..... 06 1607 Coccinea, scarlet, 2 ft., per doz. 2s. 6d. 0 3 1611 Mixed from above ......pcr doz. 2s. 6d.

# WATSONIA,

These fine ornamental bulbs require the same treatment as the Gladiolus. They are very decorative, and should be associated with the Gladiolus for flower border decoration.

		each.—s			cach	—s.	d.
1612	Angustifolia, lively pink, per doz. 2s.	6d. o	3	1621	Grootvorst, lemon colour	0	6
1613	Baljew, pink	0	6	1622	Humilis, beautiful light crimson	ŏ	6
1614	Blueher, crimson and white, beautiful	0	6	1623	Louis XVI red	0	4
1615	Brevifolia, pink	0	6	1624	Marginata, delicate rose, exquisite	ň	6
1616	Unitea, fine	0	6	1625	Mariana, purple-crimson	•	6
1617	Duc de Berri, orange	0	- 0 1	1626	Kosea, rose	^	- 6
1618	Dueness, pale orange, beautiful	0	6 !	1627	Speciosa, fine	0	6
1619	Fuigida	0	4	1628	Wreede	0	6
1620	George IV., rose	0	4	1629	Mixed varieties, 15s. p. 100, 2s. 6d. p. doz		O
			-		. 5 1		

# THE LILIUM.

Our group of cut Lilies, exhibited on the 19th of June, at the Royal Horticultural Society's Flower Show, was awarded the Banksian Silver Medal.

Amongst hardy plants, the Lily is matchless in beauty, in variety of colour, and in chasteness of form. blooming period commences ere the spring flowers have shed their last blossom, and a continuous unbroken succession of their magnificent flowers is maintained till the autumnal frosts destroy the later flower buds of

Speciosum and Auratum. In these respects the Lily is uncqualled for its successional display.

The yellow and red Turk's Cap rolled-up flowers of Pyrenaieum come first; with these are associated the elegant Pomponium, the graceful Tenuifolium, the soft searlet flowers of Carniolicium, the sweet-scented Albanum, and the noble flowers of Monadelphum Szovitzianum; add to these in the succession the richly coloured flowers of Bulbiferum and Davuricum, which in June unfold their fine umbels of creet bell-shaped blossoms, and the dwarf forms—Thumbergianum (elegans), with flowers of the softest apricot to the richest crimson, accompanied by the ministure forms of the softest apricot to the richest crimson, accompanied by the miniature forms of Concolor, bringing up the succession to July. Then come the bright yellow, beautifully spotted blossoms of Croecum, softened by the snow-white flowers of Candidum, the apricot blossoms of Testaceum, and the beautiful characteristic flowers of Philadelphicum. The family now becomes ennobled by the magnificent Giganteum. The Martagon, with its elegant Turk's Cap blossoms, and Canadense, with its drooping hell-shaped flowers, associated with the grand Capfornian Lilies, and the pure white travers of the same of the same of the pure white travers of the same of th drooping bell-shaped flowers, associated with the grand Californian Lilies, and the pure white trumpet flowers of Longiflorum, the matchless blossoms of Japonicum, and the refined flowers of Krameri, bring us to August. The brilliant coloured Chalecdonicum, the beautiful Washingtonianum, the magnificent Humboldti, and Neilgherrense (the Prince of Indian Lilies) become then conspicuous; and the early flowering gorgeous gold-banded Auratums have been filling the atmosphere with their perfume since July, and surpassing in majesty, beauty, and variety the stateliest and most effective plants of the flower garden. Superbum, the Martagon Imperiale of and variety the statenest and most enecute plants of the nowe galactic dispersions, with its beautifully leopard-spotted flowers, is associated with the old favourite Tigrinum sinense, with its large spikes of rich scarlet blossoms. These are followed by Tigrinum Fortunci and its double form, which is again closely followed up by Tigrinum splendens and Jucundum. These again are followed by the late which is again closely followed up by Tigrinum splendens and Jucundum. These again are followed by the late flowering Auratums, which continue the succession to the end of the season accompanied by Speciosum, with its

flowering Auratums, which continue the succession to the end of the season accompanied by Speciosum, with its flowers ranging from the purest white to the darkest crimson. Of Speciosum, erroneously though more commonly called Lancifolium, the introducer enthusiastically described the flowers as "all rugged with rubies and garnets, and sparkling with crystal points."

Culture out of doors.—The Lily in its native habitat, is found growing amongst brushwood, long grass, on the margins of plantations, or in ravines, &c., and always where there is more or less shade, and in soil which is sweet and well drained; so that in choosing a situation for planting these, partial shade and perfect drainage should be attended to. The borders of Rhododendron and Azalea beds are found admirably suited for lily culture; they also do well amongst dwarf shrubs, or intermingled with between plants and in the precipitate. culture; they also do well amongst dwarf shrubs, or intermingled with herbaceous plants, and in the proximity of trees. During the past summer we saw Lilium auratum alternated with Roses, in the borders of Rhododendron of trees. During the past summer we saw Lilium auratum alternated with Roses, in the borders of Rhododendron beds, the stens of the lilies in some cases measuring 3 to 4 inches in circumference, and attaining a height of 11 feet, surmounted with large heads of flowers, with from 50 to upwards of 100 blossoms. As we write this, we have Auratums blooming magnificently under the shade of an old oak tree, and immediately under Standard Mop-headed Acacias, where the light green stems, the fresh coloured foliage, and the finely developed flowers, indicate the most robust health. Prepare the ground by loosening the soil to a good depth, intermixing fresh loam, plenty of peat and coarse sand, or leaf soil may be used instead of peat. In this plant the bulbs 6 inches deep, and if the drainage is satisfactory they need not be disturbed for years. Still better, when planting remant the natural soil and replace with the control proved.

remove the natural soil and replace with the compost named.

12, King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.]

LILIUM-continued.

Culture In-doors.—The Lily succeeds best in a compost of fibry loam and peat, with plenty of sand, or leaf soil and loam with sand; the top of the bulb should be covered at least one to two inches, and the pots plunged in and foam with salid; the following the bulb and the culture of the Hyacinth, and there allowed to remain till the plants have speared through, or better still, let them remain till the flower buds are formed, then remove to the conservatory, corridor, or sitting-room. While the Lily is growing, a situation should be selected, or measures taken to prevent the sun's rays falling upon the surface soil. A vinery, or the north side of a hedge or wall, are suitable places. Lilies grown in pots, should have liquid manure twice a week, and the drainage must be perfect and the soil kept sweet.

The Lily is a matchless plant for indoor decoration, and is unequalled for its decorative effect in large con-

servatories, glass corridors, &c.

We have arranged the Lilies in accordance with Mr. Baker's classification, which is a natural grouping based on the shape of the flower; these groupings with a few exceptions, represent also the order of flowering. Purchasers therefore selecting from each group, secure both diversity of form and succession of bloom.

OUR OWN SELECTIONS OF LILIES FROM THE FOLLOWING FOUR GROUPS. 1630 1631 1632 1633 1634 1635 25 in 25 tall growing beautiful varieties ......30s., 42s., 63s. For Rhododendron beds 1636 ......155., 215., 425. 12 in 12 1637

The Lilies belonging to this group have the flowers erect, bell-shaped. They are forms of the typical Bulbiferum, the Red Lily of Europe, America, and Japan. Bulbiferum proper, and its sub-species, Croeeum, Buschianum, Pulchellum, and Davuricum are European. Catesbei and Philadelphicum are American. Concolor and Thinbergianum are Japanese. They are perfectly hardy, and do well in any ordinary garden soil of a loamy character, except Catesbei, which requires a light dry warm soil. The erroneous specific names, Atrosanguineum and Umbellatum we have omitted. Atrosanguineum is a variety of Thunbergianum, and Umbellatum is the name of a variety of Bulbiferum. The varieties in this group flower out of doors from the latter end of May to well night the end of Luly. If grown indoors they will flower earlier. well nigh the end of July. If grown indoors they will flower earlier.

1638 Bulbiferum, crimson shading to orange, and spotted, bulblets in the leaf-axils, 2 ft. .....per doz., 5/6 o 6 6 1649 Duke of Devoishire, scarlet, shading to orange, moderately spotted, 15th... per doz erectum, rich cerise-scarlet, shading to yellow, 2½ ft..., incomparabile, intense rich crimson, freely spotted, 2 ft..., multiflorum, scarlet, shading to orange, 2 ft. Sappho, scarlet, shading to orange, moderately spotted, 2 ft..., Rubens, crimson, shading to yellow, freely spotted, 2 ft..., Voltaire, orange-red, shading to yellow, freely spotted, 2 ft..., y. Vulcan, scarlet, shading to yellow, 2 ft..., per 100, 40/... 1651 ,, 1652 7/6 ,, 7/6 1653 ,, 10/6 1 1654 ,, 1655 10/6 ,, 1656 10/6 ,, 15/6 1657 ,, 5/6 fine mixed varieties ......per 100, 40/, 1658 ,, 1659 , choice mixed varieties ... , 50/, , 7/6 ...

The varieties we offer under Davuricum are the most distinct and beautiful of those usually sold under the names Umbellatum, fulgens, maculatum, immaculatum, fulgidum, hybridum, punctatum, bicolor, and cruentum. In clearing up the nomenclature of the Lily, we found these names so indiscriminately used as specific names,

that we did not think it advisable to retain them.

1660 Philadelphicum, scarlet, shading to orange, conspicuously marked with large black spots, 1½ ft ...... Waushairicum, a new species which has not yet been flowered in this country ..... 1661 6 armeniacum, soft rich glowing orange red, 1\frac{1}{2} ft. \_\_\_\_\_\_ per doz., 10/6 atrosanguineum, rich blood-crimson, spotted black, 1\frac{1}{2} ft. \_\_\_\_\_\_, 10/6 1665 ,, 1666 ,, 1667 1668 1669 1670 ,, 1671 ,, 1672 1673 ,, 1674 ,, 1675 .. 1676 1677

The varietics enumerated as Thunbergianum (syn. Elegans) represent the most distinct and beautiful of what are usually sold under the erroncous names Atrosanguineum, sanguinolentum, coronatum, pictum, aurantiacum, multiflorum, variegatum, biligulatum, aureum maculatum, venustum, aureum, Kikak, Kemi-Gajo, Sy-yets, Ideno-Sato, Ogontio, citrinum, citrinum maculatum. We have found all these names so indiscriminately used as specific names, that we have not thought it advisable to retain any of them.

Barr and Sugden.

LILIUM-continued.

EULIRION GROUP.

In this Group the flowers are funnel or trumpet-shaped, and horizontal or slightly drooping; they represent pre-eminently the Lily of Sentiment. Candidum, the favourite White Lily, is European; Washingtonianum, American; Cordifolium, Longiflorum, and Japonieum, from Japan; Cordifolium giganteum, Neilgherrense, Nepalense, and Wallichianum from India, They are all hardy, but it would be advisable in winter to give the protection of litter or leaves to Longiflorum, Cordifolium, Japonieum, and Neilgherrense. Wallichianum is a very late flowering Lily, and therefore must be grown under glass. Washingtonianum comes from a very high elevation, where the summer is short and hot, and the winter severe: its treatment must, therefore, be exceptional. The soil must be well drained, and of a naturally dry character, and when the plants have done blooming, they should have the protection of a hand light for a few months. The species in this group are all fragrant and exceptionally beautiful. Cordifolium giganteum is the most noble Lily in cultivation; Japonieum Krameri is the most refined of all Lilies, while Neilgherrense is the grandest of the Longiflorum group. These Lilies commence flowering out of doors in July and continue into September. If eultivated in the conservatory they can be had in bloom earlier if required. they ean be had in bloom earlier if required. cach-s. 1685 speciosum, small snow-white flowers, 4 ft. ...... per doz., 5/6 0 6 1695 Liu Kiu, pure white, 1\frac{1}{2} ft. Takesimæ (true), pure white, very large flowers, 2 ft. 2
folitis argenteo-marginatis, white, leaves margined silvery white, 1½ ft, 21 1696 ,, 1697 1698 Nepalense, pure white, outside suffused purple towards the base 63
1699 Neugherrense. The flowers of this magnificent Lily are of great size, substance, and deliciously fragrant; they measure 9 to 12 inches in length, and are large in proportion, the prevailing colour is white, tinged primrose. The plant is of a free robust growth, and admirably adapted for conservatory decoration. It comes from the Neilgherries at a high elevation, where it is found growing with from 5 to 7 flowers on a plant: it is the hardiest and best of the Indian lilies. From the consignment received in January, 1876, some flowered in pots as early as July, and others as late as November. From the general appearance of this Lily we felt confident it would be found hardy in England, and planted some out as a trial test, and we find that those planted 1702 MARTAGON GROUP. The varieties comprised in this Group are the Turk's-Cap Lilies, having the divisions of the perianth rolled back so that the flower resembles a turban, except in the ease of Canadense, which is somewhat bell-shaped, and distinct. The Martagon, Monadelphum, Pomponium, Tenuifolium, and Pyrenaicum are European; Chalcedonicum trom Asia; Cullosum, Testaceum and Leichtlini from Japan. The bog, or swamp

loving lilies, Superbum, Canadense, and the magnificent Pardalinum with its varieties, Californicum, Bourges, Michauxi, Pallidifolium, and Robinsoni, attain a gigantic height planted in beds of moist peat, and left undisturbed for years. They are admirably adapted for growing among Rhododendrons and Azaleas in moist situations, and by the side of brooks, ponds, rivulets, &c. Mr. Roed informs us he has frequently collected roots of Pardalinum, and its varieties, from a water-course. Humboldti is found at a higher elevation, and must therefore be planted in more favourable positions, such as the sunny side of a Rhododendron bed; this is one of the grandest of the Californian Lilies, all of which are the most decorative of indoor plants. Pomponium and Pyrenaicum eommence flowering out of doors in May, and one or other of the varieties of this Group maintain a succession till well nigh September. Cultivated in the conservatory, they all bloom earlier. Monadelphum Szovitzianum till well nigh September. Cultivated in the conservatory, they are broom cancelled the cancel cannot be too highly recommended for pot culture; it is a noble plant.

1703 Albanum, light yellow, sweet scented, introduced by Mr. Leichtlin, 1875.

5 1704 Avenaceum, orange, a new species, very distinct and very rare.

21 1705 Canadense, mixed, embracing various shades, fine for Rhododendron beds.

21 per doz. 18/2

22 per doz. 18/2

23 per doz. 18/2

24 per doz. 18/2

25 per doz. 18/2

26 per doz. 18/2

27 per doz. 18/2

27 per doz. 18/2

28 per doz. 18/2

29 per doz. 18/2

20 per doz. 18/2

20 per doz. 18/2

20 per doz. 18/2

21 per doz. 18/2

21 per doz. 18/2

22 per doz. 18/2

23 per doz. 18/2

24 per doz. 18/2

25 per doz. 18/2

26 per doz. 18/2

27 per doz. 18/2

27 per doz. 18/2

28 per doz. 18/2

29 per doz. 18/2

20 per doz. 18/2

20 per doz. 18/2

20 per doz. 18/2

20 per doz. 18/2

21 per doz. 18/2

21 per doz. 18/2

22 per doz. 18/2

23 per doz. 18/2

24 per doz. 18/2

25 per doz. 18/2

26 per doz. 18/2

27 per doz. 18/2

27 per doz. 18/2

28 per doz. 18/2

29 per doz. 18/2

20 per doz. 18/2

21 per doz. 18/2

21 per doz. 18/2

22 per doz. 18/2

23 per doz. 18/2

24 per doz. 18/2

25 per doz. 18/2

26 per doz. 18/2

27 per doz. 18/2

28 per doz. 18/2

29 per doz. 18/2

20 per doz. 18/2

21 per doz. 18/2

21 per doz. 18/2

22 per doz. 18/2

23 per doz. 18/2

24 per doz. 18/2

25 per doz. 18/2

26 per doz. 18/2

27 per doz. 18/2

28 per doz. 18/2

29 per doz. 18/2

20 per doz. 18/2

21 per doz. 18/2

21 per doz. 18/2

21 per doz. 18/2

22 per doz. 18/2

23 per doz. 18/2

24 per doz. 18/2

25 per doz. 18/2

26 per doz. 18/2

27 per doz. 18/2

27 per doz. 18/2

28 per doz. 18/2

29 per doz. 18/2

20 per doz. 1706 , yellow, shading to orange-scarlet, freely spotted, 3 to 4 ft. 2
1707 , flavum, yellow, freely spotted crimson, 3 to 4 ft. 2
1708 ,, flavo-rubrum, yellow, shading to orange, freely spotted, 3 to 4 ft. 3
1709 , kermesinum, rich blood-crimson, 3 to 4 ft. 5
1710 , rubrum, crimson, freely spotted, 3 to 4 ft. 5
1711 Callosum (pumilum of Leicholin, tenuifolium stenophyllum of Baker), rich scarlet, 2 ft. 3
1712 Carniolicum, orange, passing to scarlet, 3 ft. 5
1713 Chalcedonicum, intense deep scarlet, 3 ft. 5
1714 Columbianum (true) (Parviflorum), yellow, a miniature form of Humboldti, 1½ ft. 7/6 & 10
1715 Hansoni, bright golden yellow, freely shotted crimson, very rare 21 & 30 1715 Hansoni, bright golden yellow, freely spotted crimson, very rare 21/ & 30
1716 Humboldti (Roezl) syn. Puberulum (Torrey), rich golden yellow, freely spotted crimson, flowers of great substance, 5 st. 5/6, 7/6, & 10 0

12, King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.]

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LILIUM -conlinued.
1717 Humboldtl ocellatum (Bloomerlanum), bronze crimson, shading to orange, freely spolled with
6
                                                                                                                                                      6
6
                                                                                                                                                 7
1728
                           var. Californicum (true), intense crimson-scarlet, shading to yellow, spotted crimson-
                          6
1729
1730
                                                                                                                                                      6
1731
liumm section, 6 to 9 to 1. 3/6, 5/6, & 1732 Parvum, orange-scarlet, shading to yellow, freely spotled, flowers small, and dislinct from Parviforum, see figured in "Botanical Mogazine"
                                                                                                                                                 7
                                                                                                                                                      6
1733 , luteum, yellow, generally spotted, flowers small, a miniature gcm, 2 ft.

1734 Polyphyllum, an extremely rare species, from Cashmere, found at an elevation of 6,000 to 8,000 feet,
and flowered in 1875 by George Maw, Esq., Benthall Hall, Broseley; this is the first
instance on record of its having been flowered in cultivation, 3 ft.
                                                                                                                                                      6
1737 ,, rubrum, orange-red, 3ft. ,, 10/6
1738 Superbum, varying in shade from orange to crimson, spotted rich brown, 4 to 7 ft. .... ,, 10/6
1739 pyramidale, differing from No. 1738 in the flower spike being more pyramidal, 4 to 7 ft.
                                                                                                                                                      0
1740 Tenuifolium, rich scarlet, a beautiful miniature species, very rare, 13 ft. 3/6 & 1741 Testaceum, syn. excelsum, delicale apricot, delightfully fragrant, 4 ft.; per doz. 10/6 & 15/6; cach 1/ &
                                                                                                                                                      6
                                                           ARCHELIRION GROUP.
The flowers are open and reflexed, horizontal or slightly drooping. The introducer of Speciosum, in describing it, remarks, "If there is anything not human which is magnificent in beauty, it is Lilium Speciosum."
Auratum has been called the Queen of Lilies; and we think that Tigrinum may fairly be termed the Prince of Lilies. These flower from July to the end of September. Several varieties of Speciosum we have omitted as not
being sufficiently distinct; those enumerated differ one from the other.
THE AURATUM. White, spottled, and with a gold band down the centre of each petal. The variation in this Lity is endless. Some have small, others medium, and some have enormous flowers. The gold band in some is faint, in others very conspicuous. In some the spots on the white ground are very profuse, while in others they are eomparatively few. Some of the varieties have large spots, and others have the spots small, but Virginale has pale primrose spots and a faint yellow band; the generality have the spots either rose, searlet, or purplish. And what is noteworthy in this Lity, some bloom in July, others in August and September. We are noting the times of blooming, so that purchasers can have bulbs which have bloomed at the periods above stated.
6
                                                                                                                                  5/6, 7/6 & 10
      Speciosum (or more usually though erroneously called Lancifolium) naturally divides ilself into two distinct
sections, which are distinguishable by the coloration of the stem.
      1. Rubrum is characterised by the stem being brownish, ranging to purplish black, the green of the foliage
      deepening pro ratio with the colour of the stem. Rubrum verum has a purplish black stem.

2. Roseum is characterised by the slem being brownish, ranging to light green, and the shade of the foliage
           pro ralio with the green of the slem. Roseum verum has a pale green stem.
                                 SECTION I .- SPECIOSUM RUBRUM AND ITS VARIETIES.
1748 Speciosum album, pure while, 3 ft.
                                                           .....per doz., 15/ & 18/; 1/6 &
                        album, pure winte, 3 it.

" fasciatum, pnre white, very floriferons, 3 ft.

rubrum, white, suffused and spotted crimson, 3 ft. per doz., 7/6 & ro/6; /9 &

" verum (typical Speciosum), white, suffused and spotted crimson, having a

clearly defined white edge to the segments of the perianths, 3 ft. .....
1749
1750
                                                                                                                                                      o
1751
              ..
1752
                                    fasciatum, white, suffused and spotted crimson, very floriferous, 3 ft. macranthum, white, spotted crimson, very large, 3 ft.
                                                                                                                                                      6
1753
                             ,,
1754
                                     purpuratum (Boom), rich blood crimson, edged pure white, the finesl, 3 ft. 5/6 &
                                 SECTION II .- SPECIOSUM ROSEUM AND ITS VARIETIES.
1755 Speciosum album novum, pure clear white, very beautiful, 3 ft.
                        n, vestale, pure white, 2 st.

punctatum, white, spotted delicale pink, anthers yellow, a distinct species, 3 st. per doz. x5/

album novum, pure white, yellow anthers, very beautiful, 3 st.

fasciatum, white, spotted pink, very floriferous, 3 st.
1756
              ..
1757
              ,,
1758
1759
                        1760
1761
              ,,
1762
                                          defined white edge to the segments of the periauth, 3 ft. .....
                                                                                                                          [Barr and Sugden.
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LILIES, AND MISCELLANEOUS	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS. 35
LILIUM—continued.	cach-s. d.
1763 Speciosum roseum fasciatum, white, suffused an multiflorum, white, suffused	d spotted rose, very floriferous, 3 ft 2 6
1765 ,, fine mixed, from Roseum and Rubru	and spotted rose, very beautiful, 3 st., per doz. 15/ 1 6 m, for beds and borders, per 100, 40/; per doz. 5/6
1766 ,, ohoice mixed ,, ,, ,, ,,	for beds and borders ,, 60/; ,, 9/
known; Japonicum is a little taller, and flowers about	atory are princely plants. Sinense is the oldest and best a week later; Erectum is a perfectly distinct species, the
flowers are erect, and the segments roll back, thus showin.  Fortunei is characterised by its extremely woolly stems, a	g the centre of the flower, it is in bloom with Sinense;
Fortunei flore pleno has magnificent double flowers; and	Splendens is distinguished by its dark polished stem and
noble aspect; it is also later than Fortunei, and more j whether these three names represent one plant or three pla	Noriferous. Jucundum, Maximowiczii, or Lishmanni; nts has not vet been decided, but it is believed there is but
one plant to represent the three names. It is a distin	nct beautiful species without bulblets in axils. Pseudo-
tigrinum is another very distinct plant in this group; the the flowers fine cinnabar-red, covered with small crimson	leaves are very narrow, and the stem somewhat pubescent; spots, resembling in this respect I ucundum, but howeving
three weeks earlier.	cach—s. d.
7767 Tigrinum sinense, rich orange-scarlet, freely spott.  Japonicum, rich orange-scarlet, freely s	potted crimson-brown, 4 ft., per 100, 21/; per doz. 3/6 0 4
1769 ,, erectum, rich orange-scarlet, moderatel	y spotted, 2½ it 2 6
7770 , Fortunei, rich orange-scarlet, spotted cr	imson, 4 ftper doz. 7/6 0 9 et, very double, 4 ft
1772 ,, major, rich orange-scarlet, fr	eely spotted
1774 , jucundum (Maximowiczii or Lishmai	nge-scarlet, very double, 4 st
new species, continuing in flower fe	or many weeks, 3 ft
1776 , splendens, bright orange-scarlet, covered	l with large crimson spots, 6 lt
A DOUBTF	
Botanists have not yet decided whether the following verdict may be, it will not detract from the decided beaut	ng is a Lily or a Fritilluria. Whatever the ultimate
purple flowers.	
1777 Lilium Thomsonianum, or Fritillaria Thomson	
PART II.—MISCELLANEOUS B	ULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.
In this Section of the Catalogue are many bulbous a	nd tuberous-rooted plants of great beauty, remarkable
either for their flowers or foliage. Some of them are	majestic in growth, others are neat and miniature, while
some are valuable elimbers or basket plants. In this S season of the year.	ection will be found plants which bloom at almost every
The height of the plant is given in feet, and its	
§ Indicates those which are perfectly hardy, and sho	ing a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter.
† ,, ,, require the protection of a co	ise.
¶ ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, stove. ‡ ,, ,, should be kept at rest during	winter and started under glass in spring or planted out in April.
each—s. d.	ALLIUM—continued. each—s. d.
<b>1778</b> viridiflora, miniature scarlet fruit 1 6	for its remarkable contrast of bright green and white; and Paradoxum for its grotesque
<b>TACHIMENES.</b> These are charming in pots or	accumulation of bulblets.
pans, and in hanging baskets. The flowers combine great beauty with richness, bril-	1791 acuminatum, rose-purple, beautiful, I ft. I 0 1792 aureum, bright yellow, very showy, 14 ft.,
lianey, and diversity of colour.	10s. 6d. per 100, 1s. 6d. per doz 0 2
1779 3 each of 12 splendid varieties	1793 azureum, bright blue, beautiful, 1½ ft 1 o 1794 ciliatum, white, very beautiful, 1 ft o 6
1781 mixed varieties, 3s. 6d. per doz.	1795 Chusianum, pure white, 3 ft 0 6
1782 newer varieties, per doz., three roots each, 18s., 24s., and 3os.	1796 descendens, dark purple, showy, 2 ft 0 4 1797 narcissiflorum, light rose-lilac, 1 ft 0 6
§ADONIS, a beautiful spring-flowering plant, with graceful foliage, and large showy flowers.	1798 Neapolitanum, pure white, 1st., p. doz.4/6 o 6
1783 vernalis, bright yellow, 3 ft. 5s. 6d. per doz. o 6	1799 paradoxum, pure while, 1 ft 0 6 1800 roseum, pale rose, 1½ ft 0 6
†AGAPANTHUS (African Lily). This noble plant, with its large umbels of flowers, is very	1801 spherocephalum, resy red, showy, 2 ft 0 4
ornamental in the conservatory, under the	1803 mixed varieties, per 100, 12s. 6d.,
portico, or on the terrace or lawn; also for imparting a picture sque effect to the margins	per doz. 2s. 6d. §ALSTRŒMERIA, very beautiful free-flowering
of lakes and ponds.	plants, valuable to cut for vases. Plant in
1784 umbellatus, <i>bright blue</i> , 3 ft., 1s., 1s. 6d. & 2 6 1785 ,, albus, <i>pure white</i> , 3 ft 1s. & 1 6	well-drained soil, at a depth of 9 to 12 inches, and established masses will bloom through-
1786 ,, fol. variegatis, leaves beauti-	out the summer.
fully striped, 2 ft., 1s. 6d. & 2 6 1787 ,, maximus, blue, 3 ft	1804 aurea, yellow, shading to orange, most beautifully spotted, 3 ft 4s. per doz. 0 6
1788 ,, minor, blue 1 6	1805 peregrina rosea o 6
†ALBUCA. The flowers of this ornamental	1806 psittacina, crimson, spotted, 3 ft.4s. per doz. o 6 1807 chilensis varieties, 2 ft4s. per doz. o 6
plant resemble the Star of Bethlehein.	1808 mixed varietiesper doz. 3 6
1790 ln 4 varieties	<b>‡AMORPHOPHALLUS</b> ( <i>Umbrella Arum</i> ). The species offered is one of the most picturesque
decorative. Acuminatum is remarkable for	of hardy ornamental foliage plants; in
its rich colour; Aureum for its beautiful yellow; Azureum for its intense blue;	summer it throws up a tall, thick, grotesquely marbled stem, from the top of which come
Neapolitanum for its umbel of globose	several large palmate spreading leaves, which,
heads of snow-white flowers; Triquetrum 12, King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.]	when fully grown, resemble an umbrella.  1809 Rivieri, ornamental foliage plant 1s. 6d. & 2 6
22, 22.10 20.11., 00.00., 00., 10., 10., 10., 10.	

each		a	Property autimed		_
<b>†ANIGOZANTHUS</b> , a grotesquely branched and	-•.	۳.	BRODIÆA—continued. each- 1842 grandiflora, bright blue, 1 ft., per doz. 2/6		a.
singularly interesting plant.	Ţ	_	1843 volubilis, light rose-purple, beautiful		,
†ANISANTHUS, Salvia-shaped flowers, of rich	I	0	flowers in terminal nodding umbels, 3 ft. 1s. & CALADIUM. This genus embraces the most	I	0
velvety texture, for in or out-doors.			picturesque and beantiful of ornamental		
1811 splendens, brilliant scarlet	I	6	foliage plants.		
<b>†ANOMATHECA</b> , a charming miniature plant, beautiful as an edging, and a gem for pot			¶1844 12 in 12 beautiful named varieties, 21s., 30s., and 42s.		
eulture, producing from June to September			¶1845 6 in 6 beautiful named varieties, 12s.,		
a profusion of fresh bright searlet blood- spotted flowers.			15s., and 21s.		,
1812 cruenta, scarlet, ½ ftper doz. 1s. 6d.			¶1846 argyrites, foliage white and green, dwarf,   1847 atropurpureum, purple foliage	3	6
SANTHERICUM, fine hardy border plants, their			1848 esculentum, massive green foliage	3	6
elegant spikes of white flowers, are valuable to cut for furnishing vases.			¶1849 other choice varieties25. 6d. to	10	6
1813 graminifolium, white, 1½ ft.	0	9	CALLA, fine decorative plants for sitting-room or conservatory. Æthiopica is the Lily of		
1814 Liliago (St. Bernard's Lily), white, 13 ft.	0	9	the Nile, and succeeds best stood in a		
1815 Liliastrum (St. Bruno's Lily), white, 1½ ft. 1816 trichopetalum, flowers white, and agree-	0	9	saucer of water. Albo-maculata has beau-		
ably lemon-scented	2	6	tifully white spotted foliage and white flowers.		
SAPIOS, a rapid growing elegant summer climber.			1850 Æthiopica, large white flowers, 9d., 1s. &		6
\$ARUM. These picturesque hardy border plants	0	6	\$CALLIPRORA, a fine hardy plant flowering	I	6
are very ornamental.			in large umbels and continuing a long time		
1818 cornutum (the green Dragon-Arum), large handsome green foliage, 2 ft	_	_	decorative.		,
†1819 crinitum, stems curiously marbled, leaves	0	6	\$CALOCHORTUS. These are Californian gems,	0	6
singularly cut, 2 it	1	0	combining the most extreme beauty with		
1820 Dracunculus, large handsome palm-like leaves, stems euriously marbled, 2 ft	^	6	some of the most extraordinary characteristics		
1821 Italieum, lance-shaped green leaves.	0	6	to be found in flowers. They succeed best in light sandy soil and dry sunny situations		
spotted vellow, 1 it,	0	4	with the most perfect drainage. They are		
1822 maculatum, green foliage, curiously spotted with black, \$\frac{3}{2}\text{ft}	0	9	perfectly hardy, and will be found admirably		
1823 tenunonum, small elegant foliage, I ft	o	9	adapted for select rockwork. We can also recommend them for pot culture, keeping in		
gasclerias, one hardy ornamental border			mind the importance of drainage.		
plants, the flowers much sought after by bees.  1824 tuberosa, rich orange flowers, 1 ft	I	o	1853 elegans, purple blue, deepening into rich purple	I	6
1825 incarnata, purple, i ft	I	ō	1854 luteus, golden yellow, with small purple	-	
§ASPHODELUS, highly ornamental hardy border plants of elegant aspect.			blotch	2	6
1826 luteus, <i>yellow</i> , 2 ft	I	0	1855 magenta, rich magenta	2	6
1021 ,, Hore pieno, Vellow, 2 It.	2	6	1857 venustus, pure white and crimson	2	6
1828 ramosus, white, 2 ft	I	6	scalystegia, perennial climbing convolvulus, exceedingly effective for covering verandalis,		
in summer and autumn are amongst the most			trellises, pillars, and for window boxes.		
decorative plants in the greenhouse; un- equalled for brilliancy of colours, profusion			× 1858 gigantea, white, very large		0
of bloom and elegant growth. The tubers			1859 inflata, pink, very large	0	6
are sent out dry in winter, and in spring they should be started into growth.			§CAMASSIA, these produce long, graceful, loose		
1829 6 in 6 beautiful varieties, 9/-, 12/-, 15/-,			racemes of blue or purple star-shaped blossoms. They are very ornamental, and		
18/-, 10 21/-,			very fine border plants.		
1830 12 in 12 beautiful varieties, 21/-, 30/-, 42/-, to 63/			1861 atro-cœrulea, rich purple, 13 ft	0	9
1831 fine mixed varieties, per doz. 12/- & 18/-	2	0	<b>1862</b> esculenta, <i>purple</i> , 1½ ftper doz., 4s. <b>1863</b> Fraseri, <i>beautiful light blue</i> , 1½ ft	0	6
1832 choice mixed varieties, per doz. 21/, 30/-	3	0	#CANNA, exceedingly effective foliage plants,		
¶1833 vars, with ornamental foliage, 25, 6d, to \$BELLEVALIA, eurious and interesting.	3	6	now in universal use. They are very easily raised from seed. Seed, 1s. and 2s. 6d. per		
1834 spicata, white and chocolate, I ft.	0	6	packet.		
BLETIA, a handsome orchidaecous plant from China, of easy culture.			1864 fine varieties, in roots, 12s., 15s., and		
1835 hyacintha, rose-pink, I ft.	I	0	CHLIDANTHUS, an elegant plant, with very		
SBLOOMERIA, a fine hardy bulb, producing			fragrant flowers. In summer they succeed		
1836 aurca, golden yellow	I	0	planted on a warm border. Cultivated in pots, use fertile loam.		
SBUBARTIA, a charming hardy bulb for light	-	-	1865 fragrans, fine yellow, 1 ft. per doz., 5/6	0	6
soils and rockwork; also an elegant indoor plant several in a pot.			§CHRYSOBACTRON, a picturesque and very attractive border plant, producing in summer		
1837 aurantiaca, salmon-rose, I ft., p. doz. 2/6	o	3	numerous spikes of bright yellow flowers.		
<b>IBOUSSINGAULTIA</b> , an elegant climbing plant		-	1866 Hookeri, yellow, 2 ft	2	6
suitable for hanging baskets, vases, and rockwork.			<b>‡COBURGIA</b> , a splendid conservatory plant, with clusters of beautiful, long, drooping,		
1838 baselloides, fragrant white flowers	0	9	tubular shaped parti-coloured flowers.		
§BRAVOA. The beautiful Pentstemon-like twin flowers of this plant are produced on long			1867 incarnata, flowers scarlet, flesh, green,		6
elegant racemes.			and yellow in combination, 2 ft	I	J
1839 geminiflora, rich cerise-searlet, 1½ ft	0	6	flowers of these, which continue from early		
§BRODIÆA, these are all beautiful. Congesta is very effective, Coceinea and Volubilis remark-			summer till cut off by frost, make them desirable border plants.		
ably distinct, and Grandiflora is a gem.		_	1868 coelestis, bright blue, 12 ft., per doz. 3/	o	4
1840 coccinea, magenta, tipped green, 2 ft. 11. & 1841 congesta, fine lilac, 2 ft., per doz. 21.6d,	0	6	1869 ,, alba, white, 1½ ft. ,, 3/ §CORYDALIS (Fumitory). These are elegant	0	4
2 111, per doz. 23.00,	J	3	[Barr and Suga	den,	,
			-		

CORYDALIS—continued. each.	-8.	d.	each-	-8.	d.
plants in flower borders and on rock-work.			¶GESNERA. These can hardly be too highly		
Eximia and Nobilis are good pot plants.			spoken of for the beauty of their flower and		
1870 bulbosa, redper dozen, 3s. 6d.	0	4	foliage.		
1871 caya albiflora, white	0	9	1901 12 in 12 var., 21s. and 30s., each 2/6 and	3	6
1872 eximia, bright red, graceful foliage	0	9	1902 6 in 6 var., 12s. and 15s.	-	
1873 nobilis, yellow	I	ó	1903 refulgens, rich velvety crimson foliage, a		
*CROCOSMIA, grown several in a pot, few Sep-			splendid plant for winter decoration, 1/6&	2	6
tember flowers are more graceful and			¶GLORIOSA (Methonica), a handsome stove		Ĭ
attractive. In the flower border its rich			climber, with magnificent brilliant coloured		
coloured flowers are much admired, and			lily-like flowers.		
are much prized for table bouquets.			1904 Planti, rosy orange, 3 ft.	2	6
1874 aurea, golden yellow, per dozen, 3s. 6d.	0	4	1905 superba, orange, 3 ft.	5	6
1875 ,, in pots	2	6	¶GLOXINIA, flowers of unrivalled beauty.	2	٠
§CYCLOBOTHRA. These plants have a very	_	•	1906 12 in 12 var., 18s., 24s., and 30s.		
distinctive character. The flowers are sin-			1907 6 in 6 var., 10s. 6d., 12s., and 15s.		
gular in shape, and very beautiful. They			1908 In varieties	2	6
require the same culture as Calochortus.			+HABRANTHUS, closely allied to the Amaryllis,	-	V
1876 alba, pure white, I ft.	2	0	flowers in clusters, and very handsome.		
1877 coerulea, pale blue and white, I ft	2	6	1909 Andersoni, gold and brown, I ft	^	
1878 pulchella, golden yellow, I ft	2	6	1910 bifidus, pink, 3 ft	0	9
1879 lutea, golden yellow, I it.	I	6	1911 pratensis, scarlet, 2 ft.	2	6
§CYPELLA, an elegant Tigridia-like plant, per-	•	٠	HÆMANTHUS, a genus of distinct plants, re-	2	
feetly hardy in light well drained soils.	^	_	markable for their immense feathery-looking flower heads.		
1880 Herberti, orange, beautifully spotted, I it.	U	3		_	-
(CYRTANTHUS. These produce large beautiful			1912 albiflos, white, I ft.	I	6
pendulous blossoms.	_	6	1913 coccineus, scarlet, r ft.	I	6
1881 collinus, poppy-scarlet, 3 ft	3	6	1914 pubescens, white, I ft	I	6
1882 Macowanii, dazzling orange-scarlet	5	0	1915 puniceus, scarlet, I ft.	Ι	6
‡DAHLIA, dry roots of these in November.			1916 tigrinus, crimson, 1 ft.	1	C
1883 show varieties, per doz. 9s., 12s., and 18s.			HEDYCHIUM. In ferneries this grand plant,		
1884 fancy ditto, per doz. 9s., 12s., and 18s.			with its large reed-like growth, contrasts		
1885 dwarf ditto,per doz. 9s., 12s., and 18s.			admirably with the graceful foliage of ferns.		
1886 pompon ditto, per doz. 9s., 12s., and 18s.			1917 coronarium, yellow, 5 ft	2	0
§DENTARIA, a fine plant to naturalize in moist			1918 Gardnerianum, yellow, fragrant, 5 ft	Ι	¢
shady situations.	_	_	§HYACINTHUS. In August and September H.		
1887 digitata, purple, 13. ft	0	9	candicans is one of our most ornamental		
§DODECATHEON (American Cowslip). These			border plants. On a stem 3 to 4 feet high,		
are remarkably neat border plants, pro-			gracefully arranged, are numerous pendant		
ducing freely in May and June beautiful			bell-shaped snow-white flowers. As a con-		
cyclamen-like flowers. They thrive best in			servatory plant, it is extremely elegant.		
a light peaty soil, and a moist shady situa-			Amethystinus is a charming miniature Scilla-		
tion. Jeffreyanum is a gigantic species, and			like plant.		
very ornamental.	_	c	1919 amethystinus, flowers amethyst-blue, a		
1888 integrifolia, deep crimson, I ft	I	6	most charming little plant, per doz., 3s. 6d.		4
1889 Jeffreyanum, rose-purple, 13 ft.	2	6	1920 candicans, white, 3 to 4 ft., 1/-, 1/6, 2/6, &	3	6
1890 Meadia, <i>lilac</i> , I ft	0	6	+HYPOXIS. The neat golden star-shaped		
1891 ,, album, white, r ft	0	9	blossoms and picturesque light green foliage		
1892 clegans, rose and lilac, 1 ft	I	0	give this plant a peculiar claim.		
§EREMURUS, a magnificent Lilaccous plant,			1921 villosa, fine yellow, 3 ft	I	Ç
from Central Asia; one of the most stately			¶IMATOPHYLLUM. A magnificent plant,		
hardy plants ever introduced. From the			throwing up large bunches of searlet		
midst of a rosette of pandanus-like foliage,			blossoms in succession the year round.		
the flower spike rises to a height of from 8			1922 miniatum, orange-scarlet, 2 ft., 7s. 6d.,		
to 9 feet, and is surmounted to within 3 or 4			10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.		
feet of the ground by innumerable peach-			<b>‡ISMENE.</b> The picturesque beauty and fragrance		
coloured star-shaped blossoms, so that the			of the Ismene should ensure it a place in		
flower resembles a gigantic hyacinth spike.			every collection of greenhouse plants. In		
A coloured plate of this plant can be seen			warm localities it may be flowered out of		
at our warehouse.		_	doors, planted in April and lifted in autumn.		
1893 robustuseaeb 3/6, 5/6 &	7	6	1923 Amancaes, rich golden yellow, r ft	3	e
TEUCHARIS. The beautiful snow-white flowers			1924 calathina, pure white, 2 ft.	I	(
of this plant are deliciously fragrant, and			1925 longipetala	2	9
highly prized for bouquets and by ladies for			1926 undulata, white, I ft	0	(
their hair and dresses.			*KNIPHOFIA, the species offered is a miniature		
1894 Amazonica, pots of established roots,		_	Tritoma, and requires the same cultural		
3s. 6d., 5s. 6d., 7s. 6d., and	10	6	treatment, throwing up in summer a multi-		
1895 candida (new), smaller flowered than		_	tude of dwarf flower spikes of a delicate		
Amazonica5s. 6d., 7s. 6d., and	10	6	orange colour. Figured in the "Garden,"		
<b>EUCOMIS</b> , very ornamental border plants, with			4th August, 1877.		
long spikes of powerfully fragrant wax-like			1927 Macowanii, orange1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. &	3	6
flowers, set on a spotted stem.			LACHENALIA. The flowers of these are		
1896 punctata, white, 2 ft	I	0	picturesque and beautiful. The foliage in		
1897 regia, white, 1½ ft	I	О	most varieties is clegantly marked. As a		
*FREESIA, a neat sweet-scented Cape bulb, not			conservatory plant in pots, pans, or hanging		
unlike Tritonia, flowers creamy-white,			baskets it is very effective.		
· spotted orange; a charming pot plant.			1928 luteola, yellow and green, foliage beauti-		
1898 Leichtlini	1	6	fully variegatedper doz. 5s. 6d.	0	6
§GELASINE, a charming free-flowering plant.			1929 pendula, bright red ,, 7s. 6d.	0	9
1899 azurea, violet-blue, dimpled purple, 11 ft.	I	6	1930 rubida, dull red	0	6
§GERANIUM. The species quoted is an admirable			1931 stolonifera	0	(
plant for rockwork.			1932 superba, yellow, tipped scarlet and green,		
1900 tuberosum, purpleper doz. 3s. 6d.	0	4	per doz. 7s. 6d.	0	9
12. King Street. Covent Garden, 1877.					

ACHENALIA—continued. each- 1933 tricolor, yellow, tipped crimson,	-8.	đ.	PÆONIA—continued. each—s.	đ
per doz. 5s. 6d.	0	6	flowers are of an enormous size, mostly very fragrant, and ranging from single to the most	
LIATRIS, a charming herbaceous plant.	_		perfect doubles. It is of stately growth, and	
1934 spicata, purple, 2 ftper doz., 5s. 6d.	0	6	its mass of flower makes it one of the most	
LYCORIS or The Golden Lily.		_	valuable plants for the shrubbery border.	
1935 aurea, golden yellow, 1 ft	3	6	1965 Choice varieties 15. 6d., 25. 6d., & 3	(
its long, graceful sprays of bright green			1966 Six varieties	(
foliage make it valuable for epergnes in			TPANCRATIUM. Few plants in the conservatory	`
table decoration.		_	are more decorative and fragrant. If planted	
1936 asparagoides, white	1	6	out of doors in April they flower freely,	
*MELANTHIUM, pretty little Ixia-like plants. 1937 junceum, pink, stained dark crimson, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.			but Crassifolium must be grown under	
1938 purpureum, purple, ½ ft		6	glass.  1968 Carolinianum, white, ½ ft	,
MILLA. The variety offered is a very pretty	-	•	1969 erassifolium, snow-white, rare, 1\frac{1}{2} ft. 2/6 & 3	è
Californian bulb, with a globose head of			1970 Illyricum, white, 12 ft	(
white flowers, lined green.	_	_	1971 maritimum, white, 1½ ft	(
1939 hyacintha lactea, white and green, 1 ft	1	0	§PARDANTHUS, a fine pot plant; also quite lardy in light soils. The leopard-spotted	
with rich magenta-purple flowers, beautiful			flowers of this fine hardy plant are very	
on rockwork and for hanging baskets.			effective in autumn.	
1940 geranioides, rich magenta-purple, \frac{1}{2} ft	1	0	1972 Chinensis, orange, spotted crimson, 2 ft. 1	(
MORÆA, a tribe of beautiful lris-like plants,			<b>‡PENTLANDIA</b> , a most charming pot plant.	
suitable for pot culture, and succeeding in warm situations out of doors.			1973 miniata, fine deep crimson, beautiful 1	6
1941 juneca, scarlet, 2 ft	0	6		
1942 papilonaeæ, lilac, 2 ft	ō	6	of doors during summer in warm situations.	
OPHIOPOGON, or Japan Hyacinth. This is a			1974 rubro-viridis, rich crimson and green, 1ft. 3	6
model plant of neatness and quiet beauty,			1975 ventricosa, bright scarlet and yellow, 1ft. 3	6
with slender grassy tuits of foliage and			§RHODEA, a fine ornamental leaved plant,	
picturesque spikes of flowers. The varie- gated forms are elegant foliage plants.			decorative on rockwork, especially indoors.	
They all flower freely, and are suitable for the			1976 Japonica	6
conservatory and sitting-room window, re-			‡RIGIDELLA, a very handsome flower, and re-	•
quiring simply the protection of a cold frame.			quiring the same cultural treatment as Tigridia.	
1943 Jaburan, I ft	I	0	1978 immaculata, intense scarlet, 3 ft	6
1944 ,, fol. argenteus, 1 ft	I	6	\$\$ANGUINARIA, a pretty dwarf spring flower-	
1945 Japonieus, grassy foliage, 1 ft	I	0	ing plant, which succeeds in a somewhat shady moist soil, such as a peat border.	
1947 ,, aureo-variegatus, I ft	ī	ĕ		6
1948 ,, laxiflorus, 1 ft	I	0	§SAXIFRAGA. The variety quoted is invaluable	-
ornithogalum. These are mostly fine bor-	1	6	for permanent edgings, small beds or mounds	
			for spring decoration.	
der plants, and very distinct from each other in growth. Umbellatum is the well known			1980 granulata flore-pleno, double white, I ft., per 100 5s. 6d., or per pot of roots o	_
Star of Bethlehem; Nutans is remarkable			†SCHIZOSTYLIS. For conservatory decoration,	9
for its nodding green and white flowers;			filling jardinets, and as a cut flower during	
Pyramidale for its massive spike of white			• the autumn and winter months the value of	
blossom; Arabicum, with its large black centred white flowers; Montanum and			this plant cannot be over estimated. It pro-	
Exscapum are charming dwarf plants;			duces profusely rich crimson-scarlet Gladio- lus-like blossoms. In sheltered situations	
while Aureum is a pretty pot plant.			out of doors it is hardy.	
\$1950 Arabicum, white, black centre, hand-			1981 eoccinea, r ft., per doz., 2s. 6d o	3
some, 1½ ftper doz., 2s.	0	3	1982 In pots, 1s., 1s. 6d., and 2s. 6d. each.	
1951 aureum, golden yellow, beautiful, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft	2 I	0	§SISYRINCHIUM. The rich purple and pure	
1953 nutans, green and white, per doz., 2s. 6d.	ō	3	white bells of Grandiflorum rising from their grassy tufts of foliage are unique, and flower	
1954 pyramidale, white, showy, 2 ft.,	•	3	so early as to be more properly regarded as	
per doz. 10s. 6d.	I	0	winter flowers. Odoratissimum has long	
1955 umbellatum, white, makes a beautiful	_	_	graceful white purple - mottled fragrant	
edging, iftper 100, 5s., per doz., 1s.  1956 In mixture, 15/ per 100, 2s. 6d. per doz.	0	2	flowers, which open in Summer. Striatum emits a delightful hawthorn fragrance, morn-	
OXALIS. These are remarkable for their rich			ing and evening, and is a useful plant for	
beautiful colours and pretty foliage. In the			shrubbery borders, woodland walks, &c.	
flower garden they bloom throughout the			1 1000 mm difference with the water 3 for	•
season; in the conservatory they may be			[ 1984 ,, album, pure white, ¾ st 1	•
had almost always in flower. In light well			1985 odoratissimum, white, striped purple, I ft. I	(
drained soil, the varieties offered are all hardy.			\$\$PARAXIS. The two species here offered have	•
1957 Bowei, bright crimson, flowers in large			long narrow grassy evergreen leaves, those	
bunches, \( \frac{1}{2} \) ft., per doz., 2s	0	3	of Pulcherrima gracefully drooping towards	
1958 Deppei, rose-purple, 1 ft., per doz., 25	0	3	their points; from their midst rise flower	
1959 floribunda, rose, ½ ft., per doz., 2s	0	3	stems 4 to 5 feet in height, so slender as	
1960 ,, alba, white, $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. per doz., 2s,	0	3	scarcely to be perceptible a few yards off,	
1961 Jasiandra, t.H., per doz. gc			while the large pendant bell-shaped flowers	
1961 lasiandra, 1 ft., per doz., 2s	0	3	are seen waying in the breeze looking quite	
1962 rubella, <i>crimson</i> , ½ ft., per doz., 2s 1963 speciosa, <i>rose</i> , ¼ ft., per doz.; 2s. 6d		3	are seen waving in the breeze looking quite ethereal.	
1962 rubella, <i>crimson</i> , ½ ft., per doz., 2s 1963 speciosa, <i>rose</i> , ½ ft., per doz., 2s. 6d 1964 mixed, per 100, 7s. 6d.; per doz., 1s. 6d.	0		ethereal. 1987 pulcherrima, the colours ranging from	
1962 rubella, <i>crimson</i> , ½ ft., per doz., 2s 1963 speciosa, <i>rosc</i> , ½ ft., per doz., 2s. 6d 1964 mixed, per xoo, 7s. 6d.; per doz., 1s. 6d. ₽ <b>EONIA</b> . As a herbaceous border plant it	0	3	cthereal.  1987 pulcherrima, the colours ranging from pink to crimson	e
1962 rubella, erimson, \( \frac{1}{2} \) ft., per doz., 2s 1963 speciosa, rose, \( \frac{1}{2} \) ft., per doz.; 2s. 6d 1964 mixed, per 100, 7s. 6d.; per doz., 1s. 6d.; PEONIA. As a herbaceous border plant it would be impossible to speak too highly of	0	3	cthereal.  1987 pulcherrima, the colours ranging from  pink to crimson	6
1962 rubella, <i>crimson</i> , ½ ft., per doz., 2s 1963 speciosa, <i>rosc</i> , ½ ft., per doz., 2s. 6d 1964 mixed, per xoo, 7s. 6d.; per doz., 1s. 6d. ₽ <b>EONIA</b> . As a herbaceous border plant it	0	3	cthereal.  1987 pulcherrima, the colours ranging from  pink to crimson	6

†STRUMARIA IMHOFIA, HESSEA, CARPOLYZA.  The pretty little Cape bulbs which are sold under the foregoing names are so closely related that we have placed them under Strumaria, recommending them for pot culture.  1989 crispa, rosy pink, ½ ft	0	d.	TRILLIUM—continued,  1997 atro-purpureum, purple, ½ ft *TRITOMA, a plant of noble aspect, for distant effect and shrubbery borders, when well cultivated throwing up majestic flower stems 3 to 7 feet in height, crowned with dense spikes of bloom 15 to 24 inches long.  1998 glauceseens, rich scarlet, flowering in August, September, and October, per		d. 6
1991 spiralis, pink, ½ ft	ľ	0	doz., 10s. 6d. and 15s	1	6
\$TRICHONEMA (Romulea). The slender grassy foliage and the large beautiful satiny richeoloured flowers make these admirable for pot culture, and charming plants in select borders.	t	0	noble in aspect than Glaucescens, flowering in Oct., Nov., and Dec. 1s. 6d, and *TULBAGHIA, the species noted produces handsome umbels of flowers; and being subaquatic, it is very pretty in summer on the margins of lakes.	2	6
1993 Bulbocodium, purple-lilac, ½ ft o 1994 ramiflorum, purple, very handsome, ½ ft. 1 1995 speciosum, carmine, very fine, ½ ft o STRILLIUM (the Wood Lily). A plant of great	C	9 0 6	2000 violacea, rose-lilac, 1 ft	I	
beauty for moist and shady situations, such as the north sides of rockwork, rooteries, Rhododendron beds, and semi-wild situa- tions. As a pot plant it is valuable for fore-			2001 grandiflora, golden yellow, ½ ft	I	
ing, and charming in bouquets.  1996 grandiflorum, pure white, 1½ ft	r 	6	2003 brevifolia, grey colour, with yelloweye, 1st. 2004 thyrsiflora, purple, 1 ft.	0	6

### BOOKS ON HARDY AND ALPINE FLOWERS.

By W. ROBINSON, F.L.S., Founder of the Garden.

HARDY FLOWERS. 5s. "A minute Encyclopedia."—SATURDAY REVIEW.
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ROBINSON'S CATALOGUE OF HERBACEOUS, ALPINE, AND BULBOUS PLANTS. 15.

## THE GARDEN IN SPRING, OR THE SPRING FLOWER GARDEN.

LIST OF BULES, PLANTS, AND SEEDS TO BE PLANTED OR SOWN IN AUTUMN, TO FLOWER IN SPRING

THE BULBS are ready to send out from the 1st September to Christmas. THE PLANTS are ready to send out from the 1st October till March.
THE SEEDS should be sown in August or September, according to locality.

A Spring Garden means flowers, weather permitting, from Christmas to June. The possessor of a garden, whether large or small, need have no difficulty in surrounding himself with flowers from Christmas, if he will make use for the purpose of the bulbs, plants, and seeds enumerated, or such of them as his accommodation or requirements demand. At Cliveden, Spring gardening still continues to maintain its prestige under the direction of Mr. Fleming, the Father of Spring Gardens. We are happy in being able to add, however, that Cliveden has its rivals; indeed, there are few localities now where Spring gardening is not well represented—either public or private. Of public gardens, the Lower Grounds, Aston, in the enterprising hands of Mr. Quilter, has attained an unprecedentedly high position for Spring gardening, both in regard to the enormous extent and variety of design, and in the immense masses of colour which are brought out from the earliest dawn of Spring, followed in May by the elaborate designs and traceries in which the Daisy, the Aubrietia, Pansies, and Violas play a In May by the elaborate designs and tracenes in which the Dasy, the Audicuta, Pansies, and Violas play a prominent part. Mr. Quilter's Spring Gardens are worth making a long journey to see from March to June. His Crocus-garden in March, his Tulip-garden in April, and his Daisy-garden in May are sights once seen not soon to be forgotten. The plants, bulbs, and seeds, required for Spring gardening, are all perfectly hardy, and they surpass in variety of tint, diversity of form and brilliancy of colour the subjects used in the Summer Garden. Immediately the exotics have been removed in-doors, the beds and borders should be forked up and manured, Immediately the exotics have been removed in-doors, the betts and borders should be forked up and manured, then planted as taste or fancy may suggest, with Bulbs, such as Hyacinths, Narcissus, Tulips, Crocus, Snowdrops, Winter aconites, Triteleias, Ranunculus, Anemones, Crown Imperials and Scillas. These all have their places. Besides these there is a perfect galaxy of beauty to be realized from combinations of the following flowering plants — Alyssum, Arabis, Aubrictia, Daisy, Forget-Me-Not, Pansy, Polyanthus, Phlox, Pink, Viola, and Wallflower. The annuals which should be sown in August and September are Agrostemma, Alyssum, Calandrinia, Campanula, Candytuft, Clarkia, Collinsia, Eschscholtzia, Eucharidium, Eutoca, Gilia, Godetia, Lasthenia, Hymenoxis, Leptosiphon, Linaria, Lupinus, Nemophila, Oxyura, Platystemon, Saponaria, Silene, Viscaria, Whitlavia, etc. For full particulars of these see Spring Seed Catalogue. Sow the annuals early in September out of doors, or later in the season in cold frames, and plant out in spring. Amongst ornamental in September out of doors, or later in the season in cold frames, and plant out in spring. Amongst ornamental foliage plants for the Spring Garden we may mention Golden Feather Pyrethrum, Ajuga, Arabis albida folvariegatis, Veronica incana, Aubrictia variegata, Cerastium tomentosum, the golden blotched Daisy, the Stachys lanata, and as edgings for permanent work, Euonymus radicans argenteo-variegatus, and the gold-margined

Fifty plants charged at the rate per 100, a less quantity at the rate per dozen; any quantity under half-a-dozen will be charged a little higher than by the dozen. DOT TOO

	Adonis vernalis, bright yellow, large anemone-like flowers				
2006	Alyssum saxatile, beautiful yellow, very profuse flowering	25	0	 4	0
2007	,, compactum, bright yellow, dwarf and compact	25	0	 4	0
2008	Anemone apennina, fulgens, stellata, and nemorosa. See p. 25,	_			
2009	, coronaria, the Double and Single Poppy Anemone. See pp. 24, 25.				

<sup>12,</sup> King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.]

		_		_		_
	P	er Ic		P	er do	
2010 Antennaria candida, far superior to Tomentosa, covering the ground more densel in a shorter period, (in pots 6s. per dozen)	y and					
2011 Arabis albida, snowy white, an effective companion to the yellow Alyssum	:	21	0	•••		6
2012 fol. variegatis, leaves rich green and white beautifully variegated		25	0		3	6
2013 Aubrietia Græca, purple	ed hue.	paci . so	t in	į.		0
2015 , , fol. variegatis ) they become a valuable groundwork for strongs	er colou	rs.		1	9	o
2016 Auricula, fine border varieties in mixed colours		• • •	•	• • •	6 1¢	6
2018 Bulbocodium Vernum, or Spring Meadow Saffron. See p. 16.		•••	•	•••	10	٥
2019 Cerastium tomentosum, a pretty, neat silvery foliaged plant		21	0	•••	3	0
2020 Cheiranthus alpinus, a clear yellow dense-flowering dwarf plant		••	••	•••	6	0
2022 Crocus, Dutch varieties and species. See pp. 14, 15.						
2023 Grown Imperial, the Fritillaria imperialis. See p. 26. 2024 Gyelamen, Autumn, Winter, and Spring blooming. Sec p. 25.						
2008 Deffeddig the Trumbet Mach True and Runch-Howeved Narrisone Sec. D. o.						
2026 Daisy, large Cliveden pink For edging, ribbons, filling up geometrical figure.  2027 " devices of any kind, the Daisy is one of the most us.  2028 " white plants in Spring gardening.	or S	21	0	• • •	3	0
2028 ", white   plants in Spring gardening	} :	21 21	0		-	0
2029 , aucubæiona, leaves green, oloichea gola, very beauthul in Spring		40	0	•••	5	6
2030 Dodocatheon, the American Cowslip or Shooting Star. See p. 37. 2031 Dog's Tooth Violets, the Erythrenium Dens Canis. Sec p. 17.						
2032 Euonymus radicans argenteo-variegatus, white and green foliage, for perm						
cdgings, and a most beautiful wall planteach od., is, and i 2033 Forget-Me-Not, Cliveden blue, Myosotis sylvatica, the most valuable of all plan		••	•	•••	•••	
producing a mass of colour in the spring flower gar den		10	6		I	6
2034 Forget-Me-Not, Cliveden white, Myosotis sylvatica alba, a fine contrast to the blue v	ariety	10	6	•••	I	6
2035 Forget-Me-Not, Cliveden rose, Myosotis sylvatica rosea, a charming addition and associate to the white and blue variety	a nne	ıc	6		ı	6
2036 Forget-Me-Not, Myosotis dissitiflora or montana, a charming species; more dwar	f than		-	•••	-	Ī
sylvatica, having larger flowers, and of a neater habit, and, in its tout ensemble be considered the aristocrat of the Forget-Me-Not family. In sheltered situ						
in the spring garden it blooms in February, and continues flowering till June.		2 I	0		3	6
2037 Funkia, the Japan Hyacinth. See p. 27.	•				•	
2038 Gentiana acaulis, intense blueper doz., according to size, 4s. 6d., 6s., 9s. 2039 Golden Thyme. For small beds and edgings this plant is quite unique	., and	30	٠.	•••	12	6
The Grasses enumerated as follows make very effective edgings to flower beds, and if	arrang	ed i	n d	esig	n in	ı a
grass bed, the effect is unique. The Goldon-leaved Grass makes its young growth with the	first fl	owe	rs o	f S	prin	g,
and the others follow in succession. The Silver-leaved Grass, when associated with blue L the most chaste and beautiful imaginable.	obella,	proc	duce	es an	e est	ect
2040 Grass golden-leaved. Alopecus us pratensis aureus variceatus		25	0	•••	3	6
2041 ", silver-leaved, Dactylis glomerata elegantissima		25	0	•••	3	6
2043 green, Festuca viridis		25	0		3	6
2014 Honesty, purple, forms an effective back row in a mixed or ribbon border					3	6
2045 Iberis Corræfolia, pure white, the finest of the perennial Candytufts		50	O	•••	7	6
2047 Leucojum, the Snowflakes. See p. 16.						
2048 Lily of the Valley. See p. 27. 2049 Lithospermum prostratum. This is a plant of the highest order of beauty and of	f oreat					
value in permanent beds, borders, and on rockwork, being covered for months i	n suc-					
cession with glowing rich Gentian-blue flowers		42	0		6	0
2051 Narcissus. Sec p. 9.						
2052 Ornithogalum, the Star of Bethlehem. See p. 38.						
2053 Pansy, Cliveden Beauty perpetual flowering, rich violet blue, extremely floriferon remarkably beautiful, one of the finest bedding pansies		40	0		5	6
2054 Cliveden blue perpetual flowering, beautiful soft clear blue		20	0	•••		6
2055 , Cliveden purple perpetual flowering, very rich purple		30		•••	4	6
2057 Cliveden yellow perpetual flowering, rich golden yellow		30	0		4	6
2058 ", Cliveden black perpetual flowering, pure black		30	0		4	6
2060 Cloth of Gold, bright yellow, fine constitution		30	0	•••	4	6
2061 Phlox subulata (frondosa) (These Phloxes in spring cover their rich green foliage w	ith a 1	30	0		4	6
2062 nalba (Nelsoni) { profusion of flowers; subulatarich rosepurple, alba purew 2063 Pink, Cliveden double pure White \ The white and blush Pinks are very effective	hite. §	30		•••	6	6
2064 , Pearce's Covent Garden blush \ long marginal lines, beds, or ribbons, \\ \frac{1}{2}	ft.	30	0	•••	4	6
2065 Polyanthus, very fine mixed varieties	lower (	21	0	•••	3	0
2066 , choice gold lace varieties		40 40	0	•••	5 5	6
2068 ,, Golden Plover, golden yellow and continue in flower till th	e hot	40	0	•••	5	6
2069 Primrose, single fine mixed varieties weather sets in. The Golden 2070 , Auricula-flowered, each 1/6 ver Polyanthus is a fine ye		40	0	•	5	6
double pure white	nison]	50 .		•••	7	6
2072 ,, double lilac	con-	50	0	•••	7	6
2074 cortusoides amena, rich rose-purpte ing cushion beds or designs.	All	50	0		7	6
2075 ,, alba, pure white the varieties of double and s	ingle				18	0
2076 , Japonica, rich magenta, in large whorls   Primroses are favourites.	[Bar	7 11	nd	Sug	den.	6
	LBar	ra	na i	Jugo	uen,	

	Provided to C	bet 1		P	er d	07
2077 2078	Puschkinia. See p. 16. Pyrethrum Golden Feather				8.	
2079	Ranunculus, Persian and Turkish. See pp. 22 & 24.			***	3	
080	Saponaria calabrica, pink or white.  Scilla sibirica, bifolia, amœna, and italica. Sec p. 16.	12	6	•••	2	•
82	the Wood Hyacinth. See p. 26.					
33	Sempervivum Californicum, for edgings and designs, per 100, 25s. to 50s.; per doz., 6s. to				9	
84	, calcaratum, resembles Californicum, but smaller, per 100, 215.;					
85	per doz., 4s. 6d. to ,, calcareum, light green, tipped crimson, large and handsome	•	••	•••		
86	Auvergnense, green, conspicuously tipped crimson-brown, per 100, 21s.,	•		•••	9	
_	25s., and 30s.; per doz., 4s. 6d. to				6	
87	" arachnoideum, the Cobweb or Silver Houseleek per 100, 21s. to 50s.;				_	
88	per doz., 4s. 6d. to per doz., 4s. 6d. to montanumper 100, 21s. to 30s.; per doz., 4s. 6d. to		••	•••	6	
89	Delusorli, green, tipped scarlet, very beautiful					
90	Silene, Cliveden pink (S. pendula), for ribbons and filling flower beds	10	6	•••	I	
91 92	,, Cliveden white (S. pendula alba) ,, pendula ruberrima, pink, with reddish foliage	10	6	• • •	I	
93	,, pendula ruberrima, pink, with reddish foliage	10	6	•••	2	
94	alba, white				2	
95	Sisyrinchium grandiflorum. See p. 38.					
96	Snowdrops, Crimean and Imperati's. See p. 16, and figures in "The Garden," 10th Marc	eh,	1877	7		
98	Triteleia conspicua, and lilacina. See p. 17.  Veronica incana, a fine dwarf silver-grey foliage plant, for beds and edgings					
99	Vinca minor aureo-variegata. For permanent edgings and rockwork, also a valuable	30	0	•••	4	
	plant to grow under trees where few plants will live		••	•••	5	
00	Viola cornuta alba, pure white,	30	0	• • •		
$\begin{array}{c} 01 \\ 02 \end{array}$	,, ,, Mauve Queen, mauve	30	0	•••		
03	,, lutea grandiflora, yettow, free flowering, major, rich pure yetlow, large flowers, and continuously in bloom	30	0			
04	Biue Beil, violet, shaded blue, dwarf compact growth, free and continuous	40	0	•••	4	
05	Violets, sweet scented. See p. 41.			•••	,	
06 07	Wallflower, Young's Dark Red; for ribbons, the back row of borders, and for beds	30	0		4	
07 08	Winter acousting the Engulish Republic Properties Food and beds	30	0	•••	4	
.05	Winter aconites, the Eranthis hyemalis. See p. 17. VIOLETS, SWEET SCENTED.					
109 110 111	fragrant flowers are freely produced, and may be gathered almost daily throughout the v hs.  cach—s. d. Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	vint blus	er a	each— ery	pri -s, o o	1
109 110 111 112 113 114	hs. cach—8, d. Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	blus blus ble ble ery	flow	each— very vers	pri -5,	I
109 110 111 112 113 114 115	Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	vint blus ble te ge	flow	each— ery wers	pri-8, 000000000000000000000000000000000000	1
109 110 111 112 113 114 115	Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	vint blus ble te ge	flow	each— ery wers	pri-8, 000000000000000000000000000000000000	1
109 110 111 112 113 114 115	hs. cach—8, d. Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	blustick terms of the second s	flow	each— ery vers	pri -5, 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 12	1
109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117	Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	blushed by the blushed blushed by the blushed	flow	runus each— rery  vers  the p the p follow	pri-s, ooooo oo	1
109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 .18	Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	ble te	flow late the the total and th	rums one of the police of the	pri-s, ooooo oo	1
109 110 112 13 114 115 116 117 118	Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	ble te	flow late the the total and th	rums one of the police of the	pri-s, ooooo oo	1
109 110 111 121 131 141 15 16 17 18	Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	blus ble ery etio	flow la to the t	rums one of the police of the	pri-s. ooooo oooo	1
109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 118 118 118 118 118 119 118 119 119	Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	pole te	flow later to the contract of	vers  vers  vers  the policy	pri-s. ooooo oooo	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 118 118 119 119 119 119 119 119 119	Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	pole te	flow  flow  late to the total state of the total st	rums oo the posterior	of tine	11100
109 110 111 122 133 14 115 .16 .17 .18 .34 .35 .36 .37 .38 .39	Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	blus blus ble te control blus blus ble te control blus blus blus blus blus blus blus blu	flow late to the total state of	rums oo the posterior	of tine	11100
109 110 111 1213 114 115 115 116 117 118 118 118 119 119 119 119 119 119 119	Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	Pymolikan and a second and a se	flow flow flow flow flow flow flow flow	rums oo the I oo oo	oooooooooooooooooooooooooooooooooooooo	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
109 110 111 1213 114 115 115 116 117 118 118 118 119 119 119 119 119 119 119	Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	Pymolikan and a second and a se	flow flow flow flow flow flow flow flow	rums oo the I oo oo	oooooooooooooooooooooooooooooooooooooo	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 118 136 137 138 139 140	Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	etio  Pynniik  and  chite  ge  ange  werp  werp	flow la	earn	of to land minimal min	il in our
109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 118 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141	Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	etio  Pynniik  and  chite  ge  ange  werp  werp	flow la	earn	of to land minimal min	ייי
109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 118 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143	Arborea (Tree Violet), donble blue	rint blus blus blus blus blus blus blus blus	flow la to The to to the shall	rums one of the follow one of the follow carmine of the follow one	of to min	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
109 110 111 1112 113 114 115 116 117 118 stere or 134 135 137 139 140 141 142 143 144	Arborea (Tree Violet), donble blue	Pymolikano etio	flow land if the total interest in the total	rums  rums  rums  rums  rums  chers  rums  chers  rums  chers  rums  chers  rums  chers  rums  chers  chers  rums  chers	of to min	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 118 134 135 136 137 138 138 139 141 142 143 144 145	Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	pole te	flow	rums oose o oo o	of to min	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
109 110 111 112 1114 1115 1116 117 118 ste calline at a standard s	Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	wint blus wint blus blus blus blus blus blus blus blus	flow  flow  la	each erectives and see each erectives and see each erectives and see each erectives and see each erectives and earminate ear ear ear ear ear ear ear ear ear ea	of to min	ייי
109 110 1111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 ste crilli re a 134 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 1444 145	Arborea (Tree Violet), double blue	wint blus vint vint vint vint vint vint vint vint	flow  flow  la	each erectives and see each erectives and see each erectives and see each erectives and see each erectives and earminate ear ear ear ear ear ear ear ear ear ea	of to min	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I

42 PHLOXES, PROMIAS, DELPHINIO	MS, DOUBLE POIENTILLAS, ETC.
Pyrethrums—continued. 2162 Le Dante, bright shining rose, orange centre 2163 Lischen, lilac rose, conspicuous orange centre 2164 Luteum plenum, sulphur, yellow centre 2165 Madame Billiard, white tinted rose 2166 Madme Munier, rosy blush, stowers large 2167 Mademoiselle Patti, carmine rose 2168 Michael Buckner, rich rosy crimson, orange 2169 Minerva, pure rose 2170 Miss Plinke, purplish crimson, greyish lilac and 2171 Modele, bright rosy crimson, stowers large 2172 Mons. Barral, rosy red 2173 Mrs. Dix, blush shaded with purple 2174 Multislorum, rosy crimson, orange centre 2175 Nancy, blush white shaded salmon 2176 Ne Plus Ultra, delicate blush white, stowers large 2177 Nemesis, lilac carmine 2178 Niveum plenum, pure white, flowers large 2179 Panorama, delicate blush, tipped orange	2181 Paul Journu, outer petals pale rose, centre petals cream, shaded lilac 2182 Prince Teck, brilliant crimson, orange centre 2183 Princess de Metternich, pure white 2184 Progress, rich crimson, orange-brown centre 2185 Rembrandt, purplish rose, tipped white 2186 Rev. J. Dix, rosy carmine, flowers large 2187 Roseum magnificum, fine rose, shaded purple 2188 Roseum perfectum, outer petals pale red, centre, deticate rose 2189 Roseum plenum, rosy blush 2190 Rubrum plenum, outer petals rosy purple, centre deep rose 2191 Solfaterre, sulphur, golden yellow centre 2192 Spectabile, dark rosy lilac 2193 Striatum, pink tinged white 2194 Titlens, delicate rosy pink, orange yellow centre 2195 Triomphe Demay, pale lilac 2196 Virginale, pare white, orange centre 2197 Vole Lactee, pure white, suffused delicate pink, centre orange
2180 Peau Rouge, rosy crimson orange centre	2198 Wilhelm Kramper, dark red, flowers very large
These grand border plants are exceedingly decora clusters, varying in colour from the purest white to the of the flowers are beautifully margined, while others he Chrysanthemum, in pots, the Phlox makes beautiful speculiful varieties.  2200 25 in 25 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	30/-, 40/-, 50/-, and 60 0 0 15/-, 21/-, 25/-, and 30 0 0 15/-, 21/-, 25/-, and 30 0 0 15/-, 21/-, 15/-, and 18 0 0 0 15/-, 12/-, 15/-, and 18 0 0 0 15/-, 12/-, 15/-, and 18 0 0 0 15/-, 15/-, and 18 0 0 0 15/-, 15/-, and 18 0 0 0 0 15/-, 15/-, and 18 0 0 0 0 0 15/-, 15/-, and 18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
2203 30 in 30 splendid varieties	42/-, 50/-, and 63 o
2204 20 in 20 ,, ,,	
2205 12 in 12 ., ,,	iniums.
A valuable class of hardy perennial Larkspurs, vary bright searlet, pure white, pale lavender, and every shat black, these again have frequently white, brown, or bl size; there are singles, semi-doubles, and others perfect of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length. The plant 2206 50 in 50 varieties 2207 25 in 25 , 2008 12 in 12 , DOUBLE PO	ring in height from 2 to 6 feet. Amongst the colours are de of blue, from azure to deep indigo, and some almost lack centres; the flowers differ considerably in form and by double with beautifully imbricated flowers, the spikes s may be cultivated in any ordinary garden soil.
bright yellow. These colours are in some nowers represent	ny weeks in succession.
good as in ac variaties	
2210 12 in 12 ,,	213. and 30 0
SUB-ALPINE MOUNDS AN	D PLANTS FOR THEM.
One of the most interesting features in modern gard is produced by throwing up mounds, and planting them heights and depressions, such as are to be found in natur admits of a perspective, and the planting should be such of Alpine foliage and every variety of Alpine flower as is the pigmy firs may be planted, and, in the summer-tim other such massive-leaved or characteristic plants, and Alpines which will remain uninjured during the severes in nature, giving a snow white capping to the distant pe aspects are greatly enhanced if planted liberally all ove bifolia, Snowdrops, Croeus, dwarf Daffodils, Snowflat spring they appear as attractive as in summer.	dening is the development of a Sub-Alpine effect, which with an Alpine vegetation, giving to the mounds various rail landscapes, ehoosing, when possible, a situation which as to give a semi-wild appearance, embracing every tint found in nature. Up the pseudo-mountain-side some of ne, Echeveria metallica, arborea, arborea purpurea, and the whole of the intervening spaces covered with hardy t winters. In planting, graduate the shade of verdure as caks with the silvery-foliaged Antennaria. These Alpine er with spring flowering bulbs, such as Scilla sibirica and kes, Fritillarias, Iris reticulata, and I. Persica, so that in
	R SUB-ALPINE MOUNDS, AS UNDER:—   2214 50 in 25 species
2212 100 in 50 ,,	2215 25 in 25 ,,
DEDMANENT W	INDOW GARDENS.
a ret to the and directions how to form these to	ermanent Window Gardens in previous Catalogues.
See Illustration and airections now to form these pure Selections of Plants suitable for period 2217 100 in 100 species	2220 50 in 25 species

CARRATIONS, FIGURES, FIRES, CHRISARTHEMORS, FERRIS, CEEDRATIS, ETC. 43
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOMETRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.
The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants in pots which are capable of being divided up a.
2223 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties
2224 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties
2225 Sempervivums, in 25 varietiesper 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0
FINE SORTS OF HARDY ALPINE PLANTS FOR ROCKWORK, ETC.
2226 100 in 100 varieties
2228 100 in 25
FINE SORTS OF HARDY HERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.
2232 Too in too varieties and and A o 1 2235 to in to varieties and 42 o
2232 100 in 100 varieties
2234 roo in 25 , 50s, and 60 0 2237 12 in 12 ,
CARNATIONS.
Few flowers are more prized than Carnations, Picotees, and Pinks, whether as border plants, to cut for
bouquets, or for buttonholes. The plants offered will be ready to send out in October in pots, but, if not other-
wise instructed, they will be taken out of their pots and balled up for convenience in packing.
2238 Choice Named Varieties per dozen, 12s. and 15s. Fine ditto, 6s. and 9 o
PICOTEES.
2239 Choice Named Varieties per dozen, 125, and 155. Fine ditto, 65, and 9 o
PINKS.
2240 Choice Named Varieties
CHRYSANTHEMUMS.
2241 Assorted Plants for the present Autumn flowering, per dozen, 18s., 24s., 3os., and upwards.
2242 Assorted Plants supplied in Spring
FERNS.
Hardy Ferns, British and Exotic, established in pots, 15s., 18s., 24s, and 30s. per dozen.
Ferns for Plant Cases and Decoration, 18s., 24s., and 3os. per dozen.
IVIES FOR COVERING WALLS OR FORMING EDGINGS.
2243 Assorted Green Varieties, according to sizeper dozen, 125., 185., 245. and 30 o
2244 Assorted Varieties, according to sizeper dozen, 185, 305, and 42 0
CLEMATIS.
2245 Assorted Beautiful Varieties for beds, trellises, or wallsper dozen, 215., 305. and 42 o
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PALMS, suitable for Hall and Drawing-Room Decoration.  At our Warehouse we have always a nice assortment of these at prices ranging from 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 12s. 6d.,
At our Warehouse we have always a nice assortment of these at prices ranging from 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 15s., 17s. 6d., 21s. each, and upwards, according to size and variety.
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At our Warehouse we have always a nice assortment of these at prices ranging from 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 15s., 17s. 6d., 21s. each, and upwards, according to size and variety.  HARDY FLOWERING SHRUBS.  2246 Assorted
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At our Warehouse we have always a nice assortment of these at prices ranging from 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 15s., 17s. 6d., 21s. each, and upwards, according to size and variety.  HARDY FLOWERING SHRUBS.  2246 Assorted
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At our Warehouse we have always a nice assortment of these at prices ranging from 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 15s., 17s. 6d., 21s. each, and upwards, according to size and variety.  HARDY FLOWERING SHRUBS.  2246 Assorted
At our Warehouse we have always a nice assortment of these at prices ranging from 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 12s.
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At our Warehouse we have always a nice assortment of these at prices ranging from 7s. 6d., 12s. 6d. 12s. 6d. 22se Honore to material producing pyramidal panieles of creamy-white flowers, which, in their early stage, resemble Fuchsia globosa, each, 2s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 3s. 6d. 2264 Ment the Pustles in the purp last for hower, series, 1st. 1st. 1st. 1st. 1st. 1st. 1st. 1st.
At our Warehouse we have always a nice assortment of these at prices ranging from 7s. 6d., 12s. 6d. 12s. 6d. 12s. 6d. 22s6 Aponogeton distachyon, a fine hardy aquatic, with racemes of pure white fragrant flowers, suitable for flower and shrubbery borders, and for conservatory decoration. In pots, 1s., 1s. 6d., and 2s. 6d. 22s6 Meals a Pottlund 3; earth Varied as particular a grandiflora, a grand hardy plant, producing prantical price of means a price of cereany-white flowers, 1s foot in depth and 2 feet in circumference, each 2s. 6d. 2s
At our Warehouse we have always a nice assortment of these at prices ranging from 7s. 6d., 12s.
At our Warehouse we have always a nice assortment of these at prices ranging from 7s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 21s. each, and upwards, according to size and variety.  HARDY FLOWERING SHEUES.  2246 Assorted
At our Warehouse we have always a nice assortment of these at prices ranging from 7s. 6d., 12s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. 2257 Acer negundo varieties, a sorted 1s. 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., 2s. 6d., 2s. 6d., 2s. 6d. 2258 Aucuba Japonice a mascula, the berry-bearing Aucuba, each, 2s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 2s. 6d. 2258 Bambusa Fortunei folits niveo-vittatis, a beautiful dwarf hardy varieties of creamy-white flowers, and for conservatory decoration. In pots, 1s., 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. 2258 Mailas floribunda; early in May this near growth of lands plant, 2s. 6d., and 2s. 6d. 2258 Michael and April, each 1s. 2259 Lands for marked and pondes, each 2s. 6d. 2257 Acer and pondes, each 2s. 6d. 2258 Aucuba Japonice mascula, the new male Japanese Aucuba, each, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., and 5s. 6d. 2259 Bambusa Fortunei folits niveo-vittatis, a beautiful dwarf hardy variegated foliage plant, very effective in flowers, and for conservatory decoration. In pots, 1s., 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. 2258 Main for bandal and pondes each 2s. 6d. 2259 Legonia Froebell, flowers bright crimson, in great profusion; now used as a bedding plant, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. 2259 Bambusa Fortunei folits niveo-vittatis, a beautiful dwarf hardy variegated foliage plant, very effective in flowers, 1 foot in depth and 2 feet in circumference, each, 2s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 2s. 6d. 2268 Mains floribunda; early in May this near growing hardy plant is profusely covered with bright crimson flowers, 1 foot in depth and 2 feet in circumference, each, 2s. 6d. to 5s. 6d. 2s. 6d., and 3s. 6d. 2264 Mentha Pelugium Gibraltaricum; the new green bedding plant, 2s. 6d., and 3s. 6d. 2265 Mains floribunda; early in May this near growing bandy plant is profusely covered with bright crimson flowers, in foot in depth and 2 feet in circumference, each, 2s. 6d. to 5s. 6d. 2s. 6d.,
At our Warehouse we have always a nice assortment of these at prices ranging from 7s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 21s. each, and upwards, according to size and variety.  HARDY FLOWERING SHEUES.  2246 Assorted

<sup>12,</sup> King Streel, Covent Garden, 1877.]

HARDY PLANTS, Etc.—continued.

2269 Primula nivalis, an Alpine gem of neat dwarf growth, producing compact trusses of pure white flowers,

valuable alike for conservatory and rockwork, each 1s. to 1s. 6d.

2270 Pulsatilla vernalis, this variety of the Pasque-Flower is exceedingly effective in spring, each 1s. 6d. 2271 Rudbeckia Newmanii, a grand herbaceous plant, with rich orange-yellow flowers, and conspicuous velvety golden centre, each 9d.
 2272 Rhus glabra laciniata, the elegantly divided fern-like leaves and reddish flower stalks of this fine orna-

mental plant are unequalled amongst shrubs, each 2s, 6d.

2273 Rubus laciniatus, an extremely ornamental Bramble, the foliage being elegantly divided, and the fruit

large, of an excellent flavour, valuable for dessert, tarts, or preserves, each 12. 6d.

2274 Sambucus nigra aurea, the golden yellow leaves of this fine variety of Elder make it valuable for

shrubbery borders, plantations and groups in ornamental parks, each 1s., 1s. 6d., and 2s. 6d.

2275 Sempervivum spinosum, (Cotyledon spinosum), it would be difficult to imagine a small plant with so much character as this little gem: in the winter it rolls itself up, and early in spring developes into the most character as this little gem: in the winter it rolls itself up, and early in spring developes into the most charming rosettes possible to imagine, each 6d., 9d., and 1s.; per doz. 5s. 6d., 7s. 6d., and 1os. 6d.

2276 Tacsonia exoniensis, a magnificent greenhouse climber, producing in great profusion brilliant coloured purple-ringed rosy-pink flowers, each 2s. 6d. to 5s. 6d.

2277 "Van Volxemi, flowers brilliant scarlet, a splendid greenhouse climber, each 2s. 6d., and 5s.6d., and 5s.6d.

2278 Thalictrum minus, a beautiful border plant, resembling the Maiden Hair Fern, each 9d.

2279 "Adaptifully a classification of the most resemble of the decision of the most resemble of the decision of the most resemble of the m

2280 adiantifolium glaucum, foliage glaucous green, each, 1s. 6d.

18 The Thalictrums above enumerated should be grown largely where graceful foliage is a desideratum in the flower border, and where elegant fern-like foliage is required for vases.

2281 Tritoma grandis. The finest of the genus, producing stems 5 to 7 feet in height, densely clothed for about two-thirds of their length with bright orange and red tubular-shaped flowers; it commences flowering in September, and in mild winters continues until January, per doz. 153. and 215.

2282 Tussilago fragrans (Winter Heliotrope), this flowers under glass from October to March or in the open border early in spring, and emitting a delightful Heliotrope-like fragrance, flowers greyish-white changing to rose-lilac, each 6d.; per doz. 5s. 6d.

## FRUIT TREES.

	Fine Trained Trees. Standards.	Untrained Trees. Standards.	Fine Trained Trees, Dwarfs.	Untrained Trees, Dwarfs,	Fine Half- Standard Trees. In Pots.	Fine Dwarf and Pyramid Trees. In Pots.	Fine Trained Trees. Pyramids.
APPLES	s. d. s. d.	2 o to 3 6	4 6 to 5 6	2 6		s. d. s. d. 5 6 to 10 6 5 6 ,, 10 6	36
CHERRIES	10 6	26,,36	56,, 76	3 6	56 ,, 106 76 ,, 156	56 ,, 76	4 6 to 7 6
PEARSPLUMS	10 6	20,,36	40,,50	3 0	56 ,, 10 6	56, 76	36 ,, 76
ALMONDS, Sweet	each 2	6 ,, 3 6 6 ,, 7 6 6 ,, 7 6	MULBEI QUINCE SERVICE SPANISE	ss s i Chesnu	JTS	each 7	6,, 7 6 6,, 3 6 6,, 5 6
BARBERRIESBLACKBERRIES, American an	nd	6 to 12 0	RASPBE	RRIES per	doz. 3/6 to 7/	6, per 100 21	
Others	,, 12	0,, 30 0 0,, 18 0 0,, 12 0	Forcir	ng in Fru	in Pots, fo iting Pots nedium, stron	per doz. 9	0,, 12
GOOSEBERRIES	,, 6	0,, 12 0	and e		g, each 7/6,		0,, 21 0

#### A SELECT LIST OF STRAWBERRIES.

We have omitted from our list many varieties of Strawberries, either because they are synonymes of those enumerated or inferior to them.

I are quantities than 50 of a sort will be charged a little higher.

Alpine, red or white
Alpine, red or white
Black Prince, early
Frogmore late Pine
Grove End Scarlet

Strawberry Plants for forcing, in 60 Pots, 3/6 per dozen; or in Fruiting Pots, 12/ per dozen.

[Barr and Sugden,

# GARDEN REQUISITES, ETC.

BOUQUET STALK WIRE, in bundles of 1 lb., finest, 2s. 6d.; second, 2s.; third 1s. 6d.; thickest, 1s.

BOUQUET STALK WIRE, in bundles of 1 lb., finest, 2s. 6d.; second, 2s.; third 1s. 6d.; thickest, 1s.
BOUQUET STEEL WIRE, for wiring Camellias, in bundles of 1 lb., 2s. 6d.
BOUQUET BINDING WIRE, per reel, 1s. 3d.; silvered, per reel, 1s. 9d.
BOUQUET BINDING WIRE, per reel, 1s. 3d.; silvered, per reel, 1s. 9d.
PREPARED FLOWER GUM, for fixing the petals of Geraniums, Primulas, &c. Per bottle, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
WOODEN FLOWER STICKS, NOT PAINTED. In bundles of 100, 12 inch, 1s. 3d.; 18 inch, 1s. 8d.; 24 inch, 2s. 6d.; 30 inch, 3s.; 36 inch, 3s. 6d.; 42 inch, 4s. 6d.; 48 inch, 6s.; 54 inch, 7s.; 60 inch, 8s. In bundles of 50, 9d., 1s., 1s. 6d., 1s. 9d. 2s., 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., 4s., 4s. 6d.
CANE FLOWER STICKS, 3 to 4 feet, per 100, 5s.
FINE HORTICULTURAL COPPER WIRE, for suspending labels, per bundle, 1s., 1s. 6d., and 2s. 6d.
HORTICULTURAL METALLIC WIRE, for suspending labels, per bundle, finest, 1s. 6d.; second, 1s. 4d.; thicket, 1s. 2d.

thickest, 1s. 2d.

IMPROVED GALVANIZED VERBENA PEGS, 1000, 5s. 6d.; 500, 3s.; 250, 1s. 9d. CAST IRON WALL NAILS AND WOOLLEN SHREDS.

MEDICATED GARDEN SHREDS; this substitute for woollen shreds to nail up fruit trees and climbers possesses the great advantage of not harbouring insects; they are very durable, and as they are cut in lengths, very handy; in bundles of 100, 2 inch, 6d.; 3 inch, 8d.; 4 inch, 1s.; 5 inch, 1s. 6d.

STRONG PRUNING GLOVES, best quality, per pair, 25. 2s. 6d. FINE

15. 9d. LADIES'

LADIES' GAUNTLET GLOVES, extra quality ,, 3s.
THERMOMETERS, in polished boxwood, best quality, each 2s. 6d.

in iron

GARDEN WOODEN LABELS, for pots and borders, painted. In bundles of 100, 3½ inches, 8d.; 4¾ inches, 10d.;

5½ inches, 1s.; 6½ inches, 1s. 3d.; 7½ inches, 1s. 6d.; 0 inches, 2s. For suspending, 3½ inches, 1s.

YEATS' METALLIC GARDEN LABELS, for conservatory, fernery, fruit, and flower garden. The following for pots and borders: No. 1, per 100, 4s.; No. 2, 3s. 6d.; No. 3, 4s.; No. 4, 3s. 6d.; No. 15, 2s. 6d. The following to suspend: No. 5, for walls, 3s. 6d.; No. 13, 2s. 6d.; No. 6, for roses, 2s. 6d.; No. 14, 2s.; No. INDELIBLE INK and 6 suitable nibs for writing or Vector No.

INDELIBLE INK and 6 suitable nibs for writing on Yeats' Metallic labels, 8d. Larger bottle with 12 nibs, 1s. 3d.

Without nibs the Ink is 6d. and 1s.

MAW'S IMPERISHABLE TERRA COTTA PLANT LABELS. At the time of using, rub the surface over with white lead, and write the name of the plant with a black lead pencil. The following for pots and borders: per 100, No. 1,  $3\frac{1}{2}$  inches, 1s. 6d.; No. 2,  $4\frac{1}{2}$  inches, 2s.; No. 3,  $5\frac{1}{2}$  inches, 2s. 6d.; No. 4, 6 inches, 3s. 6d.; No. 5, 7 inches, 4s. 6d.; No. 6, 8 inches, 5s. 6d.; No. 13, 4s. 6d.; No. 14, 6s. The following for suspending: No. 11, for walls, 2s. 6d.; No. 12, 15s.; No. 9, 5s. 6d.; No. 10, 5s. For standard fruit trees, No. 7, 3s. 6d. For roses, No. 8, 1s. 9d.

WOLFF'S SOLID BLACK INK PENCILS, for writing on wood, 3d.; extra thick, 6d.

THE PAXTON NAIL BAG, with Pockets and Knife Sheath.—(See Illustration on Order Sheet) 10s, 6d.
THE CHISWICK NAIL BAG, with Pocket and Knife Sheath, 7s. 6d.
THE IMPROVED PAXTON FUMIGATOR, in stained wooden case.—(See Illustration in previous Catalogues) 20s. SAYNOR'S PRUNING KNIVES, 2s. 6d. to 4s. 6d.

SAYNOR'S BUDDING KNIVES, 3s. to 3s. 6d.

VINE SCISSORS, 3s. 6d.

BREHAUTS' PRUNING SCISSORS.—(See Illustration on Order Sheet) 3s.; 3s. 6d.; 4s.; 4s. 6d.; 5s. and 6s.

The Selby Flower Gatherer, 5s. 6d.
BARR'S GARDEN SYRINGES.—(See Illustration in previous Catalogues) first quality, 10s. 6d.; 12s. 6d.; 15s. and 21s.

BARR'S GARDEN SYRINGES, second quality, 5s. 6d., 9s., 11s. and 15s.
BARR'S SMALL SYRINGE, for fern cases, 5s. 6d.
BARR'S SUCTION GARDEN ENGINES.—(See Illustration in previous Catalogues) 42s. to 50s.

LAWN MOWING MACHINES, 43. 10s. and upwards, according to size.

LADIES' WATERING CANS, with brass rose.—No. 1, 4s. 6d.; No. 2, 5s. 6d.; No. 3, 6s. 6d.

STRAWBERRY WATERING CANS.—No. 1, 2s. 6d.; No. 2, 3s. 6d.; No. 3, 4s. 6d.

PORTABLE TRANSMISSION CASES, in compartments for cut flowers.—(See Illustration on Order Sheet) 21s., 25s.,

30s., 36s., 42s., and 47s.
PAXTON DRAWING-ROOM HANGING BASKETS, with zinc pan drained, 10 inch, 10s. 6d.; 12 inch, 15s.;

15 inch, 21s. Filled with suitable plants, or bulbs, 21s., 30s., and 42s.

PAXTON CONSERVATORY HANGING BASKETS.—(See Illustration in previous Catalogues) 10 inch, 5s. 6d.;

12 inch, 7s. 6d.; 15 inch, 10s. 6d.; 18 inch, 12s. 6d.; 21 inch, 15s.; 24 inch, 21s. Filled with suitable plants, 15s. 6d., 22s. 6d., 30s., 42s., 50s. and 63s.

ALBERT FERN CASES, with Iron Frames and Ventilators.—(See Illustration in previous Catalogues), 20 inch, 63s.; 24 inch, 84s.; 30 inch, 105s.; 36 inch, 130s. Filled with suitable plants, 100s., 120s., 160s. and 200s.

BRONZED ORNAMENTAL IRON TABLES FOR ALBERT FERN CASES, suitable to the size above named, 42s.,

455., 485., 505.

NEW HEATED FRAME.—(See Illustration, p. 48) 84s., 90s., 92s., 98s. and 105s.

GILBERT'S HANDLIGHTS.—(See Illustration on Order Sheet) 5s. 6d., 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 6d., 9s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 11s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 14s., 19s., 22s., 24s., and 30s. For full particulars see previous Catalogues.

WINDOW CONSERVATORIES.—(See Illustration in previous Catalogues) with Iron Frame, and fitted up in the best style Seven Guipage and upwards

best style, Seven Guineas, and upwards.

WINDOW CONSERVATORIES, rusticated, and furnished with plants.
WINDOW BOXES IN WOOD, 10s. 6d., and upwards.
WINDOW BOXES IN ZINC, faced with Encaustic Tiles, 21s. each, and upwards.

APHIS BRUSII.—(See Illustration on Order Sheet) 2s. 6d.

JAPANESE BASS, a strong, durable, tying material, recommended, 3s. per lb.; specimen bundles, 6d. & 1s. ROPHIA, a new light tying material, recommended, per lb. 2s.; specimen bundles, 6d. & 1s.

ARCHANGEL MATS, best quality, 24s. per dozen; 2s. 6d. each.

St. Petersburg Mats of very good quality, 155. per dozen.

Frigi Domo Netting.—Manufactured from hair and wool; a perfect non-conductor; keeping a fixed temperature where it is applied. White, 2 yards wide and 4 yards wide; improved make, brown colour, 2 yards wide and 3 yards wide; either sort, 15. 2d. per square yard.

Brittain's Garden Netting.—This is the most valuable of all materials for protecting fruit-trees from frost,

12, King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.]

GARDEN REQUISITES-continued.

the open meshes allowing a free circulation of air, and it is an excellent article for shading. No. 1, 10 yards long, 54 inches wide, 75, 6d. No. 2, 10 yards long, 54 inches wide, finer quality, 8s, 6d. No. 3, 10 yards

long, 54 inches wide, 75, 6d. No. 2, 10 yards long, 54 inches wide, inher quanty, 65, 6d. No. 3, 10 yards long, 54 inches wide, a heavier quality, 10s.

TIFFANY.—A light, cheap, shading material for conservatories, greenhouses, etc.; can be stretched outside or inside of the glass. No. 1, 20 yards long by 38 inches wide; per piece, 5s. 6d. No. 2, the same as No. 1, but manufactured with a patent mineral solution, 6s. 6d. per piece. No. 3, double strength, 18 yards long by 36 inches wide, per piece, 7s. 6d. No. 4, treble strength, 18 yards long by 36 inches wide, per piece, 10s. 6d.

TANNED NETTING, r inch mesh, about 2 yards wide, per yard run, 3d,

Manures for Flowers, Fruits, and Vegetables.

STANDEN'S GARDENERS' AND AMATEURS' MANURE. This is the best concentrated fertilizer, and being perfectly inodorous may be used to plants in the conservatory or sitting-room; while for all kinds of hard wooded plants, such as Camellias, Azaleas, &c., for Roses in pots, Vines and other fruit trees in pots, for dressing Vine and Peach borders it is invaluable; also for all kinds of fruits, flowers, and vegetablee out of doore. Sample canisters, 1/- and 2/6; large canisters, 5/6, 10/6, and 21/-.

McDOUGALL'S PHOSPHATIO MANURE. In canisters, 1/- and 2/6 each.

LAWSON'S PHOSPHO GUANO.—In canisters, 1/- and 2/6.

FOWLER'S ECONOMIC GARDEN MANURE.—In canisters, 7lb., 2/3; 14lb., 3/9.

PERUVIAN GUANO, PURE.—5d. per lb.; or in canisters, 1/- and 2/6.

KEMP'S CONCENTRATED LIQUID MANURE.—In bottles, 1/-; Jare, 2/6 each.

Lawn Sand, Styptic, Grafting Wax, and Soils.

WATSON'S WEED-DESTROYING LAWN-SAND. For destroying Daisios, Dandelions, Plantains, and all other taprooted weeds on lawns, at the same time acting as a fertilizer in improving the grass. The value of the Lawn-Sand has been thoroughly tested for many years now, and it is with confidence we recommend it. Price, in London, 2/6, and 10/6 per canister; in half cwt. kegs, 21/-; one cwt. kegs, 40/-. Lawn Grass Seed, 1/-, 1/3, and 1/6 per lb. Autumn is an excellent time to sow grass seed, either to renovate or to make a new Lawn.

THOMSON'S STYPTIC, for preventing the bleeding of Vines after pruning, and tho mildewing of Geranium cuttings,

THOMSON'S STYPTIC, for preventing the bleeding of vines after pruning, and the mildewing of Geranum cuttings, &c. Per bottle, 3/-.

NEW FRENCH OOLD GRAFTING WAX, in tin box, 1/-, 1/6 and 2/-, highly recommended for all kinds of grafting and budding, stopping the bleeding of Vines after pruning, and for applying to uowly-made cuttings; the Grafting Wax requires no preparation previous to use.

OOCOA NUT FIBRE AND CHARCOAL, specially prepared for growing Ferns in Plant-Cases, and Bulbs in Jardinets, Glasses, &c. No. 1 quality, 6/- per bushel; 2/- per peck. No 2 quality, 4/6 per bushel; 1/6 per peck.

COCOA NUT FIBRE, 1/6 per bushel, 4 bushels for 5/-. COCOA NUT FIBRE, finely sifted, 2/6 per bushel, 4 bushels

for 7/6.

GREEN FRESH CARPET MOSS, in 1/-, 1/6 and 2/6 lots.

POTTING SOILS, Suitable Compost, Peat, Leaf-soil, Virgin Loam, and Silver Sand, Price, in London, 3/6 per bushol.

Plant Insect Destroyers.

FOWLER'S INSECTICIDE. In jars at 1/6, 3/-, 5/6, and 10/-.

MEALY BUG DESTROYER, per bottle, 1/-, 2/6, 5/-, and 10/-.

WILKIE'S CONDENSED COMPOSITION, for destroying Mealy Bug, Scale, and Thrip. Iu bottles, 2/ and 3/6.

THE GISHURST COMPOUND, an effectual Insect-killer, boxes, 1/-, 3/-, and 10/6.

SUPERIOR TOBACCO PAPER, 1/6 per lb; SUPERIOR TOMACCO RAO, 1/6 per lb.

TOBACCO POWDER. In canisters, 1/-, 2/6, and 5/- each. Distributors, 2/6, 3/6, and 5/-.

TOBACCO SOAP. In jars, 1/-, 2/6, and 10/-.

TOBACCO JUICE, specially prepared for Horticultural purposes. In bottles, 1/- and 2/6.

BEFILE POISON. In tius and jars, 1/-, 2/6, and 5/-.

ABYSSINIAN MIXTURE. In bottles, 1/6, 3/-, and 4/6.

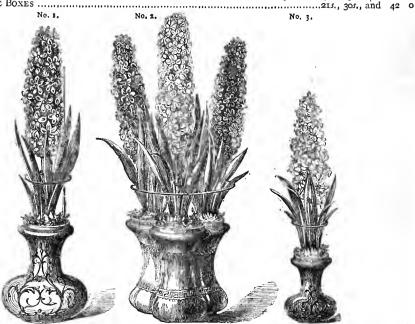
EWING'S MILDEW COMPOSITION. Per bottle, 1/6.

APHIS WASH. In jars, 1/-.

THE FRETTINGHAM COMPOUND. In bottles, 1/-; per half-gal., 3/-; per gal., 5/6; casks of 10 or 12 gals., 4/6 per gal.

Rustic Terra Cotta Jardinets, I	Flower	Pots,	Etc.		acach $a$ .
NE PLUS ULTRA JARDINETS (See Illustration, p. 48). Empty	3s. 6d., 4	s. 6d., 5s.	6d., 10s, 6d	l., and	12 6
Filled with Hyacinths, &c., or ferns and foliage Plants	7s. 6d.,	10s. 6d., 1	2s. 6d., 21	and .	30 O
PRINCE OF WALES TERRACED JARDINETS (See Illustration, p. 4	<ol><li>Empt</li></ol>	y	75. 60	l., and	15 0
Filled with Hyacinths and other Bulbs, or ferns and foliage I	Plants		15	s, and	42 0
HEDGEHOG AND STAND FOR CROCUS, &c. Empty					7 6
Filled with Crocus, &c					12 6
BEE HIVE AND STAND FOR CROCUS. Empty					5 6
Filled with Crocus		<b>.</b>			7 6
BARK PATTERN FLOWER POTS, with Saucers. Empty					12 6
Filled with Bulbs or Plants	••••	125.	6d, 17s. 6d	t, and	21 0
PINE PATTERN FLOWER POTS. Empty					12 6
Filled with Bulbs or Plants	105	0a., 12s.	0a., 17s. 00	i, and	21 0 12 6
STICK PATTERN FLOWER POTS. Empty		75.	64 700 6	and and	2I 0
Filled with Bulbs or Plants OAK LAWN VASE		123.	04, 175, 0	ı., and	21 0
, GARDEN SEAT			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		25 0
,, ,, or Vase					15 0
WALL Pots for Drooping Plants					5 6
Q in.	10 in.	12 in.	14 in.	16 in.	-
FERN PANS, Pine Pattern. Empty 5s. 6d.	6s. 6d.	7s. 6d.	10s. 6d.	125. 6d	•
Filled with assorted Bulbs125, 6d.	155.	213.	305.	425.	
Furnished with Ferns, including Glass Shade15s.	215.	305.	425.	635.	
FERN PANS, Bark Pattern. Empty 4s. 6d.	5s. 6d.	7s. 6d.	10s.6d.		
Filled with assorted Bulbs	145.	215.	301.	•••	
Furnished with Ferns, including Glass Shade155.	215.	30s.	425.	• • • •	
FERN PANS, Vandyked. Empty	7s. 6d.	10s. 6d.		•••	
Filled with assorted Bulbs	16s. 6d.	245.		• • • •	
Furnished with Ferns, including Glass Shade	225.	335.		•	
FERN PANS, Stick Pattern8 in. 4s. 6d	7s. 6d.	9s. 22s. 6d.		•••	
Filled with Bulbs ,, ,, 115,	16s,	223. va.	5.0		
			Barr	and Suga	aen,

		7/
RUSTIC TERRA COTTA—continued.		ch
FERN PAN, Tooth Pattern, on Pedestal. Empty 9 in., 7s. 6d.; 12 in., Filled with Bulbs 155.	10	d.
Filled with Bulbs, 155.	25	0
Fried with Ferns, including Glass Snade	30	0
DULB FAN, Oak Pattern, on Pencsial. Empty	10	6
Filled with Bulbs.  BULB PAN, Oak Pattern, with Centre Piecc, Empty	21	ó
Filled with Bulbs.	12 25	6
VASE STAND	TO	6
DULB FUNTS UN STANDS	7	6
The Ponts without Stands	3	6
The Stands without the Fonts	4	0
The Fonts filled with Bulbs, including Stand ,, 5s. ,, 7s. 6d. ,, ros. 6d. ,,	15	0
WINDOW BOXES	12	6
SUSPENDERS, with Wire Chains	15	0
ROCK, CAVERN, AND STALACTITE URNAMENTS	10	6
RUINS FOR PERN CASES AND ROCKERIES, Moulded	5	6
Hand made	IO	6
Brackers	17	6
Besides the foregoing there are many other designs which may be seen at our Warehouse.		
Sundry Flower-Pots, Jardinets, Brackets, Etc.		
WEDGEWOOD FLOWER POTS (See Illustration in previous Catalogues)75. 6d., 10s. 6d., 12s. 6d., to	42	0
WEDGEWOOD TABLE POTS, to hold a 48 not	10	6
RED ETRUSCAN FLOWER POTS	5	6
GLASS TABLE POTS, for 48 pots.	· 6	б 0
ABLE FOLS, DIACK PROUND WITH HOWERS, TO HOLD A AN DOT	-	6
COLOURED GLASS TABLE POTS, ornamented, to hold a small 48 pot	ıo.	
CHINA TABLE POTS, with floral decorations	21	0
DRAWING-ROOM RUSTIC BRONZE WOOD JARDINETS, with tiles in various designs are and age to	63	
PALISSY VASES	84	
STAG'S HEAD TRIPODS	12	
RUSTIC BRONZE WOOD DRAWING ROOM WALL POCKETS.	15 21	
DATANDING PLUWER-FUT LUVERS		6
BOUQUET PAPERS per dozen, 3s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 5s. 6d., 7s. 6d., oc., 7oc. 6d. and upwards	-	•
WICKER DOUQUET HOLDERS per dozen 60 oc and	12	0
ETRUSCAN TILE BOXES	42	0



Tye's Hyacinth Glasses (Illustration No. 1). These are in Turquoise blue, Isabelle grey, stone, and peach colour. They are beautifully chaste, and are ornamented with gracefully raised floral decorations, each 3s. 6d. Alabaster, plain, each 1s. 6d. Ditto, with gold decoration, each 2s. 6d. Transparent colours: ruby rose, each 1s. 9d.; blue and amber, per doz. 7s. 6d., each 9d.; blue, amber, green, and puce, selected, per doz. 1os. 6d., each 1s. Decorated in many other beautiful designs at prices ranging from 3s. 6d. to 7s. 6d. Triple Hyacinth Glasses (Illustration No. 2), transparent, including support, each 4s. 6d. Miniature Hyacinth Glasses (Illustration No 3), transparent, per doz. 4s. 6d., each 6d. Opaque and Opal, per doz. 10s. 6d. each 1s.

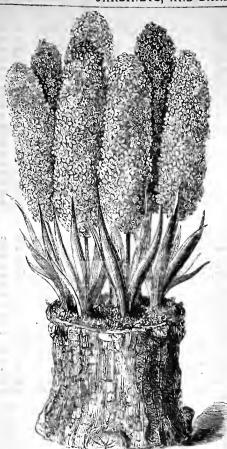
per doz. 10s. 6d., each 1s.

Supports for No. 1 Hyacinth Glasses, per doz. 5s. 6d., each 6d. Ditto, for No. 2, each 8d. Ditto, for

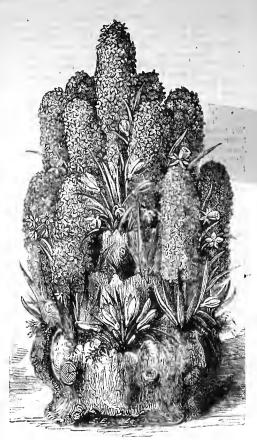
No. 3, per doz. 2s. 6d., each 3d.

No. 6 (for Illustration, see Order Sheet). This is an elegant glass; the colours are black, turquoise, stone, Isabelle grey, etc., and the raised floral decorations are most graceful, 3s. 6d. each.

12, King Street, Covent Garden, 1877.]



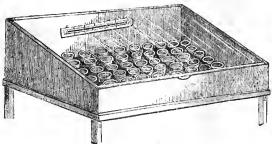
THE NE PLUS ULTRA DRAWING-ROOM JARDINET. Empty 3/6, 4/6, 5/6, 10/6, and 12/6.
If filled with Hyacinths and other bulbs, or Hyacinths alone, 7/6, 10/6, 12/6, 21/, and 30/



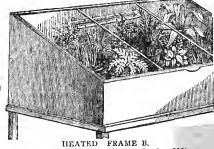
PRINCE OF WALES Circular Terraced DRAWING-ROOM JARDINET. Empty, 7/6 and 15/6; filled with assorted bulbs, 15/ and 42/. The Prince of Wales Jardinets are equally elegant planted with ferns.

## BARR'S NEW HEATED FRAMES

FOR RAISING SEEDS, "STRIKING CUTTINGS, OR PRESERVING DELICATE PLANTS DURING THE WINTER.



HEATED FRAME A. A. For Raising Seeds and Striking Cuttings. No. 1. 23 by 17 in., on Stand, 90/; on Dwarf Ft., 84/.



B. For Preserving Delicate Plants during Winter. No. 1. 23 by 17 in., on Stand, 90/; on Dwarf Ft., 84/.

No. 2. 29 by 20 in., on Stand, 98/; on Dwarf Ft., 92/.

No. 3. 35 by 23 in., on Stand, 105/; on Dwarf Ft., 98/.

No. 6. 35 by 23 in., on Stand, 98/; on Dwarf Ft., 98/.

No. 6. 35 by 23 in., on Stand, 105/; on Dwarf Ft., 98/.

No. 6. 35 by 23 in., on Stand, 105/; on Dwarf Ft., 98/.

Prame A will be found the most suitable for raising seeds and striking cuttings.

Frame B is deeper and on this account better for beging delicate relating winter and the second striking cuttings.

Frame B is deeper and on this account better for keeping delicate plants in winter, and starting into growth Achimenes, Gloxinias, Begonias, Double Tuberoses, and plauts of this description, also for getting Hyacinths and other bulbs into flower early. For forcing Lily of the Valley these frames are exceptionally valuable, as the temperature and moisture for insuring success is easily commanded.

It is impossible to over-estimate the value of these frames; they take the place of a stove or forcing-house, and where one of these is at work a dung frame is unnecessary, as a sufficient supply of seeds may be raised and cuttings struck to furnish a moderate sized garden. The frame has a water chamber and a hot air chamber, with a receptacle for a lamp, and the price includes a Colza oil lamp; but some prefer burning Paraffin as it gives off more heat, is cheaper and gives less trouble than oil. Arrangements are therefore made to accommodate either The Paraffin lamp is 15. 6d. extra, or the two lamps can be sent at an extra cost of 35. 6d. Gas may also be used as the heating medium.